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# Academic Regulations

2019/20

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# Academic Regulations Structure, Purpose and Principles

## Section 1

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# Section 1

## Structure, Purpose and Principles

Originating Department:	Quality Assurance Services
Enquiries to:	<a href="mailto:gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk">gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk</a>
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# Section 1: Structure, Purpose and Principles

## 1.1 Structure of University Academic Regulations

Our University Academic Regulations set out our institutional approach to the setting and maintenance of academic standards and the assurance of the academic quality and continuous and systematic enhancement of our awards and student learning opportunities.

These Academic Regulations apply to all awards and courses of study of the University including undergraduate, postgraduate, professional, short course and continuing professional development provision and research degrees.

Our Academic Regulations reflect national and international higher education expectations and legislation and constitute our policy for quality assurance as required by the European Education Area's Standards and Guidelines.

These regulations and related processes and procedures are reviewed annually and in response to external sector policy or regulatory expectations. Approval of the Academic Regulations is the responsibility of Academic Board (see Section 1.4).

University staff and collaborative partners implement the university's regulations. Students also accept that they are bound by these Academic Regulations when they enrol. The Academic Regulations are made available to students, staff and collaborative partners and it is the responsibility of the Dean of School to put in place arrangements for their development and support.

Exceptionally, variations to our Academic Regulations may need to be approved. The reasons for this may be as a requirement of a professional, statutory or regulatory body, an external awarding body, international and in-country requirements (for example where the delivery is at a location other than Leeds Beckett University campuses), or as a result of the particular type or nature of the provision. All variations to our Academic Regulations are approved by Academic Board or its Committees.

## 1.2 Purpose

The purpose of the University Academic Regulations is to provide:

- a) the framework within which courses of study leading to awards of the University are designed, validated and approved; and

- b) the means through which the academic standards of University awards are assured and the quality of learning, teaching and assessment is enhanced.

### **1.3 Principles**

The principles of the Academic Regulations are:

- a) Primacy of University Academic Regulations

All credit bearing courses and pathways are subject to the University's Academic Regulations which have been approved by Academic Board. The University Academic Regulations take precedence over any other regulations, including those of external or professional bodies, unless variation is specifically permitted and approved.

Exceptionally, Academic Board has the authority to adapt or suspend regulations.

- b) Parity

All awards of the University are subject to the overarching principles of the University outlined in Section 1 of the Academic Regulations.

- c) Consistency, Fairness, Equity and Inclusivity

The University will apply its regulations fairly, equitably, consistently and inclusively to all.

- d) Rigour and Standards

The University will ensure that the academic standards of assessment are rigorous, of comparable standing with the rest of the sector and meet the requirements of the relevant national qualifications framework. Students have the opportunity to achieve standards beyond the threshold level.

- e) Academic Judgements

The academic judgements of examiners cannot, in themselves, be questioned or overturned.

f) Ratification and Recording of Credit

The University will have sound provisions for the ratification and recording of credit (see Section 6 of the Academic Regulations).

g) Feedback

The University will ensure students have the opportunity to receive feedback, timed appropriately, that promotes learning and facilitates improvement. The University will ensure that students will have the opportunity to discuss their academic work with staff.

h) Information to Students

All students will be provided with appropriate information in respect of:

- i) The university requirements for completion of modules, level and award
- ii) Assessment requirements of their modules
- iii) Information about their course of study
- iv) Provisions for submitting extenuating circumstances
- v) Provisions for publication of results
- vi) Provisions for requesting an appeal hearing
- vii) Provisions for making a complaint
- viii) A Course Handbook.

i) Responsibilities of Students

Students are responsible for maintaining awareness of:

- i) The University's General and Academic Regulations
- ii) Information contained in their Course Handbook
- iii) Complying with the assessment requirements of their modules
- iv) Their standing in respect of progression and award
- v) Their standing in respect of reassessment provisions and arrangements.

j) Confidentiality

The University's Academic Regulations will provide for due and appropriate confidentiality.



k) Language

All awards of the University must be studied and assessed in English.

## 1.4 Responsibility of Academic Board

In approving the University Regulations, Academic Board has delegated the responsibility for the detailed operation, monitoring and review of these Regulations to its Committees. Final approval of the University Regulations is the responsibility of Academic Board.

## 1.5 Alignment with Sector Expectations

Our University Regulations and the standards of our awards are informed by and align with national and European higher education expectations including the UK Quality Code (incorporating the Frameworks for Higher Education Qualifications of UK Degree-Awarding Bodies) and the Higher Education Credit Framework for England within that Code, Qualifications Characteristics Statements, the European Credit Transfer System and the European Higher Education Area Standards and Guidelines.

These external higher education expectations are supplemented by internal University requirements and reference documents, relevant sector benchmarks, professional and statutory body requirements and are informed by sector benchmarking and externality.

The UK Quality Code articulates principles that should apply to higher education across the UK including the role providers play in assuring the quality of the student experience offered, supporting student engagement and referencing externality in assuring the integrity of awards and the quality of provision. Our Regulations and approach align with the UK Quality Code for Higher Education and encompass the following characteristics:

- a) Every student is treated fairly and with dignity, courtesy and respect.
- b) Every student has the opportunity to contribute to the shaping of their learning experience.
- c) Every student is properly and actively informed at appropriate times of matters relevant to their course of study.
- d) All policies and processes relating to study and courses are clear and transparent.
- e) Strategic oversight of academic standards and academic quality is at the highest level of academic governance of the provider.
- f) All policies and processes are regularly and effectively monitored, reviewed and improved.
- g) Sufficient and appropriate external involvement exists for the maintenance of academic standards and the quality of learning opportunities.

- h) All staff are supported, enabling them in turn to support students' learning experiences.
- i) Information we produce about the learning opportunities we offer is fit for purpose, accessible and trustworthy.

## 1.6 General Educational Aims of the University

The aims for our courses will align with the University's distinctive general educational aims and our University's Education Strategy which supports the development of graduates who are critical thinkers and independent learners, and who have been given an opportunity to demonstrate a practical application of knowledge that will give them a head start in the world of work. This reflects the concept of capability by developing students':

- a) intellectual and imaginative powers
- b) confidence and ability to take effective and appropriate action
- c) problem solving and decision-making skills
- d) ability to communicate and explain their actions
- e) ability to work with others and to continue to learn from their experience
- f) ability to see relationships within what they have learned
- g) ability to relate their studies to a wider context.

In support of the University's general educational aims, approved frameworks, courses or pathways of study will stimulate an enquiring, analytical and creative approach, encouraging independent judgement and critical self-awareness. (See Section 3 of the Academic Regulations)

## 1.7 Aims and Objectives of Courses

Courses validated by the University shall have aims, objectives and learning outcomes which the curriculum, teaching/ learning methods and forms of assessment are designed to fulfil.

## 1.8 Student Charter

Leeds Beckett University and the Students' Union are committed to working in partnership with our students to ensure that our University is an inclusive, safe and engaging learning environment which is conducive to study for its students and work life for its staff.

Our Student Charter, alongside the University's Academic Regulations for Engagement and Partnership with Students, Section 12, sets out how we aim to achieve this by working together to understand and fulfil our commitments to one another. Our Student Charter has been produced jointly with the Students' Union and is reviewed regularly.

## 1.9 Powers of Academic Board – Academic Standards and Quality

The University has a Board of Governors and an Academic Board. Academic Board has responsibilities defined in the University's Articles of Association. Academic Board (and its committees) is responsible for overseeing academic matters relating to research, scholarship, teaching and courses. It advises the Vice Chancellor in the related activities and resources required to support and enhance the quality of educational provision. The University committee structure is provided in Section 21 of the Academic Regulations.

These committees provide institutional oversight of academic standards and quality, contribute to the formulation, review and enhancement of policy and practice, and provide a forum for broader consultation involving staff and student representatives.

The primary responsibility for academic quality and standards rests with the Vice Chancellor, with primary responsibility for institutional oversight via Academic Board with the Vice Chancellor as Chair of this Board and of our University Executive Team.

Academic Board will take any reasonable action it considers necessary to protect the quality of courses of study and the academic standard of the University's awards.

### 1.10 Roles and Responsibilities

The responsibility for adherence to our Regulations rests with all staff, students and collaborative partners in accordance with the specific regulations, roles and responsibilities defined in our Regulations and supplemented by our University's associated policies and procedures.

Subject to 1.9 above, the Dean of School retains formal management responsibility for the operational standards, quality and delivery of all a School's courses (including collaborative provision) and the execution of all matters contained within the University's Regulations. Where appropriate the enactment of day-to-day activity may be delegated to a nominee.

The Dean of School is supported in this role by academic staff who have responsibility for a defined area of academic provision and staff teams.

The Dean of School is responsible for the effective operation and oversight of quality processes and School deliberative and executive governance structures.

The responsibilities of Heads of Subject and Course Directors are agreed by our University. Heads of Subject and Course Directors provide academic leadership and oversee the course organisation, management and delivery and arrangements for the education and assessment

of students. They are responsible with the wider course team for the overall academic standards and quality of the provision and its monitoring, annual review and systematic enhancement.

Roles in relation to collaborative provision partners (i.e. those organisations which contribute to the teaching, assessment or support of students studying on courses which lead to Leeds Beckett University awards) are in Section 15 of the Academic Regulations.

## 1.11 Regulatory Sections

Our University's Academic Regulations will be delivered in line with our purpose and principles and will be reviewed and enhanced in accordance with the individual sections. These include:

### Section 2. Admissions

The Admissions section sets the standard and framework by which decisions will be taken on applications for all taught courses or pathways.

### Section 3. Education and Assessment

This section sets the University's framework and structure for taught courses, learning outcomes and the manner in which these will be assessed and credit achieved.

### Section 4. Progression and Award

This section defines the regulations for the progression of students from one level of a course to the next and for students' award eligibility and achievement. Additionally, it covers reassessment and repeat study for those students who fail to meet the criteria for progression or award at their first attempt.

### Section 5. Examinations

This section details the regulations governing examinations, including the drafting and approval of papers, timetabling, invigilation, security and confidentiality and the conduct and responsibility of students (*referred to as 'candidates' for the purposes of this section*) undertaking the examination.

## Section 6. Progression and Award Boards and Module Boards

This section defines the purpose and operation of Progression and Award Boards and Module Boards for taught courses and pathways leading to an award of the University that will reach decisions on students' suitability for progression or award.

## Section 7. Disabled Students

The purpose of this section is to outline our duty under the Equality Act (2010) to anticipate the needs of disabled students and the way in which our university manages and implements individual reasonable adjustments.

## Section 8. Extenuating Circumstances and Mitigation

This section defines the regulations for the application of extenuating circumstances and mitigation.

## Section 9. Academic Appeals

To provide the requirements for students who have valid grounds to appeal against the decision of Progression and Award Boards, Module Boards, Research Degrees Sub-Committee or an Academic Misconduct Board and to set out students' rights and responsibilities in the appeal process, how the University will deal with student requests for an appeal hearing, and possible outcomes of the process.

## Section 10. Academic Integrity

This section defines the University's approach to maintaining the academic integrity of students' work and safeguarding against breaches of academic integrity.

## Section 11. Research Awards

To set the framework of regulatory requirements for all research awards of the University.

## Section 12. Engagement and Partnership with Students

This section defines how the University provides a framework within which student consultation and partnership working contributes to the provision of an excellent education for all our students.

The university actively engages students, individually and collectively in the development, quality assurance and enhancement of their education and experience.

## Section 13. Approval, Validation, Monitoring and Review

This section defines the regulations for the validation of courses and subsequent monitoring, annual and cyclical review activities which ensure appropriate academic standards are set and maintained and which make available learning opportunities enabling the intended learning outcomes to be achieved.

## Section 14. External Examiners and Advisors

This section sets out the University's requirements for external examining of all validated courses leading to an award, to provide assurance that the academic threshold standards of our taught awards are appropriate in light of UK reference points, that the achievement of our students is comparable to that on similar courses elsewhere, and that students are treated equitably in assessment. It sets out the University's processes for appointing external examiners and advisors, the duties expected of them and their annual reporting obligation to us.

## Section 15. Collaborations and Partnerships

This section sets out the University's general provisions on the approval, monitoring and review of Collaborations and Partnerships and the duties, roles and responsibilities of the University and Collaborations and Partnerships.

## Section 16. Academic Audit

This section provides details of the University's approach to Academic Audit for the assurance of academic standards and quality.

## **1.12 Review of our University's Academic Regulations**

University Academic Regulations are reviewed on an annual basis and in response to external sector policy or regulatory expectations in accordance with our Academic Regulations review process. The review schedule is updated annually to take account of changing external developments and reference points. Approval of the Academic Regulations and the period for their review cycle is the responsibility of Academic Board.



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# Academic Regulations Admissions

## Section 2

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## Section 2

### Admissions

Originating Department:	Quality Assurance Services
Enquiries to:	<a href="mailto:gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk">gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk</a>
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## Section 2: Admissions

### 2.1 Purpose

This section of the Academic Regulations provides a framework for decisions taken on applications to all taught courses. This includes decisions relating to the recognition of equivalent prior learning against course entry requirements or elements of the course itself.

### 2.2 General Principles of Admissions

All applications for admission to the University will be treated with equity, fairness and consistency and processed by trained and experienced staff in accordance with relevant University procedures.

Prospective applicants for admission to the University will be provided with current, sufficient, relevant and accurate information to enable them to make an informed decision in respect of application to courses of study offered by the University. This will include information about minimum course entry requirements and the mechanisms by which entry will be assessed.

The admission of any student to a course of study is based on an academic judgement that the applicant has satisfied the entry requirements and may, therefore, reasonably be expected to meet the learning outcomes of the course and to achieve the standard of the award.

The University may specify entry routes based on Recognised Prior Learning (RPL) as being equivalent to standard entry criteria and consider these through normal admissions processes. The University may also specify RPL routes to facilitate direct entry part way through a course, and consider these alongside entry criteria equivalence through normal admissions processes.

An applicant may be granted RPL if the University is satisfied that s/he has fulfilled some of the assessment and progression requirements of the course of study by means other than attendance and, by completing the remaining requirements, will be able to meet the learning outcomes of the course of study and attain the standard required for the award.

Admission policies and procedures will be regularly monitored and reviewed to ensure their currency, relevance and appropriateness.

The University will operate formal complaint and appeal procedures which aim to deal with identified concerns in a fair and timely manner, through relevant University procedures.

## 2.3 Standard Minimum Entry Requirements

Standard minimum course entry requirements:

### Entry to Level 4

A pass in two subjects equivalent to Qualifications and Credit Framework (QCF) level 3 and in addition English and Mathematics at GCSE grade C or above or QCF level 2 equivalents

### Entry to Level 5

A pass in a relevant subject equivalent to QCF/ Framework for Higher Education Qualifications (FHEQ) level 4. This is equivalent to 120 credit qualifications such as a Higher National Certificate (HNC); or Certificate of Higher Education (CertHE)

### Entry to Level 6

Pass in a relevant subject equivalent to QCF/ FHEQ level 5. This is equivalent to 240 credit qualifications such as a Higher National Diploma (HND) or Foundation Degree.

### Entry to Level 7

One of the following:

- an honours degree at 2:2 classification or above
- a postgraduate diploma
- a professional qualification recognised as being appropriate for entry at graduate level.

Other qualifications, including international and professional, which demonstrate that an applicant possesses appropriate knowledge and skills, may be acceptable. Some courses may specify additional entry requirements.

### English Language Requirement

Normally, English Language, GCSE grade C or above, or an equivalent QCF level 2 qualification is required for entry to all course. For those whose first language is not English, IELTS with a score of 6.0 (with no skill below 5.5) will be accepted as an equivalent qualification. Where this level of English Language differs, either higher or lower, this will be stated in the entry requirements criteria.

The University requires evidence of personal, professional and educational experience which provides an indication of the ability of the student to meet the entry requirements for the course of study.

## 2.4 Recognition of Prior Learning

Applicants may request exemption from modules or levels of a course, based on their previous qualifications and/or experience. Where this applies the University's Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL) process will be followed.

## 2.5 Types of Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL)

RPL is the overarching term for the process of assessing, recognising and/ or awarding credit for prior certificated and experiential learning. University RPL arrangements relate to applications from individual applicants.

There are three types of RPL: Recognition of Prior Certificated Learning (RPCL), Recognition of Prior Experiential Learning (RPEL) and Credit Transfer.

RPL may be considered against undergraduate and taught postgraduate awards.

Applicants may claim RPL against up to two thirds of the total credit value of the university target award. However, in all cases a minimum of one third of the total credit of the target award, or 60 credits - whichever is the higher - must be studied at the University. No university award may be made solely on the basis of RPL.

RPL may not be awarded against L6 credit of an Honours or Ordinary Degree.

## 2.6 Assessment of RPL

All applications for RPL will be assessed against specific module or level learning outcomes and criteria specified in the RPL procedure by a suitably qualified member of academic staff.

The credit awarded as part of the RPL process will not include marks, will count as credit only and will, therefore, not count towards any progression, award or honours degree classification calculation.

Credit from an achieved qualification at a specific undergraduate level or postgraduate stage, awarded by Leeds Beckett or another educational institution, cannot normally be used against another award at the same level/ stage, for example a DipHE against a DipHE, **in the same cognate area**. This is known as "double counting".

Course documentation must be explicit in stating where there are Professional, Statutory or Regulatory Body (PSRB) requirements that might affect an applicant's or student's ability to make an RPL claim for specific credit against certain modules.

## *Section 2: Admissions*

The University may enter into an articulation agreement with another institution whereby a course of study at that institution is recognised as meeting the requirements for admission, or direct entry, for defined provision of the University. Articulation agreements must be approved in accordance with university guidance. Applicants admitted through articulation agreements are not required to submit individual requests for RPL.



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# Academic Regulations Education and Assessment

## Section 3

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## Section 3

### Education and Assessment

Originating Department:	Quality Assurance Services
Enquiries to:	<a href="mailto:gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk">gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk</a>
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## Section 3: Education and Assessment

### 3.1 Purpose

Leeds Beckett University aims to be an excellent, accessible, globally engaged university contributing positively to a thriving Northern economy. The core objective of our Education Strategy is to provide an Excellent Education and Experience for all our students.

Courses leading to awards of the University operate within a modular framework. Modules are located at each level of a specific course and may be core to that course, or optional (providing an opportunity for specialisation, for example). Courses are examined, through the process of validation, to ensure that they present a coherent structure wherein the achievement of specific learning outcomes at module level contributes to the achievement of the learning outcomes at a specific level, and for the overall award.

Achievement of these learning outcomes is measured through assessment (which may relate to a part of a module, an individual module, or a number of modules within a specific level). Assessment may contribute, directly or indirectly, to the final level of achievement for the overall award. The level of achievement within specified modules will lead, where appropriate, to the classification of an award overall.

#### General Purposes of Assessment

- a) Assessment allows students to demonstrate the extent to which they have met the intended, specified learning outcomes
- b) Assessment promotes and supports students' learning and academic development
- c) Assessment is reliable, consistent, fair and valid
- d) Assessment is inclusive and equitable
- e) Assessment is explicit and transparent
- f) Assessment encourages academic integrity

### 3.2 General Principles of Assessment

- a) Assessment of a student's work is a matter of academic judgment, not simply of computation.
- b) Academic judgments of examiners cannot, in themselves, be questioned or overturned.
- c) All modules will be assessed.
- d) All learning outcomes of each module must be assessed.
- e) Courses will operate a sufficiently varied diet of assessment to demonstrate students' skills development.

- f) All assessments will operate within a schedule which is made clear to students at the beginning of the module.
- g) Submission of an assessment indicates that the student considers themselves fit to undertake that assessment.
- h) Students who have declared a disability may have alternative assessment arrangements provided to them.
- i) Exceptionally, where approved by the Dean and relevant External Examiners, an alternative assessment arrangement may be provided (e.g. circumstances relating to study abroad, transitional arrangements or exceptional circumstances) and will be reported to the Examination Board.
- j) All assessments will carry a penalty for late submission, unless there is an agreed extension of a deadline in advance of submission.
- k) All assessments must be submitted with due attention to issues of academic integrity and good academic practice.
- l) All assessments will be returned with feedback within an agreed period of time.
- m) Assessments will be subject to internal scrutiny, approval, and moderation, and where appropriate made available to external examiners.
- n) Assessment practices will be valid, reliable, fair and transparent.
- o) Assessment practices will be fair and consistent, within, and across, courses.
- p) The language of assessment for all modules and awards of the University is English.
- q) Students will be provided with information and resources on the nature of unfair practice. They will be informed of the consequences of breaching the regulations in respect of academic integrity.
- r) Where courses lead to an award at levels 4-8 of the *Frameworks for Higher Education Qualifications* they will be prone to external examination.

### 3.3 Types of Assessment

Assessment falls into two types.

#### 1. Coursework. Examples of coursework include but are not limited to:

- a) Essay, report or other written assignment.
- b) Dissertation or project.
- c) Practical skills assessment.
- d) Portfolio.

#### 2. Examination. Examples of examinations include but are not limited to:

- a) Timed examination.
- b) Take-away paper.
- c) Formal presentation or *viva-voce* examination.
- d) Set exercise, quiz or multiple-choice test.

- e) Practical assessment (where invigilated).

### 3.4 Module Assessment

- a) The overall pass mark for a module is 40%, unless a higher mark is required by a Professional, Statutory, or Regulatory Body.
- b) The assessment diet will relate to the learning outcomes of the module, the level at which it is assessed and to the volume of credit being assessed.
- c) Modules may be assessed on the basis of overall aggregate pass-mark, weighted differentiation between assessments or may focus on one (or more) units of assessment.
- d) All module assessment will be capable of differentiating the achievement of individual students.

### 3.5 Course Assessment

- a) All courses will have a modular structure which defines those elements which are compulsory and must be passed in order to achieve the final award.
- b) All courses will identify those modules that will be assessed, including any assessed work experience or placement activity.
- c) Progression at each level of a multi-level award will be dependent on successful completion at that level.
- d) All courses will follow a common model of classification (whether for honours for Bachelors awards, or for the award of Merit or Distinction, in other relevant awards).
- e) Module Boards and Progression and Award Boards will make decisions on module marks, progression, reassessment and classification and conferment of awards.

### 3.6 Marking Conventions

The University adopts the following conventions for: the marking of assessed work for an award of the University and to assist Progression and Award Boards in determining honours degree classification.

A	70%+	First Class
B	60-69%	Upper Second Class
C	50-59%	Lower Second Class
D	40-49%	Third Class
F1	30-39%	Fail
F2	15-29%	Fail
F3	below 15%	Fail

Marking conventions will be supported by guidance issued by Quality Assurance Services.

### 3.7 Classification

#### **Honours Degree Classification**

In determining the class of Bachelor Degree with Honours to be recommended, a Progression and Award Board should take account of the weighted average of the best 100 credits at levels 5 (25%) and 6 (75%) in relation to the marking conventions above.

#### **Upgrade of Borderline Performance**

If the final weighted average for an award is within 2% of the boundary for classification (#8/#9) then a class of award will be upgraded provided that 50% or more of the credit achieved at level 6 is in the higher classification (unless this is prohibited by the regulations of a Professional, Statutory or Regulatory Body).

#### **Distinction and Merit**

Awards of Distinction and Merit may be made in respect of all awards except an honours degree (see Progression and Award regulations).

### 3.8 Awards Accredited by Professional, Statutory or Regulatory Bodies

For awards accredited by professional, statutory or regulatory bodies, students must:

- a) fulfil the requirements of an award of the University;
- b) fulfil any further requirements for accreditation specified by the professional, statutory or regulatory body. Both staff and students must be made aware of the specific requirements to be fulfilled in order to obtain the accredited award.

Students failing to achieve the specific assessment requirements for awards accredited by professional, statutory or regulatory bodies will be advised of alternative courses of study available within the University.

### 3.9 Feedback on Assessed Coursework

Students will be informed of:

- a) the feedback they can expect;
- b) the date by which this will be provided;
- c) the format in which the feedback will be communicated.

Feedback will vary with the assessment task in question. Forms of feedback on assessed work may include the following:

- a) oral feedback.
- b) written comment.
- c) provisional marks indicated on scripts/submission.
- d) the final ratified mark.

### 3.10 Retention of Assessment Records

#### Period of Retention

A sample of major coursework assessment will be retained until one academic year after the student or students have finished their course in the University.

#### Samples Retained

Normally this will be two samples from each of the classification divisions and two samples of failures. A photographic record of artefacts may be kept where appropriate.

#### Secure Storage

Arrangements for the secure storage of these samples must be in accordance with the University document retention policy.

### 3.11 Submission of Assessment

The arrangements for the submission of assessed work will be clearly notified to students. Arrangements may vary across the University. The University requirement is that they should be secure and prevent, in so far as possible, a student being able to claim that a piece of work was handed in without such a claim being verifiable.

### 3.12 Penalties for Late Submission

The penalties for late submission of assessed coursework will be clearly notified to students. Students are expected to submit work on time, but where a student has failed to submit assessment(s) by the prescribed date without good cause they will be penalised as given below. *Any work not submitted within these limits may not normally be submitted at that opportunity.*

“Days” include weekdays and include vacations, but exclude weekends, bank holidays and other days when the University or designated collaborative institution is closed.

### Full-time Students

1 day late: 5 marks will be deducted from the mark achieved by the student.

2 to 9 days late: a further 5 marks will be deducted from the mark achieved by the student for every day on which the work remains unsubmitted.

(Should these penalties bring the final mark below 40%, then the work will normally be capped at 40%.)

10 days late: a mark of zero will normally be recorded.

### Part-time Students

1 to 2 days late: 5 marks will be deducted from the mark achieved by the student.

3 to 10 days late: a further 5 marks will be deducted from the mark achieved by the student for each *two* days on which the work remains unsubmitted (i.e. 5 marks for days 3-4; 5-6; 7-8; 9-10).

(Should these penalties bring the final mark below 40%, then the work will normally be capped at 40%.)

11 days late: a mark of zero will normally be recorded.

Cases of persistent late submission will be brought to the attention of the Progression and Award Board or Module Board by the Module Leader.

Where work for reassessment is submitted late, the work will be marked, a late penalty applied in accordance with the conventions above and then the work will be capped for reassessment.

## **3.13 Extenuating Circumstances**

Students will be clearly advised that it is their responsibility alone to draw to the attention of the Progression and Award Board any extenuating circumstances which they think may have affected their performance and to adhere to the procedures for doing this.

## **3.14 Request for an Appeal Hearing**

Information about how and when to submit a request for an appeal may be found on the Academic Regulations website.

## **3.15 Responsibilities of Students**

It is the responsibility of students to comply with the University's regulations. In relation to assessment, students should note these responsibilities in particular:

- a) to ensure that they are aware of examination dates and coursework submission dates.
- b) to attend examinations and submit work for assessments as required.

- c) to request an extension to an assessment submission deadline if necessary.
- d) to provide to examiners in advance of their meetings any relevant information on personal circumstances which may have affected their performance and which they wish to be taken into account.
- e) to request an appeal hearing if necessary.
- f) to avoid plagiarism and other forms of academic misconduct.

Students should be aware of the following potential consequences of failure to meet their responsibilities in assessment:

- a) in the event of failure to attend examinations or submit work for assessment without good cause, examiners have the authority to deem the student to have failed the assessment(s) concerned.
- b) in the event of failure to provide information in advance on extenuating circumstances that they wish examiners to take into account, where there is no valid reason for this not being provided, any request for an appeal hearing on the grounds of these circumstances will normally be rejected.

#### **Definition of a Non-Compliant Assessment Submission**

Non-compliant submissions of either coursework or examination scripts are submissions of materials consisting only of information that identifies the student. In the event of non-compliant submission, the student will receive a non-submission outcome for the assessment (NS).

### **3.16 Disabled Students: Alternative Assessment Arrangements**

Disabled students may be assessed under alternative assessment arrangements. These will be provided only where the alternative arrangements have been agreed under the provisions of the Code of Practice: Disabled Students. The University provides guidance on inclusive assessment.

### **3.17 Leeds Beckett University Students Studying in Other Institutions**

Leeds Beckett University students may study in other institutions, including institutions in other countries, either as a requirement of their course or as an optional module or component of their course.

In such cases the assessment will be specified in the course documentation. Where the assessment relates to the University's 'Study Abroad' programme, the assessment will be defined in the host institution's course documentation. The assessment will be conducted



either according to the co-operation agreement between the universities or according to the regulations and procedures of the host institution.

If assessment or reassessment opportunities required by Leeds Beckett University regulations cannot be delivered by the host institution, (for example, where it is impractical to travel overseas for a scheduled reassessment attempt or where no reassessment is offered), an alternate assessment task that supports the learning outcomes of the module or component concerned may be agreed by Leeds Beckett University and offered to the student.

Students of the University will normally only be awarded appropriate credit for study undertaken in other institutions. In such cases their final award classifications will be based solely on the marks/ grades earned for study at Leeds Beckett University itself. By exception only, marks/ grades achieved for specific study in other institutions may contribute to the classification of University awards.

Information about any such arrangement will be detailed in the relevant course document, specified at validation for assessment and communicated to students before they commence any study in another institution.



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# Academic Regulations Progression and Award

## Section 4

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## Section 4

### Progression and Award

Originating Department:	Quality Assurance Services
Enquiries to:	<a href="mailto:gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk">gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk</a>
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Target Audience:	Relevant for all University staff and students and of particular relevance to:  Deans of School, Heads of Subject, external examiners and academic and professional support staff involved in Progression and Award Boards or Module Board activities.

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## Section 4: Progression and Award

### 4.1 Purpose

This section of the Academic Regulations defines how students progress from one level of a course to the next and how students' become eligible for, and achieve, awards of the University. Additionally, it covers reassessment and repeat study for those students who fail to meet the criteria for progression or award at their first attempt.

To assure academic standards are maintained, and in the interests of student equity and fairness, this section applies to all the University's credit bearing taught courses unless variation is formally approved through the appropriate University process and clearly publicised for applicants and students in the Course Specification and Course Handbook.

The processes through which progression and award decisions are taken are covered in **Section 6 Progression and Award Boards and Module Boards**.

Module Boards confirm student module marks. Progression and Award Boards consider the module marks students achieve across the whole level and make decisions on progression to the next level of the course or achievement of University awards at the final level of the course.

### 4.2 General Principles of Student Progression and Award

Each level of a course is comprised of modules of study. Levels may be made up of core modules, which students are required to study, and elective modules, where there is an element of student choice in module selection.

Student learning is assessed at modular level and each module may have a number of components (separate pieces of assessment) which, when combined, form the overall module mark a student can achieve.

Modules have learning outcomes (statements of what students will have learned upon successful completion) which when brought together, demonstrate the achievement of level learning outcomes and ultimately, course learning outcomes.

Decisions regarding progression, award eligibility and award outcome are made with due regard for:

- a) the achievement of level and course learning outcomes;

- b) the requirements for progression from one level to the next, as defined later in this section;
- c) a profile of achievement for each award, as defined later in this section.

Where students have met or exceeded a defined profile of achievement, and by doing so demonstrated achievement of the level learning outcomes, they will have met the standard required to progress to the next academic level. See 4.3.3 and 4.3.5 below for defined profiles of achievement in respect of progression.

Where students have met or exceeded a defined profile of achievement, and by doing so demonstrated achievement of the course learning outcomes, they will have met the standard required for award eligibility. See 4.3.3 and 4.3.5 below for defined profiles of achievement in respect of individual qualification aims.

Students who have not met the defined profiles of achievement for progression or award eligibility at the first attempt are eligible for reassessment. Students are offered reassessment opportunities once only in those modules with an overall mark of less than 40%.

Students must submit for reassessment in modules with an overall mark of less than 30%.

Reassessment is undertaken at component level so any module component marks of 40% or more will not be subject to reassessment.

All reassessed work is capped at 40%.

Following reassessment, students who do not meet the requirements for level progression or award will be eligible for one or more of the following outcomes:

- a) Contained Award: a lower award is made based on the student's profile of achievement
- b) Failed/ Complete: failed modules are repeated
- c) Failed/ Repeat: the whole level is repeated
- d) Failed/ Withdraw: the student is not allowed to continue on the course

These decisions are a matter for the Progression and Award Board. Students' overall academic performance and/ or engagement with the course will inform the decision making process of the Board.

A Board may decide that a student's performance merits an opportunity to repeat modules. A decision of Failed/ Complete means that students retain the marks of passed modules. A decision of Failed/ Repeat means that no marks are retained.

Students at the final level of their course are not eligible for Failed/ repeat decisions and may complete failed modules once only.

Repeat module marks are not capped and students will be required to attend the university and pay tuition fees for repeat study.

Students completing or repeating a level may, subject to the agreement of the Course Director, (or nominee) choose to take different elective modules from those electives previously taken to demonstrate the achievement of level learning outcomes.

Students undertaking sandwich placements are required to perform satisfactorily and complete the prescribed work experience before progressing to the next level of study. Students who have not completed the prescribed work experience satisfactorily may repeat it (where provisions for this can be made) or transfer to a non-sandwich mode of study.

Students who fail to achieve the profile of achievement for their target award shall be recommended for the conferment of a contained award for which they have achieved the specified requirements.

Students may be entitled to one of the following contained awards:

- a) Certificate of Higher Education at level 4
- b) Diploma of Higher Education at level 5
- c) Bachelor Degree at level 6
- d) Postgraduate Certificate or Postgraduate Diploma at level 7

The profiles of achievement for these awards are defined in 4.3.3 and 4.3.5, below.

## **4.3 Student Progression and Award**

### **4.3.1 Requirements for Student Progression**

Where a Level 4 or Level 5 student has met or exceeded the following profile, and by doing so demonstrated achievement of the level learning outcomes, they will have achieved the standard required to progress to the next academic level:

- studied 120 credit points on an approved path of study at the level concerned (including any Recognition of Prior Learning);
- submitted in all specified components (pieces) of assessment;

- achieved an average of 40% or more in modules equivalent to 100 credit points at the level concerned;
- achieved an average of 30% or more in each module studied;
- achieved an overall average of 40% or more across all modules studied at this level.

Courses may exceptionally establish stages within academic levels of courses. These stages constitute groups of modules upon completion of which, student progress is considered and both reassessment and subsequently repeat opportunities may be offered.

In-level stages are normally proposed and confirmed through the course validation process. Stages are proposed with due regard for curriculum coherence, student workload, the availability of tutorial support and other support arrangements.

### 4.3.2 Requirements for Award Eligibility

In addition to satisfying the submission and attainment requirements for each module of study, students are required to achieve defined profiles of achievement in respect of University awards.

Non-honours degree students who have demonstrated excellent performance will be awarded a distinction or merit where they have attained a defined profile of achievement confirmed through the course validation process or, where there is no defined profile, have attained a specific average mark in assessments contributing to the final award as follows:

- 60% or more for a merit
- 70% or more for a distinction.

In addition, an award of the University will only be conferred when the following conditions are satisfied:

#### **Registration, Fees and Financial Liabilities**

The candidate is a registered student with the University at the time of their assessment for an award, and payment of all the appropriate tuition fees has been made.

#### **Completion of Programme of Study**

The candidate has completed a programme of study approved by the University leading to the award being recommended.



### **Recommendation for an Award**

The award has been recommended by a Progression and Award Board, convened, constituted and acting under the regulations approved by the Academic Board of the University; or a duly established Appeal Panel of the University.

### **4.3.3 Undergraduate Profiles of Achievement**

#### **a) Certificate**

The Certificate is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 60 credit points at Level 4. The University awards these credit points where a student has:

- pursued a course of study of 60 credit points at Level 4 or above;
- submitted in all specified components of assessment;
- achieved the overall learning outcomes for the award;
- achieved an average of 40% or more in modules equivalent to 40 credit points at Level 4 or above;
- achieved an average of 30% or more in each module studied.

#### **b) Certificate of Higher Education**

The Certificate of Higher Education is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 120 credit points at Level 4. The University awards these credit points where a student has:

- pursued a course of study of 120 credit points at Level 4 or above (including any recognition of prior learning);
- submitted in all specified components of assessment;
- achieved the overall learning outcomes for the award;
- achieved an average of 40% or more in modules equivalent to 100 credit points at Level 4 or above
- achieved an average of 30% or more in each module studied;
- achieved an overall average of 40% or more across all modules studied.

#### **c) Diploma**

The Diploma is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 120 credit points at Level 4 and 60 credit points at Level 5 or above. The University awards these credit points where a student has:

- achieved the requirements for progression from Level 4 to Level 5 or has been admitted directly to Level 5;
- pursued a course of study of 60 credit points at Level 5 or above;
- submitted in all specified components of assessment;
- achieved the overall learning outcomes for the award;
- achieved an average of 40% or more in modules equivalent to 40 credit points at Level 5 or above;
- achieved an average of 30% or more in each module studied.

**d) Diploma of Higher Education**

The Diploma of Higher Education is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 120 credit points at Level 4 and 120 credit points at Level 5. The University awards these credit points where a student has:

- achieved the requirements for level progression from Level 4 to Level 5, or has been admitted directly to Level 5;
- pursued a course of study of 120 credit points at Level 5 or above (including any recognition of prior learning);;
- submitted in all specified components of assessment;
- achieved the overall learning outcomes for the award;
- achieved an average of 40% or more in modules equivalent to 100 credit points at Level 5 or above;
- achieved an average of 30% or more in each module studied;
- achieved an overall average of 40% or more across all modules studied at this level.

**e) Foundation Degree**

The Foundation Degree is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 120 credit points at Level 4 and 120 credit points at Level 5. The University awards these credit points where a student has:

- achieved the requirements for level progression from Level 4 to Level 5, or has been admitted directly to Level 5;
- pursued a course of study of 120 credit points at Level 5 or above (including any recognition of prior learning);
- submitted in all specified components of assessment;
- achieved the overall learning outcomes for the award;
- achieved an average of 40% or more in modules equivalent to 100 credit points at Level 5 or above;

- achieved an average of 30% or more in each module studied;
- achieved an overall average of 40% or more across all modules studied at this level.

**f) Bachelor Degree**

The Bachelor Degree is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 120 credit points at Level 4, 120 credit points at Level 5 and 60 credit points at Level 6. The University awards these credit points where a student has:

- achieved the requirements for level progression from Level 4 to Level 5, and from Level 5 to Level 6, or has been admitted directly beyond Level 4;
- pursued a course of study of 60 credit points at Level 6 or above;
- submitted in all specified components of assessment;
- achieved the overall learning outcomes for the award;
- achieved an average of 40% or more in modules equivalent to 40 credit points at Level 6 or above;
- achieved an average of 30% or more in each module studied.

**g) Bachelor Degree with Honours**

The Bachelor Degree with Honours is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 120 credit points at Level 4, 120 credit points at Level 5, and 120 credit points at Level 6. The University awards these credit points where a student has:

- achieved the requirements for level progression from Level 4 to Level 5, and from Level 5 to Level 6, or has been admitted directly to Level 6;
- pursued a course of study of 120 credit points at Level 6 or above (including any recognition of prior learning);
- submitted in all specified components of assessment;
- achieved the overall learning outcomes for the award;
- achieved an average of 40% or more in modules equivalent to 100 credit points at Level 6 or above;
- achieved an average of 30% or more in each module studied;
- achieved an overall average of 40% or more across all modules studied at this level.

#### **4.3.4 Bachelor Degree with Honours: Determination of Classification**

a) Bachelor Degrees with Honours are available with the following classifications:

- First Class: overall outcome of 70%+

- Upper Second Class: overall outcome of 60% to 69%
  - Lower Second Class: overall outcome of 50% to 59%
  - Third Class: overall outcome of 40% to 49%
- b) In determining the class of Bachelor Degree with Honours to be recommended, a Progression and Award Board will consider performance at both Level 5 and Level 6.
- c) The following formula will be used:

**The best 100 credits of Level 5 work at 25% weighting added to the best 100 credits of Level 6 work at 75% weighting.**

- d) If the final weighted average for an award is within 2% of the next classification boundary then the award will be upgraded to that classification, provided that 50% or more of the credit achieved at level 6 is in the higher classification band.
- e) Only modules studied within the University, or within the terms of an agreed University arrangement or collaboration, can be considered when establishing the classification of an honours degree.
- f) Work undertaken on the placement year for a sandwich degree cannot be considered when establishing a degree classification unless it is validated as a credit bearing module or modular component at Level 5 or Level 6.

#### 4.3.5 Postgraduate Profiles of Achievement

##### a) Postgraduate Certificate

The Postgraduate Certificate is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 60 credit points at Level 7. The University awards these credit points where a student has:

- pursued a course of study of 60 credit points at Level 7 or above;
- submitted in all specified components of assessment;
- achieved the overall learning outcomes for the award;
- achieved an average of 40% or more in modules equivalent to 60 credit points at Level 7 or above;
- achieved an overall average of 40% or more across all modules studied at this level.

**b) Postgraduate Diploma**

The Postgraduate Diploma is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 120 credit points at Level 7. The University awards these credit points where a student has:

- pursued a course of study of 120 credit points at Level 7 or above;
- submitted in all specified components of assessment;
- achieved the overall learning outcomes for the award;
- achieved an average of 40% or more in modules equivalent to 100 credit points at Level 7 or above;
- achieved an average of 30% or more in each module studied;
- achieved an overall average of 40% or more across all modules studied at this level.

**c) Masters Awards**

Masters degrees are awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 180 credit points at Level 7. The University awards these credit points where a student has:

- pursued a course of study of 180 credit points at Level 7 or above;
- achieved the overall learning outcomes for the award;
- submitted in all specified components of assessment;
- achieved an average of 40% or more in modules equivalent to 160 credit points at Level 7 or above;
- achieved an average of 30% or more in each module studied;
- achieved an overall average of 40% or more across all modules studied at this level.

**d) Integrated Masters Awards**

Integrated Masters degrees are awarded for the attainment of 480 credit points: 120 credit points at level 4, 120 credit points at level 5, 120 credit points at level 6 and 120 credit points at level 7. The University awards these credit points where a student has:

- achieved the requirements for level progression from Level 4 to Level 5, from Level 5 to Level 6, from Level 6 to Level 7 or has been admitted directly beyond the first level of the course;
- pursued a course of study of 120 credit points at Level 7 or above;
- submitted in all specified components of assessment;
- achieved the overall learning outcomes for the award;
- achieved an average of 40% or more in modules equivalent to 100 credit points at Level 7 or above;

- achieved an average of 30% or more in each module studied;
  - achieved an overall average of 40% or more across all modules studied at this level.
- e) A full list of University awards, their overall credit composition and the level of the award as aligned with the Framework for Higher Education Qualifications may be found in **Section 18: Definition of University Awards**.

#### 4.3.6 Student Reassessment for Progression or Award Eligibility

Students who have not achieved the requirements for progression or award eligibility may be reassessed in order to reach the required standard, subject to the following provisions:

- Students are eligible for reassessment in all failed modules for the academic level.
- Reassessment is mandatory for modules with an overall mark of less than 30%.
- The opportunity for reassessment will be given once only in respect of any module during an academic level.
- All reassessment is at component level and marks achieved for any successfully completed components will remain unaltered and will contribute to the final average mark for the module.
- The maximum mark achievable for reassessed components is 40%.
- Reassessment may only be used for the recovery of failure. It may not be used to attempt to improve an existing mark.
- Where a student achieves a lower mark for the reassessed work than for the original submission, the higher original mark will stand.

#### 4.3.7 Students Unable to Progress or Ineligible for Award Following Reassessment

If the standard for progression or award eligibility is not achieved following reassessment, Progression and Award Boards will consider student repeat opportunities.

#### 4.3.8 Unable to Progress: Opportunities for Repeat Study

Following reassessment, students who have submitted in all components of assessment, achieved **50% or more** of the credit points for the level concerned but have achieved insufficient credit points required for level progression will normally receive a decision of 'Fail – Repeat Part Level' from the Progression and Award Board.

In these circumstances, students will re-enrol to repeat the failed modules for that level, attending the University and receiving full tuition. Students who receive a decision of 'Fail – Repeat Part Level' will retain credit and marks for successfully completed modules.

Following reassessment, students who have submitted in all components of assessment but achieved **less than 50%** of the credit points for the level concerned and are unable to progress will normally receive a decision of 'Fail – Repeat Full Level' from the Progression and Award Board.

In these circumstances, students will re-enrol to repeat the whole level, attending the University and receiving full tuition. Students who receive a decision of 'Fail – Repeat Full Level' will not retain any credit or marks for modules previously completed at that level.

If students' achievement of **less than 50%** of the credit points for the level derives largely from non-submission of assessed work or extremely poor academic performance such students may, at the discretion of the Progression and Award Board, be failed and withdrawn from the course. In such cases students may be eligible for a contained award and/ or the ratification of credit achieved.

#### **4.3.9 Ineligible for Award: Opportunities for Repeat Study**

At the final level of the course, and following reassessment, students who have submitted in all components of assessment but have achieved insufficient credit points required for award eligibility will normally receive a decision of 'Fail – Complete' from the Progression and Award Board.

Such students will re-enrol to repeat the failed modules for that level, attending the University and receiving full tuition. Students who receive a decision of 'Fail – Repeat Part Level ' will retain credit and marks for successfully completed modules. There is no 'Fail- Repeat Full Level' option at the final level of the course.

If students' achievement of **less than 50%** of the credit points at the final level derives largely from non-submission of assessed work or extremely poor academic performance such students may, at the discretion of the Progression and Award Board, be failed and withdrawn from the course. In such cases students may be eligible for a contained award and/ or the ratification of credit achieved.

#### **4.3.10 Carrying Forward of Modules**

Exceptionally, a student may be permitted to carry forward up to two standard modules into the next academic level. This decision is at the discretion of the Progression and Award Board and is only invoked where a student has not been able to complete the assessment or reassessment process due to confirmed extenuating circumstances.

#### 4.3.11 Pre-Requisite Modules

Through the course validation process, a course may identify modules which must be studied in order to undertake subsequent modules within the same level or modules taught later in the course. These are known as pre-requisite modules. In such cases, students must be specifically advised of progression or award eligibility requirements which are impacted by pre-requisite modules.

#### 4.3.12 Modules Which Must Be Passed

The University pass mark for module achievement is 40%. The Progression and Award Board may condone a failed 20 credit point module with a mark of between 30% and 39% at each level of study, if the level/ award learning outcomes are otherwise satisfied. For the purposes of progression or award eligibility, credit is awarded for condoned modules.

Through the course validation process, a course may identify particular modules which are required to be passed in order to obtain a University award. In some cases, a threshold pass mark above the university standard for module achievement may be stipulated.

These modules may be pre-requisites for future study options but need not be.

#### 4.3.13 Students' Responsibilities

Students are responsible for maintaining an awareness of their successfully completed modules and for keeping a running total of the credit they have already achieved during the level.

Students are responsible for checking the dates of examinations and submission dates for coursework and any associated re-sits and resubmission dates. This information is made available via the University's virtual learning environment.

The scheduling of reassessment opportunities will be at a School's discretion and may be different for assessed coursework and examinations.

#### 4.3.14 Aegrotat Awards

An *aegrotat award* for incomplete study is an unclassified *award* which may be conferred in exceptional circumstances, such as in cases where a student's ability to complete their studies is permanently compromised by severe illness.



A decision on the form and level of the award must be reached by the Progression and Award Board with due regard for evidence of an appropriate threshold standard of performance.

Before a recommendation of an aegrotat award is made, the student must have signified a willingness to accept the award and have signified an understanding that the acceptance of this award waives the right to reassessment.

A student who has been offered an aegrotat award, but who chooses instead to be reassessed, may not claim the aegrotat award in the event of subsequent failure.

#### **4.3.15 Posthumous Awards**

An award may be recommended posthumously by the Progression and Award Board and be accepted by another person on behalf of a deceased student.

In reaching decisions about posthumous awards, Boards may be guided by the trajectory of performance of the student concerned.



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# Academic Regulations Examinations

## Section 5

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## Section 5

### Examinations

Originating Department:	Quality Assurance Services
Enquiries to:	<a href="mailto:gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk">gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk</a>
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## Section 5: Examinations

### 5.1 Purpose

This section of the Academic Regulations deals with examinations, including the drafting and approval of papers, timetabling, invigilation, security and confidentiality and the conduct and responsibility of students (*referred to as 'candidates' for the purposes of this section*) undertaking the examination.

Examinations are one of the methods used to assess students' achievement of learning outcomes. Examinations may take different forms including written papers and practical assessments.

Procedural requirements for staff in respect of examination support are detailed within guidance produced by Registry Services.

Schools are responsible for bringing these regulations to the attention of all candidates prior to their first examination.

### 5.2 General Principles of Examinations

#### 5.2.1 Definition of Examinations

For the purposes of these Regulations, an examination is defined as follows:

- a) A Formal Invigilated Examination:
  - a timed written question paper;
  - normally answered in writing;
  - answered individually by each candidate;
  - on a specific day;
  - at a specified time and place.
  
- b) A Formal Invigilated Practical Assessment:
  - a timed practical assessment;
  - undertaken individually by each candidate, or in a group of candidates;
  - on a specific day;
  - at a specified time and place.

Practical assessments, oral assessments and/ or assessed presentations may be delivered under examination conditions, in which case the relevant sections of this code apply.

Where such assessments are not delivered under formal examination conditions, tutors will advise students in advance of any protocols governing, for example, non-attendance or late attendance. Disabled students who have reasonable adjustments in place for examinations will be advised as to the transferability of these for any assessments (for example phase tests) which are not delivered under formal examination conditions. Decisions on transferability should be taken in conjunction with Disability Advice.

### **5.2.2 Examination Responsibilities**

The Course Director (or nominee) is responsible for informing candidates in writing of the nature and form of the examination(s) through the provision of Course and Module Handbooks or equivalent information shared via the University's virtual learning environment.

The Dean (or nominee) is responsible for:

- a) secure arrangements for the drafting and typing of examination papers
- b) internal scrutiny of draft papers
- c) consultation with appropriate external examiners
- d) the subsequent amendment and reproduction of finalised examination papers.

The Dean (or nominee) is responsible for informing candidates of the timetable for their examinations at least 6 weeks prior to the event, unless the information relates to re-sit examinations. In these circumstances, candidates will be notified of arrangements in a timely fashion.

Normally examination timetables will be shared via the University's virtual learning environment and candidates are responsible for checking their timetable and reporting any difficulties to their Course Administrator.

Candidates are responsible for familiarising themselves with the Academic Regulations and are warned that any breach of the assessment and/ or examination regulations could result in penalties as defined in the University's Code of Practice on Academic Integrity.

University staff, staff based at collaborative partners and external examiners are each responsible for ensuring the security and confidentiality of examinations during each stage of examination activity (e.g. setting, reproduction, marking, moderating and storing of papers/ scripts).

### **5.2.3 General Principles on Moderation and Approval of Examination Papers**

An internal team must moderate draft examination papers but must not retain copies.

Written examination papers must follow the agreed University format and rubric as defined by Registry Services.

Where the examination paper(s) contribute to the assessment of the final award above the level of Certificate of Higher Education, the draft papers must be submitted to the external examiner(s) for approval with reasonable time for the detailed consideration of the drafts and discussion with internal staff as appropriate.

Where required, after the internal marking and moderation process, the scripts/submissions, or an agreed sample, should be sent to the external examiner(s) with reasonable time to consider the scripts/submissions prior to the meeting of the relevant Module or Progression and Award Board.

### **5.2.4 General Principles on the Conduct of Examinations**

School staff, together with the responsible post holder from Registry Services, are responsible for the individual arrangements relating to each examination on the day of the examination.

Examination scripts, including examination submissions in other media, shall be retained by the School for one year after the date of the meeting of the Module or Progression and Award Board at which the student outcomes were considered.

Where a breach of Assessment or Examination regulations is suspected:

- a) The Senior Invigilator will record this on the candidate's script(s) and remove any object(s) which have raised suspicion concerning unfair practice.
- b) The candidate will be allowed to continue the examination but will be informed that an investigation will be conducted, in accordance with University regulations.

## **5.3 Code of Practice on Examinations**

### **5.3.1 Written Examination Papers from External Bodies or Professional Bodies**

Where examinations are set by an external or professional body, or to an external or professional body prescription, additional requirements to those defined within this code may apply.

### 5.3.2 Examination Timetables

Registry Services, in conjunction with each School, is responsible for the preparation of provisional and final timetables for all formal examinations, and allocation of suitable accommodation. In preparing examination timetables the following will be considered:

- a) Where a module is shared by a number of courses, any identical examination must be taken simultaneously.
- b) The final examination timetable will be published at least 6 weeks before the date of the first examination.
- c) Candidates will be notified of examination arrangements via the University virtual learning environment. If candidates anticipate difficulties in the scheduling of their examinations, they are requested to contact the Course Administrator in the first instance. These would include matters such as a timetable clash for examinations or requirements of religious festivals and practices.
- d) With regards religious festivals and practices, reasonable adjustments will be considered

Scheduling of examinations as specified below will *not normally* be valid grounds for review of the examination timetable. The University may schedule examinations so that:

- a) a candidate would not normally be expected to sit more than two examinations on any day;
- b) examination start times, where possible, are either 9.30 am or 2pm;
- c) examinations may be located in non-University premises.

### 5.3.3 Invigilation

Each School is responsible for the appointment of invigilators for all examinations. Staff guidance is issued by Registry Services for the conduct of invigilation of examinations and may be found on Registry Services web pages.

### 5.3.4 Responsibilities of Candidates

It is the responsibility of candidates to familiarise themselves and comply with University regulations.

Candidates should note these responsibilities in particular:

- a) To be considered to be registered for any assessment, a student must have completed the requirements of the University in respect of registration and the payment of fees.



- b) To have their student ID cards checked by, or on behalf of, the Senior Invigilator within 30 minutes of the commencement of an examination (ID cards should have a full face photograph. Candidates who do not have their student card with them will be required to complete a verification process).
- c) To make representations to their Course Administrator, in cases of difficulty.

### 5.3.5 Electronic and Other Personal Equipment

Electronic and other personal equipment which is permitted to be used during an examination will be specified in the examination rubric and candidates will be given advance notice of the specifications of such equipment. Candidates may not use or access equipment outside of these specifications, including mobile phones. Any attempt to do so may be construed as unfair practice.

### 5.3.6 Additional information about Equipment

All candidates may request the use of the dictionaries provided by attracting the attention of the invigilator.

All candidates whose first language is not English may consult with their Course Administrator with a view to a foreign language dictionary being made available. Such consultation should take place no later than 6 weeks prior to the examination. English dictionaries are provided.

All candidates must use only the approved examination stationery supplied by the University.

All "rough work" must be undertaken on the paper provided and must be attached to, and handed in with, the candidate's script.

All candidates must ensure that their mobile phone is switched off. If the mobile phone of any candidate sounds in the examination room, the Senior Invigilator will make a report to the Chair of the Module Board or Progression and Award Board detailing the incident and identifying the candidate whose phone caused the disturbance.

## 5.4 Conduct of Examination Candidates

### Immediately prior to the commencement of the examination:

- a) Candidates must assemble outside the examination room in good time before the published commencement time of the examination.
- b) Candidates must not enter the examination room until instructed to do so by the Senior Invigilator. This will be around 15 minutes before the published commencement time of the examination.

**Arriving late:**

- a) A candidate may be admitted up to 30 minutes after the start of the examination, but not thereafter, and must conclude his or her examination at the same time as the other candidates.

**During the examination:**

- a) Candidates must conduct themselves in a manner that will not cause disturbance to other candidates in the examination room.
- b) Candidates shall not communicate with other candidates.
- c) Candidates must comply with instructions given to them individually, or to all candidates, by the invigilator.
- d) A candidate who wishes to attract the attention of an invigilator shall do so by raising a hand.
- e) Candidates who wish to have the “instructions to candidates” or typographical points clarified with the Senior Invigilator may do so:
  - within the first 10 minutes of the examination or
  - during any reading time allowed.
- f) In examinations in which “reading time” is allowed, throughout the specified reading time candidates may make rough notes on the stationery and annotate or highlight the examination paper. After the period of reading time has expired, the invigilator will announce the start of the examination, at which time candidates may commence writing their answers
- g) A candidate who is unwell or who needs to leave the examination room for any reason deemed adequate by the Senior Invigilator may do so under the supervision of an invigilator and return whilst the examination is in progress.
- h) No candidate shall be allowed to terminate his or her examination during the first or final 30 minutes of examination time.
- i) A candidate who leaves the examination room unaccompanied by an invigilator is not allowed to re-enter the examination room.

**On the conclusion of the examination:**

- a) Candidates shall cease writing their answers when instructed to do so.
- b) Candidates shall remain silent and seated until instructed to leave the examination room.
- c) Candidates shall ensure that their scripts, any continuation sheets and rough work sheets are attached together ready for collection by the invigilator.
- d) Candidates shall not remove any item supplied by the University other than the question paper.
- e) When authorised to do so, candidates shall collect all their belongings and leave the examination room.

## 5.5 Absence from Written Examinations

A candidate whose illness prevents them from attending an examination is required to provide a medical certificate to this effect which must be sent without delay to the relevant person outlined in the Course Handbook.

The University operates a 'fit to sit' policy in respect of examinations which is explained further in Section 8 of the Academic Regulations: **Extenuating Circumstances and Mitigation**.

In the event of a failure of the transport service due to industrial action or severe weather conditions, candidates are required to:

- a) obtain an official note from the transport company to confirm the reason for the absence;
- b) inform the Course Director as soon as possible;
- c) hand in or post the official note without delay.

In addition to providing information as required above, candidates should also submit a request for extenuating circumstances in accordance with the **section 8 on Extenuating Circumstances and Mitigation**.

## 5.6 Breach of Regulations

Actions which may be considered to be breaches of the University's Academic Regulations relating to assessment and examination are set out in Section 10 of these regulations. These include cheating and other forms of unfair practice provided in the appendix at the end of this section. In the event of an alleged breach of the assessment regulations, the matter will be investigated and considered in accordance with the University Regulations.

## **APPENDIX: ACTIONS WHICH MAY BE CONSIDERED TO BE BREACHES OF THE UNIVERSITY'S ACADEMIC REGULATIONS RELATING TO ASSESSMENT AND EXAMINATION**

### **1 CHEATING**

Section 10: Academic Integrity of the Academic Regulations defines cheating as:

Cheating is unfair behaviour relating to an examination. It includes, but is not limited to:

- a) Actions within the examination room
  - communicating with any other candidate during an examination
  - copying from any other candidate during an examination
  - communicating with any other person other than an authorised invigilator or another member of staff during an examination
  - possession of any written or printed materials in the examination room unless expressly permitted by the examination regulations
  - possession of any electronically stored information in the examination room unless expressly permitted by the examination regulations
  - use of a mobile phone or other electronic device during an examination, unless expressly permitted by the examination regulations
- b) Actions outside of the examination room
  - gaining access to any unauthorised material relating to the examination during or before the examination
  - obtaining a copy of a written examination paper in advance of the time and date for its authorised release.

This list is not exhaustive.

### **2 OTHER FORMS OF UNFAIR PRACTICE**

Section 10: Academic Integrity of the Academic Regulations defines other forms of unfair practice as:

Other forms of Unfair Practice include, but are not limited to:

- offering a bribe or inducement to any member of staff of the University, or any external invigilator or examiner, who is connected with the student's assessments
- falsifying data in any piece of work

*Section 5: Examinations*

- the assumption by one person of the identity of another person with the intent to deceive or gain unfair advantage
- submitting copies of another person's work stored on an electronic device
- non-compliance with university research ethics procedures
- failure to gain ethical approval for the submitted piece of work, as appropriate.



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# Academic Regulations

## Progression and Award Boards/ Module Boards

Section 6

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## Section 6

### Progression and Award Boards/Module Boards

Originating Department:	Quality Assurance Services
Enquiries to:	<a href="mailto:gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk">gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk</a>
Approving Body:	Academic Board
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Document Type	Regulation
Target Audience:	Relevant for all University staff and students and of particular relevance to:  Academic and professional support staff responsible for the operation of Progression and Award Boards, Module Boards and Re-convened Progression and Award Boards, external examiners and collaborative partners.

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## Section 6: Progression and Award Boards and Module Boards

### 6.1 Purpose

This section of the Academic Regulations defines the purpose and operation of Progression and Award Boards and Module Boards.

Progression and Award Boards are the University bodies which make decisions about student progression and student award outcomes. There are defined profiles of student achievement for progression between levels, and for the achievement of each University award. Boards use these profiles of achievement to make equitable decisions about student progression and award.

Module Boards are established by, and report to, Progression and Award Boards. They have delegated authority to confirm student module marks following assessment. Confirmed module marks are then reported to the Progression and Award Board so that student progression and award decisions may be made.

Module Boards may also confirm students' achievement of credit for standalone modules/ groups of modules where the progression and/ or awarding of students is not being considered.

### 6.2. General Principles of Progression and Award Boards & Module Boards

Normally, undergraduate Module Boards are established within Schools at Subject Group level and are chaired by the Head of Subject concerned.

The main role of the Module Board is to provide an accurate and confirmed set of final module marks for consideration by the Progression and Award Board, taking account of academic misconduct penalties and/ or the outcomes of formal mitigation processes.

Module Boards have a core constituency of both internal academic staff who represent each module being considered and the external examiners who are associated with those modules.

Normally, undergraduate Progression and Award Boards are established at School level and are chaired by the Dean of School.

The main role of the Progression and Award Board is to consider final module marks received from the Module Board and use these to make decisions about i) student progression from one level of a course to the next, ii) student award eligibility and iii) student award outcomes. The University has profiles of achievement which students must meet in order to be considered for progression or award eligibility. These are defined later in this section.

Progression and Award Boards have a core constituency of Module Board Chairs and a chief external examiner, who ensures the consistent application of the academic regulations associated with student progression and award and who provides assurance of the maintenance of standards and the equitable and fair treatment of students.

Normally, Postgraduate student outcomes are considered at a joint Module/ Progression and Award Board, bringing together the business of the two separate Boards described earlier in this section in distinct phases of business.

These are generally convened at Subject Group level and are chaired by the Head of Subject concerned but groups of postgraduate courses within the Subject Group may be considered together at a Board chaired by the Course Director.

In addition, where there is postgraduate provision of significant size, Deans may decide to convene separate Module Boards reporting into a School level Progression and Award Board, in line with the undergraduate model.

The Module Board is accountable to the Progression and Award Board which receives its outputs. Progression and Award Boards are accountable to Academic Board. Exceptionally, Academic Board has the authority to review and overturn a decision of a Progression and Award Board.

## 6.3 Code of Practice for Progression and Award Boards & Module Boards

### 6.3.1 Terms of Reference

**A Progression and Award Board is authorised to:**

- a) assess student performance in accordance with the course and University regulations
- b) determine student progression between academic levels
- c) determine students' award eligibility and award outcome
- d) make recommendations to the University on the conferment of awards
- e) apply the outcomes of mitigation processes where relevant to the determination of student progression or award
- f) apply the outcomes of academic integrity processes where relevant to the determination of student progression or award

- g) determine the outcomes of reassessment
- h) establish Module Boards or act as a Module Board where one is not established

**A Module Board is authorised to:**

- a) determine the standard and accuracy of student module assessment outcomes
- b) apply the outcomes of academic integrity processes to module outcomes
- c) apply the outcomes of mitigation processes to module outcomes
- d) consider amendment of cohort module marks as appropriate
- e) confirm and record final module assessment outcomes and forward these decisions to the Progression and Award Board(s) as required
- f) record credit where the student will not be presented to a Board for progression or an award

### 6.3.2 Adjustment to Cohort Marks

Exceptionally, and following moderation of internal marking, external examiners may propose to the Module Board that the marks for a particular cohort of students on a particular module should be adjusted.

Such a proposal may be made in respect of:

- the pass/fail threshold and/ or
- other classification boundaries.

In such cases it is expected that the matter will have been discussed with the internal examiners to reach agreement about the extent of adjustment.

Adjustments may also be made to the module marks of a cohort of students, following the Module Board's consideration of extenuating circumstances which are applicable to the entire cohort.

### 6.3.3 Membership of Progression and Award Boards

The membership of a Progression and Award Board is:

- a) the Chair (normally a Dean of School);
- b) the Chairs of associated Module Boards (normally the Heads of Subject)
- c) the Course Directors associated with the courses being considered;
- d) at least one external examiner, designated as Chief External Examiner;
- e) a Secretary to the Board (in attendance).

### 6.3.4 Membership of Module Boards

The membership of a Module Board is:

- a) the Chair (normally a Head of Subject);
- b) the module leader (or their nominee) for each module under consideration;
- c) all external examiners concerned with the modules under consideration;
- d) Course Directors associated with the modules being considered (ex officio)
- e) a Secretary to the Board (in attendance).

### 6.3.5 Membership of Joint Module & Progression and Award Boards

The membership of a joint Board is:

- a) the Chair (normally the Head of Subject);
- b) the Course Directors associated with the courses being considered;
- c) the module leader (or their nominee) for each module under consideration;
- d) all external examiners concerned with the modules under consideration;
- e) a Secretary to the Board (in attendance).

No Boards can be chaired by a member of the teaching team for the courses/ modules being considered.

All members of the Boards are required to be present at the meetings. If a member is absent due to illness, or other good cause, the Chair of the Board must ensure that the contribution that would be made by that member can be satisfactorily covered by other arrangements.

### 6.3.6 Information to Module Boards

#### a) Marks

The following provisions apply:

- the schedule/ spreadsheet of marks arrived at by internal examiners will be tabled as a confidential paper/ online report;
- where there is a discrepancy, the marks as moderated by the external examiner(s) may also be tabled, providing both sets of marks are shown;
- the schedule of marks will be presented in accordance with the relevant guidance.

#### b) Identification of Need of Further Consideration

The following students should be clearly identified:

- students for whom further evidence will be presented to the Module Board
- students who have failed a module.

**c) Other Relevant Documentation**

Where the Module Board will consider further evidence of student performance, relevant documentation will be prepared to permit due consideration of the matter in question. Sole reliance on oral comment at the Board itself should be avoided.

**d) Information to Progression and Award Boards**

Progression and Award Boards will receive complete, accurate and confirmed reports concerning module assessment outcomes as agreed by the relevant Module Boards and signed off by external examiners.

The reports will be presented to the Progression and Award Board in the form of profiles of achievement for student progression, student award eligibility and student award outcome/ classification.

Progression and Award Boards will make progression and award decisions based on these confirmed profiles.

These results will not be amended at the Progression and Award Board except, exceptionally, in respect of late notification of material information concerning assessment or in respect of other material or procedural irregularities not identified at the Module Board.

Decisions undertaken by the Progression and Award Board will be signed off by the chief external examiner.

**e) Shared Modules**

Where a Module Board is responsible for modules that contribute to more than one award, its decisions and recommendations will be forwarded to all relevant Progression and Award Boards.

**6.3.7 Discussion and Decision Making: All Boards**

The Chair of the Board concerned should clearly identify the purpose and scope of the meeting and the courses of action open to the Board with due regard for the regulatory framework which governs the assessment process.

Discussions and decisions will be undertaken with due regard for documentation/ reports provided to the board.

### 6.3.8 Declaration of a Matter of Principle

When a Chair has identified a course or courses of action open to the Board, where necessary external examiner(s) should be asked to declare whether any of these courses of action is a matter of principle. On any matter which the external examiner(s) have declared a matter of principle, the decision of the external examiner(s) shall either:

- be accepted as final by the Board, or if agreement cannot be reached:
- be referred to Academic Board for resolution

Other than where they formally declare a matter of principle, external examiners do not have an automatic veto over the decisions of a Module Board or Progression and Award Board.

### 6.3.9 Assessment Outcomes

In order to facilitate timely reassessment, students may be informed of their confirmed marks resulting from module assessment following the conclusion of the Module Board.

Students will receive final confirmation of the outcomes of the assessment process from the Progression and Award Board for all levels of a course, both overall and for individual modules.

Disclosure of the confirmed marks of an individual student must be to that student only.

Progression or award decisions for registered and enrolled students will be published via the University's 'Results Online' service, within 5 working days of the Progression and Award Board. Consideration will be given to alternative disclosure methods for any student who for good reasons requests these.

For certain collaborative arrangements, the University and its partners will have agreed alternative but equivalent disclosure methods of confirmed outcomes to students.

### 6.3.10 Reassessment: Joint Module & Progression and Award Boards

A joint Module & Progression and Award Board will be convened to consider outstanding matters of reassessment and associated progression or award decisions.

Joint boards convened for this purpose may take place at various levels of aggregation dependant on operational requirements. The membership of a joint board convened for the purposes of reassessment is consistent with the membership described earlier in this section and may proceed with a single external examiner in attendance.

### **6.3.11 Module Board: Absence of External Examiners**

If an external examiner is absent from a Module Board, the following provisions apply when other external examiners are present:

- the Chair will ensure that a written report from the external examiner is available to be tabled at the Board;
- this report will complement the observations of those external examiners present at the Board and inform the discussion.

If there is no external examiner in attendance or represented, all decisions made are subject to Chair's action and are confirmed subsequently through the written consent of the absent examiner(s) concerned.

### **6.3.12 Progression and Award Board: Absence of External Examiners**

If the Chief External Examiner is absent from the Progression and Award Board, an alternate external examiner may support the Board or Committee's decision making.

If there is no external examiner in attendance or represented, all decisions made are subject to Chair's action and are confirmed subsequently through the written consent of the absent Chief External Examiner concerned.

### **6.3.13 Records**

Secretaries to Module Boards, Progression and Award Boards and Joint Boards will compile a formal record of the business and decisions of the meetings. These will constitute the minutes.

A full list of membership of the Board concerned is made available at the meeting, which must be signed by all members present and will form the record of their attendance. All absences should be noted.

The minutes will be confidential, confirmed by the Chair following consultation with other Board members and will be made available to the next meeting of the Board.

External Examiner(s) may retain marks sheets, minutes and other materials, but shall be required to maintain confidentiality.

### 6.3.14 Progression and Award Board & Joint Module/ Progression and Award Board Decisions

#### Pass Award

Successful completion of final level; the student is eligible for a final award; there will not be any subsequent levels.

The award may be made with a classification, merit or distinction (if appropriate).

#### Contained Award

The student has not completed the final level successfully but is eligible for a contained award, which may be made with merit or distinction (if appropriate)

#### Pass Proceed

Successful completion of level; eligible to proceed to next level. The student does not receive an award at this point.

#### Award Proceed

Successful completion of level; eligible to proceed to next level. The student may receive a contained award at that level as stipulated in the course validation process.

#### Components Pending

Failed to achieve the requirements to progress to next level. Offered the opportunity for *reassessment* to complete the level. Re-submitted work to be completed by a specified date.

#### Level Incomplete

Non-progression decision. The student is not yet ready to be presented for progression.

#### Failed – Repeat Full Level (Full Time Students)

Failed the level. Offered the opportunity to repeat the whole level. Attendance at the institution is required.

#### Failed – Repeat Part Level (Full or Part Time Students)

Failed part level. Offered the opportunity to repeat those parts that have been failed. Attendance at the institution is required.

#### Sandwich Placement Achieved

Passed a sandwich placement, eligible to continue.

#### Failed Sandwich Placement

Failed the compulsory sandwich placement. Offered the opportunity to:



- repeat the placement

or

- transfer to an alternative course/pathway of study.

#### Failed - Withdraw

Failed the level. Required to withdraw.

#### Decision Deferred

The decision is being deferred until a later date for further information, e.g. marks not available, work outstanding, etc. This deferral is likely to be for a prolonged period, i.e. greater than one week.

#### Deferred Proceed

The decision to pass the level is deferred as a result of extenuating circumstances. Eligible to proceed to next level carrying forward up to two outstanding modules.

#### Module Deferred (Mitigation)

Assessment of one or more modules deferred to specified later date.

#### Chair's Action

The decision is subject to immediate action by the Chair *where that action is agreed beforehand by the Board*.

#### Conditional Award

Award to be confirmed at a subsequent meeting of the Board or Reassessment Committee.

#### Letter of Completion

The student has been successful in accumulating credits for standalone module(s).

#### Exchange Student

The successful student is on an exchange and is not assessable by Leeds Beckett University (to be used when an exchange student has enrolled on a Leeds Beckett University award)

#### Not Assessed

The student's level is, for example, a sandwich year, for which there is no assessment.

#### **Stage**

Where courses have validated arrangements for 'stage' within their course design the following progression decisions may be made by the Progression and Award Board, as appropriate

Stage Proceed – student has passed stage and is eligible to proceed to the next stage.

Failed Stage – student has failed stage and is required to repeat failed modules part-time.

### 6.3.15 Module Board Decisions

Module Boards provide an accurate and confirmed set of final module marks for consideration by the Progression and Award Board, taking account of academic misconduct penalties and/ or the outcomes of formal mitigation processes. Consequently, the majority of decisions in respect of student assessment outcomes are taken by Progression and Award Boards.

However, the Progression and Award Board may devolve its authority to the Module Board concerning certain assessment decisions for operational reasons, as follows:

- a) Where a module mark is below the threshold pass, the Module Board may record the following outcome whilst confirming arrangements for reassessment:

Components Pending

Failed to achieve the requirements to progress to next level. Offered the opportunity for *reassessment* to complete the level. Re-submitted work to be completed by a specified date.

- b) Where formal mitigation outcomes of Category B are reported, the Module Board may record the following decision, whilst confirming arrangements for deferrals:

Module Deferred (Mitigation)

Assessment of one or more modules deferred to specified later date.

- c) Where reassessment opportunities have been exhausted and the module mark is below the threshold pass the module board will record:

Failed Module

Fail to achieve threshold pass.

Also for operational reasons, Module Boards may also take the following decisions:

Decision Deferred

The decision is being deferred until a later date for further information, e.g. marks not available, work outstanding, etc. This deferral is likely to be for a prolonged period, i.e. greater than one week.

### Chair's Action

The decision is subject to immediate action by the Chair *where that action is agreed beforehand by the Board*.

### 6.3.16 Award Classification

#### **Award Classification: Bachelor with Honours**

The classification of awards of Bachelor with Honours should be determined in accordance with the provisions of Section 4: Progression and Award.

#### **Merit and Distinction**

The award of merit or distinction should be determined in accordance with the provisions of **Section 4: Progression and Award**.

### 6.3.17 Conditional Awards

#### **Awards without Degree Classification**

If a student's final award cannot be determined at the Progression and Award Board the following provisions apply:

- whenever possible, a conditional award should be made (e.g. award subject to passing a placement/teaching practice);
- where this is done it is not necessary to reconvene the whole Board in order for the award finally to be determined;
- the Board should formally endorse Chair's Action in respect of such a conditional award.

#### **Honours Degree Classification**

Where Honours Degree classification is to be decided, the above apply with the additional requirement that the external examiner(s) present at the Board must be associated with the decision. Such "association" may be by oral agreement followed by written confirmation.



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# Academic Regulations

## Disabled Students

Section 7

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## Section 7

### Disabled Students

Originating Department:	Quality Assurance Services
Enquiries to:	<a href="mailto:gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk">gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk</a>
Approving Body:	Academic Board
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Target Audience:	Relevant for all University staff and students and of particular relevance to:  Academic and professional support staff responsible for efficient working practices in relation to students who have declared a disability or impairment; to collaborative partners and the Students' Union Advice Service.

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# Section 7: Disabled Students

## 7.1 Purpose

The purpose of these regulations is to outline our duty under the Equality Act (2010) to anticipate the needs of disabled students and the way in which our university manages and implements individual reasonable adjustments.

## 7.2 General Principles: Disabled Students

Leeds Beckett strives to apply the Social Model of Disability and make all of its provision as inclusive and accessible as possible for all. However, in order to ensure that individual adjustments are put in place, we recognise a “disabled student” as any student who has a diagnosed disability or long-term condition as defined by the Equality Act 2010.

All recommendations for individual reasonable adjustments will be considered on a case-by-case basis, where appropriate. Recommendations for individual reasonable adjustments shall not reasonably be refused. All students requiring individual reasonable adjustments must declare and provide evidence of their disability to the University via the Disability Advice team.

The University, via the Disability Advice team, will consider the student’s support requirements and provide any recommendations for reasonable adjustments, including reasonable adjustments to teaching, learning and assessment, as appropriate.

A disabled student shall not be permitted to seek reasonable adjustment retrospectively, i.e. after submission or assessment. Where it has not been possible to implement recommended individual reasonable adjustments in adequate time prior to submission / assessment disabled students should consider requesting an extension under the ‘Fit to Sit’ principle of Academic Regulations Section 8: Extenuating Circumstances and Mitigation .

Deans of School are accountable for ensuring the implementation of recommendations made by the Disability Advice team, although they may delegate operational responsibility for this to a nominated member of their team.

Any information relating to a student’s disability will be treated confidentially and only shared with the student’s consent.

## 7.3 Code of Practice: Disabled Students

### 7.3.1 Disabled Student

A “disabled student” is any student who has a diagnosed disability or impairment as defined by the Equality Act 2010. The Equality Act defines a person as having a disability where:

- a) they have a physical or mental impairment
- b) the impairment has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on their ability to perform normal day to day activities.

In the context of higher education, ‘normal day-to-day activities’ includes reading, writing and other essential activities involved in studying at this level.

### 7.3.2 Declaration of Disability

Under the Equality Act 2010, once a student has declared a disability, the University is deemed to have been notified of it and has a legal duty to anticipate the needs of the student and to make reasonable adjustments. This may include students who:

- a) Have a disability or long-term condition at the point of application
- b) Become disabled after starting their course
- c) Become aware of a need for support arising from an existing disability

Upon enrolment, or at any point thereafter, where a student declares or confirms a disability, the existence and general type of disability will be shared with the course team to enable them to anticipate any baseline requirements. The Disability Advice team will develop an individual reasonable adjustment plan, in conjunction with the student, specific to their particular needs or condition, to enable them to fully participate in all aspects of learning, teaching and assessment.

### 7.3.3 Reasonable Adjustments for Learning, Teaching and Assessment

Reasonable adjustments for learning, teaching and assessment enable disabled students to participate fully in their course(s), ensuring they are not disadvantaged as a result of their disability.

On receipt of evidence, the designated Disability Adviser will discuss with the student and a member of the course team, reasonable adjustments for learning, teaching and assessment. The agreed reasonable adjustments will then be formally documented and communicated to the course team, as well as other relevant services.



### **7.3.4 Reasonable Adjustments**

The designated Disability Advisers will draw on their professional experience, sector knowledge and relevant codes of practice in assessing how a student's disability or long-term condition may impact on their participation in their chosen course, in order to determine the appropriate reasonable adjustments.

In line with the 'Fit to Sit' principle defined in Section 8 of the Academic Regulations for Extenuating Circumstances and Mitigation, reasonable adjustments cannot be applied retrospectively, i.e. after submission or assessment.

### **7.3.5 Assessment**

"Assessment" shall be taken to mean any form of assessment as defined in Academic Regulations Section 3, and shall include all formal and informal assessments.

### **7.3.6 Academic Rigour**

Recommendations for reasonable adjustments should not compromise the learning outcomes, core competency standards of the course and any relevant professional body requirements. The Disability Adviser and course team will work in partnership to achieve this.

### **7.3.7 Responsibilities of Disabled Students**

#### **a) Declaration**

In order to access individual reasonable adjustments, students must declare their disability to the University and engage with the Disability Advice Team.

#### **b) Timescales**

Requests for reasonable adjustments for formal examinations must be made within timescales specified by the University. These are published at the beginning of each academic year.

#### **c) Evidence**

It is the responsibility of the student to provide appropriate evidence of their disability or long term condition (e.g. an educational psychologist's assessment; written evidence from a relevant professional).

### **7.3.8 Responsibilities of Disability Advice**

#### **a) Post Declaration**

Following declaration by the student, the Disability Advice team will contact students and invite them to engage with the service.

#### **b) Evidence**

Upon receipt of appropriate evidence, the Disability Advice Team will invite students to discuss the impact of their disability in relation to their chosen course of study with a Disability Adviser so that appropriate reasonable adjustments can be identified.

#### **c) Communication of reasonable adjustments**

Disability Advice will provide the School, other relevant services and the student with:

- a written plan of the reasonable adjustments required
- responsibilities for the implementation of reasonable adjustments
- the opportunity for further discussion with the Disability Adviser

### **7.3.9 Accountability for ensuring the implementation of reasonable adjustments**

The Dean of School is accountable for ensuring reasonable adjustments are implemented. The Dean may nominate a member of their leadership team to take managerial responsibility for ensuring the implementation of adjustments to learning, teaching and assessment.

### **7.3.10 Implementation of reasonable adjustments**

All adjustments identified for students are based upon the professional experience and judgement of the Disability Advisers, as well as their sector knowledge and understanding of relevant codes of practice. Where the Course Director has a concern about the implementation of reasonable adjustments, they should discuss this with the Dean and the designated Disability Adviser.

### **7.3.11 Confirming the implementation of reasonable adjustments**

The Dean or nominee will confirm to the student and to the designated Disability Adviser that the adjustments will be implemented.

### 7.3.12 Assessment after the Event

#### Timed and formal assessment

Where students would be disadvantaged by a particular form of assessment, reasonable adjustments to the assessment method or, where necessary, alternative assessment methods may be required. In these instances, recommendations for reasonable adjustments will be made with due consideration given to core competencies and professional body requirements. Where an alternative method of assessment is required, this will be discussed between the designated Disability Adviser, the course team and the student to agree an appropriate alternative.

The University will specify a deadline by which all exam adjustments must be requested in order to guarantee that adjustments can be implemented. The required reasonable adjustments must be shared with the course team prior to this deadline. After this deadline, if the adjustments cannot be made, students should follow the University's procedures for extenuating circumstances and mitigation.

#### Mitigation and Extenuating Circumstances

##### Precluded Requests

Provided that the agreed reasonable adjustment arrangements have been fully implemented:

- a) A student shall not normally be permitted to request further extenuating circumstances to be taken into account where these relate to the disability for which these arrangements were made.

##### Non-precluded Requests

Circumstances in which a request for consideration of extenuating circumstances to be taken into account are permitted where:

- a) any mode of assessment is not covered by an alternative arrangement
- b) the agreed method of assessment or arrangements for assessment have not been fully implemented
- c) the student's disability is fluctuating in nature, and therefore unpredictable, and their circumstances and support requirements may change during the course of an assessment.

### **Temporary illness or injury**

Students may require support due to a sudden illness or injury, which does not fall within the remit of Disability Advice. Where a School feels it is reasonable to provide support for a student with a temporary disability (for example, exam support such as extra time, word processor or scribe, etc.), responsibility for organising and funding the support lies with the School, although the Disability Advice team is able to offer guidance. The process for this is:

- a) Student provides evidence of a temporary illness or injury
- b) The course team meets with the student and agrees what adjustments are reasonable and practicable
- c) If appropriate, the Temporary Illness/Injury Exam Adjustment Plan is completed within the School and sent to Timetabling so that arrangements can be made
- d) If it is not practicable to make the required adjustments students should be advised of this and supported to apply for mitigation so that they can sit the assessment at a later date

### **Confidentiality and Consent**

When a student declares their disability, 'standard/baseline' recommendations will be shared with the course team.

Any information relating to a student's disability will be treated confidentially. Diagnostic evidence provided to Disability Advice will never be shared with third parties without explicit consent from the disabled student.

Disability Advice will request consent from disabled students prior to sharing information regarding their disability and agreed individual reasonable adjustments.



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# Academic Regulations Extenuating Circumstances and Mitigation

## Section 8

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## Section 8

### Extenuating Circumstances and Mitigation

Originating Department:	Quality Assurance Services
Enquiries to:	<a href="mailto:gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk">gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk</a>
Approving Body:	Academic Board
Last Approved:	3 July 2019
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Document Type	Regulation
Target Audience:	Relevant for all University staff and students and those of our partners and of particular relevance to:  Mitigation co-ordinators, mitigation panel chairs and panel members and any other colleagues involved in the extenuating circumstances and mitigation processes.

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# Section 8: Extenuating Circumstances and Mitigation

## 8.1 Purpose

This section of the Academic Regulations defines the regulations for the application of extenuating circumstances and mitigation.

Leeds Beckett University recognises that circumstances may arise in which students are unable to complete or submit assessment. These are known as extenuating circumstances. Students may submit details of their circumstances to request an extension or apply for mitigation to lessen the harmful effect of their extenuating circumstances on assessment outcomes.

## 8.2 General Principles of Student Progression and Award

### 8.2.1 Fit to sit/submit

The University operates a principle of fit to sit/submit in regard to Extenuating Circumstances and Mitigation. The principle asserts that students who undertake an assessment declare themselves fit to take that assessment; any claim for extenuating circumstances in relation to that assessment will not, normally, be considered.

### 8.2.2 Due Consideration

In considering the assessment of students, the University will duly consider extenuating circumstances which might have affected a student's performance.

Students who have declared a disability or long-term condition and have a Reasonable Adjustment Plan in place, will not be required to apply for mitigation to enable implementation of the recommended adjustments. However, students with a disability or long-term condition may need to apply for mitigation in relation to their condition in the following circumstances:

- They experience an exacerbation of their disability/long-term condition, which has not been anticipated in their Reasonable Adjustment Plan.
- Appropriate reasonable adjustments are not in place at the time of assessment, e.g. due to a recent diagnosis or undergoing new treatment.



### **8.2.3 Mitigation Panels**

The University authorises the establishment of mitigation panels, in accordance with current University guidance, to:

- a) consider extenuating circumstances
- b) make appropriate recommendations to the relevant Progression and Award Board.

For collaborative partners, panels will be established at an appropriate level as determined by the University.

### **8.2.4 Confidentiality**

University staff and external examiners will observe due confidentiality with respect to submitted extenuating circumstances.

### **8.2.5 Responsibilities of Students**

It is the responsibility of the student to bring extenuating circumstances to the University's attention in accordance with University Regulations and guidelines.

### **8.2.6 Non-submission**

Where a student has not declared themselves fit to sit/submit and has not completed an extension request or an authorised absence request the respective assessment(s) will normally be recorded as non-submission(s).

### **8.2.7 Consequences of Non-Submission of Information**

Failure without good cause to provide information on extenuating circumstances will normally result in any Request for an Appeal Hearing on these grounds being rejected.

## **8.3 Code of Practice on Extenuating Circumstances and Mitigation**

### **8.3.1 Extenuating Circumstances**

Students may submit requests for consideration of extenuating circumstances in respect of their:

- a) inability to submit assessed coursework on the required date
- b) inability to sit an examination or other scheduled assessment on the required date.

The same extenuating circumstances may not be claimed more than once for the same assessment.

### **8.3.2 Mitigation**

If the submitted extenuating circumstances are found to be valid, mitigation in respect of these will be considered in accordance with the University Regulations. There are two types of mitigation:

- a) mitigation at the point of assessment in respect of coursework submissions will be considered and determined by a mitigation Co-ordinator, and a report of any mitigation granted will be made to the relevant mitigation panel
- b) other mitigation determined by a mitigation panel which must be submitted to the relevant mitigation panel and outcomes are forwarded to the appropriate Progression and Award Board. The details of the extenuating circumstances themselves are not disclosed to the Board.

If without good reason a student fails to seek consideration of extenuating circumstances in accordance with University regulations and guidance, normally any request for an appeal hearing on the grounds of these extenuating circumstances will be rejected.

### **8.3.3 Authorised Absence from Assessment**

Students are permitted to seek permission for an authorised absence from assessment in relation to circumstances which are outside the fit to sit/submit principle. Such circumstances may include, but are not limited to, jury service, UK visa and immigration interviews, and court proceedings.

Students must request authorised absence from assessment from the designated member of academic staff for approval and the request must be supported by original documentary evidence. All requests for authorised absence will be presented to the mitigation panel for information and will be recorded in the University's student record system.

### **8.3.4 Responsibility of Students**

It is the responsibility of students to:

- a) declare themselves fit to sit/submit by attending or submitting assessment.

- b) Inform the University of any extenuating circumstances which they wish to be taken into consideration in respect of inability to submit assessed coursework and/or sit examinations or other scheduled assessment.
- c) Ensure the request is received in writing (electronic submission is permitted), in the appropriate manner and is received by the designated member of staff.
- d) Ensure the request is supported by original documentary evidence
- e) Ensure that the evidence is submitted with the request and normally no later than 5 working days of the request for extenuating circumstances being received by the University.
- f) Ensure the request clearly states the module or modules affected and the specific assessment(s) affected.
- g) Ensure the request clearly states the date(s) for or between which the submitted extenuating circumstances are being claimed. Failure to do so may result in the mitigation panel being unable to recommend any mitigation.

### **8.3.5 Responsibility of the University**

#### **a) Information**

It is the responsibility of the Dean of School to ensure that students have access to the following information:

- the current University Regulations and associated guidance
- the name of the person(s) designated to receive requests for consideration of extenuating circumstances
- the location to which extenuating circumstances should be directed, including electronic submission
- sufficient advance notice of the dates by which such submissions must be submitted to enable them to be presented
- appropriate sources of advice and guidance.

#### **b) Discussion with University Staff**

Discussion of problems or difficulties with a member or members of University staff does not in itself constitute a submission of extenuating circumstances.

#### **c) Statements from University Staff**

Any relevant statement to be presented to a mitigation panel as original documentary evidence arising from previous discussion with or disclosure to a member of University staff:

- needs to be requested from that member of staff by the student
- be in writing
- be submitted by the student.

#### **d) Confidentiality**

All submissions giving details of extenuating circumstances will be confidential to the University staff authorised to receive and consider them, except for the provisions below.

#### **8.3.6 Formal Notification**

A student who has not undertaken assessment because they consider themselves to be unfit must make a request for consideration of their extenuating circumstances at the earliest possible time and normally no later than 5 working days from the date of assessment.

Where a student has declared themselves fit to sit/submit but later deems their declaration to have been incorrect they will, in exceptional circumstances, be permitted to submit extenuating circumstances within 5 working days of the date of assessment. For example, becoming ill during an examination.

#### **8.3.7 Requests for Extenuating Circumstances**

All requests for the consideration of extenuating circumstances, including requests for extensions to submission deadlines for coursework, must be:

- a) in writing in accordance with guidance issued by the University.
- b) Electronic submissions are acceptable, provided that they are accompanied by verification of the student's identity via University systems (e.g. Student ID number).
- c) Electronic submission must be followed by submission of original documentary evidence.
- d) In exceptional circumstances, third party submission of extenuating circumstances will be accepted, provided they are accompanied by confirmation of the student's inability to submit themselves.

#### **8.3.8 Mitigation at the point of Assessment: Coursework - inability to meet coursework submission date**

Students may seek an extension to a coursework submission date, where they have valid extenuating circumstances in respect of being unable to meet the relevant submission deadline.

Such requests must be submitted to the person designated to receive them, identify the circumstances and provide independent documentary evidence.

Such requests will be considered by a designated member of academic staff. The outcome of the consideration will be that the extension will be permitted or not permitted. There is no appeal against the outcome of this consideration through the regulations for an Appeal against a Decision of a Progression and Award Board or Module Board (see Section 9 of the University Regulations).

### **8.3.9 Length of Extensions**

The length of the extension given will normally be:

- For 5 working days only – “working days” includes weekdays and vacations.

Saturday, Sundays, Bank Holidays and other days when the University is closed are not classed as working days.

If the student requests a longer period of time and the member of staff considering the request finds this to be justified, the length of the extension given may be exceptionally extended to 10 working days.

Such an extension, when permitted, will normally be the sole form of mitigation allowed in respect of these particular extenuating circumstances.

All extensions, where granted, must be reported to the School mitigation panel and recorded in the University’s student record system.

An extension will not normally be given after the date on which the coursework should have been submitted. The member of staff considering such requests can exceptionally allow a student to submit a request for an extension up to one working day after the submission date.

### **8.3.10 Mitigation: Coursework, Examinations or Other Scheduled Assessments**

#### **a) Mitigation: Coursework**

A student who is unable to meet a coursework deadline may submit their extenuating circumstances to the mitigation panel where:

- their circumstances are valid and
- an extension to their course work deadline is not a suitable remedy or has already been exhausted

In cases where an extension has already been granted the student would need to demonstrate that their circumstances had changed in some way and how this had impacted upon their ability to submit assessment.

**b) Absence from Examinations or Other Scheduled Assessments**

A student who was absent from an examination or other scheduled assessment and considers that they have valid extenuating circumstances in respect of this, must request consideration of those circumstances in accordance with University Regulations.

If the circumstances are found to be valid, the mitigation panel will permit the student to take the assessment as if at the first attempt (deferral) at the next available opportunity.

No special examination or other scheduled assessment will, normally, be provided for such students.

**c) Mitigation: Examinations**

If the circumstances are found to be valid, the mitigation panel will permit the student to take the examination as if at the first attempt (deferral) at the next available opportunity.

No special examination will be provided for such students.

**8.3.11 Extenuating Circumstances affecting a Cohort of Students**

**a) Presentation to Module Boards or Progression and Award Board**

Extenuating circumstances which may have affected the performance of a cohort of students will be presented to the relevant Progression and Award Board or Module Board acting on behalf of a Progression and Award Board.

**b) Notification**

The Course Director (or equivalent) (or nominee) is responsible for informing the Committee or Board of such circumstances.

**c) Consideration**

Consideration of such circumstances will be conducted in accordance with Section 6 of the University Regulations: Progression and Award Boards and Module Boards. Where the circumstances are deemed to warrant this, the marks of the entire cohort may be adjusted upwards.

### 8.3.12 Mitigation Panels

Mitigation panels will be established in order to:

- a) consider extenuating circumstances
- b) make appropriate recommendations to the relevant Progression and Award Board.

For collaborative partners, panels will be established at an appropriate level as determined by the University.

Mitigation Panels will meet as often as the Dean of School considers necessary and always prior to the Progression and Award Board where the outcomes of the Panel will be considered.

### 8.3.13 Membership of Mitigation Panels

The minimum membership requirements for all mitigation panels is:

- a) Senior member of academic staff nominated by the Dean of School (Chair)
- b) At least two members of academic staff internal to the School
- c) A senior member of support staff
- d) One experienced member of academic or senior support staff external to the School in which the students are located
- e) A secretary to the panel (in attendance)

Mitigation Panels will be conducted, and their proceedings recorded in accordance with guidance issued by the University. Provision for letters of advice to students with repeated requests for mitigation is included in the guidance.

The Panel will receive, for information, a report of authorised absences granted by the designated officer.

The Panel will consider the degree of seriousness of the extenuating circumstances accepted and the assessments which were evidenced by those relevant circumstances.

The Panel will categorise the seriousness of extenuating circumstances as follows:

- a) Category A – Very serious
- b) Category B – Sufficiently serious to defer assessment
- c) Rejected – the Panel will reject claims which are late, not substantiated by original documentary evidence or are not deemed sufficiently serious to warrant deferral.

All outcomes of the Panel will be notified to students in writing in accordance with University guidance.

Discussion of extenuating circumstances by mitigation panels or Boards will be confidential to those members of staff, except for the provisions below.

Submission of extenuating circumstances will not normally be disclosed outside the mitigation panel other than in the following circumstances:

- a) Where the needs of a Professional, Statutory or Regulatory Body requires wider disclosure.
- b) Where the decision of a Progression and Award Board requires wider disclosure.
- c) Where a student subsequently requests and is granted, an Appeal Hearing.
- d) Where investigation of matters under the general student regulations requires wider disclosure.
- e) Where there is a potential threat to life.

Wider disclosure will be limited to the External Examiner, Chair or Designated Officer as appropriate to each circumstance. Where disclosure is deemed to be necessary beyond these person(s) the student(s) will be informed in advance of the requirement for such disclosure.

#### **8.3.14 Report from the Mitigation Panel**

The mitigation panel will make a report to the relevant Progression and Award Board in respect of each student:

- a) identifying the assessments which were affected by the extenuating circumstances and
- b) categorising the seriousness of the extenuating circumstances in respect of those assessments. The Progression and Award Board will consider the decisions advised by the Panel and discuss appropriate action in respect of the students.

The Panel will also present to the Progression and Award Board a report on all extensions to coursework assessment deadlines granted at the point of assessment and all outcomes of requests for authorised absence granted by the designated officer.

The Panel may make no recommendations to the Progression and Award Board beyond those reports specified here. The Progression and Award Board may not amend the reports of the Mitigation Panel.



### 8.3.15 Progression and Award

The mitigation permitted by the Board will normally be deferral of assessment to permit the student to be assessed as if for the first time.

Category A mitigation permits the Board to consider alternative forms of mitigation as follows:

- a) consider the student to have passed the assessment where the Board is satisfied as to the student's progress overall relating to the level and the student's overall achievement of the learning outcomes.
- b) Allocate a mark where the Board is satisfied that the student's achievement overall in the course of study is of high quality and the record of work relating to the level is good. The allocated mark may be the average of the student overall, the average for that cohort of students or another mark. The student will be given the choice between accepting the mark and being assessed again as if for the first time.
- c) Allow the student to be reassessed in a module where the student has passed but where the grade or mark attained is lower than might reasonably be expected from the student's overall performance. The Board may also, in these circumstances, raise the mark.
- d) Deem the student to have passed the assessment(s) in question and offer the relevant award where the Board is satisfied as to the student's progress overall in the work relating to the course of study and it is the final stage.
- e) An aegrotat award may be offered (see section 4 of the University Regulations).

### 8.3.16 Retention of Information

Records of extenuating circumstances will be securely retained as follows:

- a) Mitigation granted

Where the outcome of consideration was that a form of mitigation was granted to the student, records relating to this will be retained for the student's duration of study plus one year.

- b) Mitigation not granted

Where the outcome of consideration was that mitigation was not granted to the student (including on account of late submission of the request), records relating to this will be retained for the student's duration of study plus one year.

These provisions also apply to requests for mitigation at the point of assessment.

*Section 8: Extenuating Circumstances and Mitigation*

Such information will be retained for the purposes of an Appeal against a Decision of a Progression and Award Boards or Module Boards (if appropriate).

At the end of the period of retention, records of extenuating circumstances will be destroyed in a manner which ensures that confidentiality of the information is not breached.



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# Academic Regulations

# Academic Appeals

## Section 9

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## Section 9

### Appeals

Originating Department:	Quality Assurance Services
Enquiries to:	<a href="mailto:boe-appeals@leedsbeckett.ac.uk">boe-appeals@leedsbeckett.ac.uk</a>
Approving Body:	Academic Board
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# Section 9: Academic Appeals

## 9.1 Purpose

This section of the Academic Regulations makes provision for students who have valid grounds to appeal against the decision of Module Boards, Progression and Award Boards, Research Degrees Sub-Committee or Academic Misconduct Board. The section sets out students' rights and responsibilities in the Appeal Process, how the University will deal with student requests for an appeal hearing, and possible outcomes of the process.

## 9.2 Student Rights and Responsibilities

### Scope of the Appeals Regulations

9.2.1 Student academic outcomes are determined by:

- Module Boards;
- Progression and Award Boards;
- Research Degrees Sub-Committee;
- Appeal Panels; or
- Academic Misconduct Board (withdrawal only, see section 10, Academic Integrity)

acting in accordance with the Academic Regulations of the University.

9.2.2 Appeals against the decision of Module Boards, Progression and Award Boards, Research Degrees Sub-Committee or Academic Misconduct Board will be permitted where the University has agreed that there are valid grounds for such an appeal.

9.2.3 An individual or group of students seeking redress in respect of a grievance relating to their position as student(s) of the University, should invoke the Student Complaints Procedure. The outcome of the Student Complaints Procedure may provide grounds for appeal, either in itself or in association with other factors. Where any student who has invoked the Student Complaints Procedure lodges a Request for an Appeal Hearing before the Complaints Procedure has been concluded, the Appeal process will take precedence on account of its significance for the determination of progression or award.

## **Student Rights**

- 9.2.4 All students have the right to seek an Appeal Hearing to reconsider a decision of a Module Boards, Progression and Award Boards, Research Degrees Sub-Committee or Academic Misconduct Board acting in accordance with the academic regulations of the University without risk of disadvantage. Appeal Hearings may only proceed where the University has agreed that there are valid grounds for the appeal. [See Section 9.3 below].
- 9.2.5 The University will accept a request for an appeal hearing from students collectively. The Group may elect a spokesperson to liaise with the University on behalf of the group or communicate individually. In both cases the University will ensure communication is maintained with all members of the group to ensure the request fairly represents the views of all members of the group.
- 9.2.6 Students have the right to be accompanied and/or represented at all stages of the process provided that the companion or representative is not a professionally contracted advocate (with the exception of Staff of the Students' Union).
- 9.2.7 Students have the right to full information on the regulations and procedures in respect of Appeals; and to advice on their nature and operation.
- 9.2.8 A student whose case is under consideration within these regulations and procedures has the right to continue with his or her studies, subject to regulation 9.2.13 below.

## **Student Responsibilities**

- 9.2.9 It is the responsibility of a student to draw to the attention of the University any factors which they consider may have adversely affected their performance in assessments. This should be done as soon as possible in order that any due remedial action within the University Academic Regulations may be taken. Failure to seek remedial action or otherwise draw the attention of the University to relevant circumstances may lead to the rejection of a Request for an Appeal Hearing. This is particularly the case in respect of:
- perceived deficiencies in the management of a course
  - disclosure of extenuating circumstances.

[Further details of this are found in Section 9.3 below].

9.2.10 It is the responsibility of the student to:

- ascertain his or her assessment outcomes
- submit all documentation required in respect of the appeal process
- submit any evidence connected with the appeal process
- arrange for accompaniment or representation (if required)
- provide accurate details of contact address, e-mail address (if available) and telephone number.

### **Information, Advice and Guidance on the Appeals Process**

9.2.11 The University will make full information on these regulations and procedures available to students. This information to students will also identify sources of University advice to students on these regulations and their operation. This advice will be limited to advice on the requirements and operation of the regulations and procedures and will not extend to assistance with the preparation of a Request for an Appeal Hearing which remains the responsibility of the individual student; or to assistance with any Appeal Hearing.

9.2.12 A student who is considering seeking an appeal hearing is strongly advised to contact the Students Union. Staff of the Students Union are able to give advice on the regulations and their operation. They may also assist with the identification and framing of the grounds on which the appeal is sought; and/or advise or represent the student during any subsequent Appeal Hearing.

9.2.13 A student whose case is under consideration within these regulations and procedures normally shall have the right to continue with his or her studies until such time as a final decision is reached, unless this conflicts with requirements in respect of professional practice. The determination of the requirements of professional practice will be taken by the relevant Dean of School (or nominee) on the advice of appropriate members of staff. The right to continue studies is intended to ensure that a student whose appeal is successful is not academically disadvantaged. Accordingly:

- it shall not be interpreted as acceptance of the student on a subsequent level of the course of study; and
- satisfactory progress during such attendance is not admissible as evidence in any stage of the appeal process.

This right shall not apply to any student whose fees, charges and other debts have not been paid within the academic session in which the debts were incurred, or the period



of the course of study. The University Secretary's Office will make the administrative arrangements necessary to ensure that the student's formal status is appropriate for this purpose.

### **Meeting Expenses Incurred through Appeal**

9.2.14 Subject to the limits below, the University will meet reasonable and proportionate expenses necessarily incurred by:

- any appellant; and
- one accompanying person where the student would otherwise be attending the appeal alone.

The University will require appropriate documentary evidence, including receipts, in support of all such expenses.

The University will not meet, and is not liable for, the following:

- expenses incurred by an appellant who fails to attend a hearing
- travel expenses of an accompanying person travelling from outside the UK
- costs of legal advice
- expenses of any Officer of the Students Union
- expenses of any friend of the appellant, where the appellant is accompanied or represented by the Students Union.

The University Secretary will make a decision, which shall be final, in respect of a dispute over:

- the legitimacy of a specified expense
- the amount claimed
- the validity of supporting evidence.

## **9.3 Grounds for Appeal**

9.3.1 Permission for an Appeal Hearing against a decision of a Module Board, Progression and Award Board, Research Degrees Sub-Committee or Academic Misconduct Board acting in accordance with the academic regulations of the University will only be granted where a student can show valid grounds for such an appeal.

9.3.2 It is the student's responsibility to provide the University with sufficient information for a decision on acceptance or rejection of grounds for appeal to be made. The evidence which it is intended to submit need not necessarily be included in the

Request for an Appeal Hearing, but the nature of such evidence needs to be identified. The submission of evidence must take place within 5 working days of the appeal request being submitted.

### **Academic Judgement**

9.3.3 Disagreement with the academic judgement of a Module Board, Progression and Award Board, Research Degrees Sub-Committee or Academic Misconduct Board cannot, in itself, constitute a valid ground for appeal. The Appeal process within the University may result in an amendment to the decisions of a Module Board, Progression and Award Board, Research Degrees Sub-Committee or Academic Misconduct Board. Where this is the case, it should be clearly understood that this is not a review of the soundness of the original academic judgement made in respect of the assessment or assessments in question. An amendment to a decision of a Module Board, Progression and Award Board, Research Degrees Sub-Committee or Academic Misconduct Board is a recognition that, while extraneous or more recently disclosed circumstances make it appropriate to change the final decision in respect of a student, the integrity and soundness of the initial academic judgement itself is not thereby questioned.

### **Valid Grounds for Appeal – Taught Undergraduate and Postgraduate Courses**

9.3.4 There are 4 categories of valid grounds for appeal. These are:

- computational error
- material procedural or administrative error
- course management deficiencies
- extenuating circumstances, which, for valid reasons, were not previously disclosed.

Further information on each of these grounds can be found below.

### **Computational Error**

9.3.5 A student who has reason to believe that a computational error has been made in respect of their results, should lodge a Request for an Appeal Hearing, stating:

- the reasons for the belief that a computational error has taken place
- what they think the computation should have been and why.

The University Secretary's Office will raise the query with the School/Partner concerned. If the belief is found to be correct, appropriate action to rectify the matter

will be taken by the Dean of School (or nominee); the student notified of this; and the matter deemed to be concluded informally without the need for an Appeal Hearing. If the School/Partner maintains the computation is correct, and the student does not accept this view, the matter will proceed to appeal.

### **Material Procedural or Administrative Error**

9.3.6 An Appeal Hearing on the grounds of material procedural or administrative error might arise in relation to concerns about:

- the conduct of assessments or examinations
- the proceedings of the Module Board, Progression and Award Board, Research Degrees Sub-Committee or Academic Misconduct Board.

A student who has reason to believe that a material procedural or administrative error has been made, should lodge a Request for an Appeal Hearing, stating:

- details of the procedural or administrative error which they believe has occurred
- in what way this was material to the determination of their results
- in what way they feel disadvantaged on account of this alleged error
- what evidence there is of the error, and, if available, evidence of adverse consequences of it.

### **Course Management Deficiencies**

9.3.7 The University expects that students will seek to have any perceived deficiencies in the management of the course of study rectified through the available mechanisms or procedures at the time when they were thought to have occurred.

A student seeking an Appeal Hearing on the grounds of material deficiencies in the management of a course, or any component of a course, should lodge a Request for an Appeal Hearing stating:

- details of the alleged deficiencies
- the time when they took place
- in what way these deficiencies were material to the determination of his or her results
- in what way they feel disadvantaged on account of this alleged irregularity
- what action the student took to have these deficiencies rectified and the outcome of this
- or (as relevant)

- why the student did not seek to rectify the deficiencies through course mechanisms or other University procedures.

Permission for an Appeal Hearing to take place on the grounds of course management deficiencies will be granted only where the student can show one of the following:

- the mechanisms available within the management of the course were not made available to them
- that the mechanisms did not remedy the deficiencies
- that there were valid reasons why they did not use these mechanisms
- that there were valid reasons why the concern was not raised through other University procedures.

### **Previously Undisclosed Extenuating Circumstances**

9.3.8 The University expects that any extenuating circumstances which a student wishes to have taken into account are disclosed prior to the meeting of a Module Board, Progression and Award Board, Research Degrees Sub-Committee or Academic Misconduct Board acting in accordance with the academic regulations of the University. For extenuating circumstances to be considered at an Appeal Hearing, evidence needs to be produced by the student showing that they were:

- unable to do this;  
or
- for valid reasons, unwilling to do this.

Simple unwillingness to disclose personal circumstances is insufficient for permission for an Appeal Hearing to be given on these grounds. For a claim of valid reasons for non-disclosure to be accepted, it is normally expected that

- the circumstances themselves were exceptionally serious, or had an exceptionally serious impact on the student's academic performance;
- *and*
- there were substantial and grave reasons why the student was unwilling to disclose them.

A student who seeks an Appeal Hearing on the grounds that previously undisclosed extenuating circumstances have adversely affected their results, should lodge a Request for an Appeal Hearing stating:

- the nature of the extenuating circumstances

- evidence of the extenuating circumstances
- the reasons why they were unable to submit these prior to the meeting of the Module Board, Progression and Award Board, Research Degrees Sub-Committee or Academic Misconduct Board , and evidence of the reasons
- or (as relevant)
- the reasons why they were unwilling to do this, and any supporting evidence for this claim.

### **Valid grounds for Appeal – Research Students**

9.3.9 The principles for considering appeal requests from research students are the same as those for undergraduate students. However, the grounds available for appeal, the constitution of the Research Appeal Panel and role of the Research Degrees Sub-Committee reflect key differences between undergraduate and postgraduate research study. The specific arrangements for research appeals are set out below.

### **Right of appeal**

9.3.10 Research students may appeal against the following:

- A Confirmation of Registration or Progression Meeting decision
- A decision to withdraw the student from study
- An examination decision

### **Grounds for appeal – research students**

9.3.11 Permission for an Appeal Hearing against a decision of Research Degrees Sub-Committee will only be granted where a student can show grounds for such an appeal. There are four categories of valid grounds for appeal by research students:

- Procedural irregularity
- Inadequate supervision
- Unfair or improper assessment
- Previously undisclosed extenuating circumstances

Further information about each ground is provided below.

### **Procedural irregularity**

9.3.12 An Appeal Hearing on the ground of procedural irregularity might arise in relation to concerns about:

- The conduct of a Confirmation of Registration meeting, a Progression meeting or a viva voce examination.
- The proceedings of the Research Degrees Sub-Committee

A student who has reason to believe that a procedural irregularity has occurred should submit a Request for an Appeal stating:

- details of the procedural irregularity which they believe has occurred
- in what way this has affected the determination of their results
- in what way they believe they were disadvantaged as a result of the irregularity
- what evidence there is of the error and, if available, evidence of any adverse consequences.

### **Inadequate supervision**

9.3.13 The University expects that research students will seek to have any perceived deficiencies in supervision rectified through the available mechanisms at the time that they were believed to have occurred.

A student seeking an Appeal Hearing on the ground of inadequate supervision should submit a Request for an Appeal Hearing stating:

- details of the alleged inadequacies
- when they occurred
- in what way these inadequacies were material to the determination of their results
- in what way they believe they have been disadvantaged by the supervision
- what action the student took to have these issues rectified and the outcome of this action

or (as relevant)

- why the student did not seek to rectify the inadequacies through the available mechanisms and University procedures.

Permission for an Appeal Hearing on the ground of inadequate supervision will only be granted where the student can show one of the following:

- the mechanisms available within the management of the research were not made available to them
- the mechanisms did not remedy the inadequacies
- there were valid reasons why they did not use these mechanisms

- there were valid reasons why the concern was not raised through other University procedures.

### **Unfair or improper assessment**

9.3.14 Students may not challenge the academic judgement of their supervisory team, internal and external examiners or the Research Degrees Sub-Committee.

A student seeking an Appeal Hearing on the ground of unfair or improper assessment should submit a Request for an Appeal Hearing stating:

- details of when the assessment took place
- why they believe that there was unfair or improper assessment on the part of one or more of the examiners
- in what way the conduct of the assessment was material to the determination of their results.

Permission for an Appeal Hearing on this ground will only be granted where the student provides evidence of unfair or improper assessment on the part of one or more of the examiners or decision makers at assessment points leading to final examination (e.g. Confirmation of Registration, or Progression meeting).

### **Previously undisclosed extenuating circumstances**

9.3.15 The University expects that any extenuating circumstances which a student wishes to have taken into account are disclosed prior to the meeting of the Research Degrees Sub-Committee or Academic acting in accordance with the academic regulations of the University. For extenuating circumstances to be considered at an Appeal Hearing, evidence needs to be produced by the student showing that they were:

- unable to do this;

*or*

- for valid reasons, unwilling to do this.

Simple unwillingness to disclose personal circumstances is insufficient for permission for an Appeal Hearing to be given on these grounds. For a claim of valid reasons for non-disclosure to be accepted, it is normally expected that

- the circumstances themselves were exceptionally serious, or had an exceptionally serious impact on the student's academic performance;

and

- there were substantial and grave reasons why the student was unwilling to disclose them.

A student who seeks an Appeal Hearing on the grounds that previously undisclosed extenuating circumstances have adversely affected their results, should lodge a Request for an Appeal Hearing stating:

- the nature of the extenuating circumstances
- evidence of the extenuating circumstances
- the reasons why they were unable to submit these prior to the meeting of the Research Degrees Sub-Committee, and evidence of the reasons or (as relevant)
- the reasons why they were unwilling to do this, and any supporting evidence for this claim.

## 9.4 Timescales for Appeal

9.4.1 All Requests for an Appeal Hearing should be submitted within the maximum submission time of 15 working days after the formal publication of decisions of a Module Board, Progression and Award Board, Research Degrees Sub-Committee or Academic Misconduct Board. “Working Days” includes weekdays and vacations. Saturdays, Sundays, Bank Holidays, Customary Days, and other days when the University is closed are not working days for the purposes of these regulations.

9.4.2 The University intends to determine speedily whether there are valid grounds for seeking an Appeal Hearing; and to hold any permitted Appeal Hearing promptly. The University has developed a service standard for handling requests for an appeal hearing. The full service standard may be found in the procedures which accompany this section of the regulations. The University undertakes to endeavour to meet the timescales of the service standard, but accepts no liability for failure to do so.

9.4.3 In exceptional cases, or where it becomes apparent that an appeal is likely to be complex and protracted; or where relevant evidence cannot be speedily obtained and presented; variation of the expected timescales should be agreed between the student and the University.

9.4.4 A Request for an Appeal Hearing must be lodged with the University Secretary’s Office within 15 days as specified above. Permission for an Appeal Hearing to take place will not normally be given in respect of a request lodged outside of these timescales, and late submissions will normally be rejected as out of time, unless a student can show good and valid reasons for its late submission. The University Secretary (or nominee) has the discretion to extend the deadline for submission of the Request for an Appeal Hearing in exceptional circumstances where the student has shown serious and valid reasons for:



- the late submission
- the failure to contact the University Secretary's Office prior to the deadline.

## 9.5 Submission of Information and Evidence for Appeal

9.5.1 The nature of the information and evidence required in support of the appeal request is identified in Section 9.3 above. The purpose of the submission of information and evidence at this point is twofold:

- it enables the University to reach a decision on whether or not valid grounds for appeal exist;
- and, where an Appeal Hearing is granted
- it is forwarded to the School/Partner in question to enable them to prepare an Appeal Response, which will be sent to the student prior to the Appeal Hearing itself.

9.5.2 Acceptance of submissions without evidence, or indication of evidence (as appropriate) is at the discretion of the University Secretary, who will appoint a designated officer to make a decision on such submissions and notify the student accordingly. This decision is final.

9.5.3 Requests for an Appeal Hearing should also, if possible, include the names of any persons the student would hope to call as a witness at an Appeal Hearing, and the expected nature of that evidence. The University recognises that this may not be appropriate until after the student has received the Appeal Response from the School/Partner.

9.5.4 It is expected that the evidence to be used at any Appeal Hearing is either disclosed or identified at the point of submission of the request for an appeal hearing. No new *matter* (e.g. different grounds for appeal) will be permitted at the Appeal Hearing. At the discretion of the Chair of the Appeal Panel, supplementary evidence germane to the issue raised may be permitted, where this arises in reply to the Appeal Response, or for some other good reason. (See Regulation 9.11.9)

## 9.6 University Consideration of a Request for an Appeal Hearing

9.6.1 All appeal submissions will be acknowledged by email within three working days and the date by which a final outcome should be available will be confirmed. Students can normally expect to receive the outcome within 20 working days of submitting a request. If this is exceeded, the student will be advised and a revised deadline provided.

9.6.2 Requests for an Appeal Hearing will be considered to establish whether valid grounds exist on which an Appeal Hearing may be granted. This will be done on the basis of:

- the statements made in the Request for an Appeal Hearing; and
- the evidence submitted.

Consideration at this point concerns the establishment of the validity or otherwise of the grounds claimed for an Appeal Hearing and does not extend to any judgement on the merits of any permitted Appeal Hearing, which is a matter for the designated Appeal Panel.

The University Secretary or nominee of appropriate seniority will consider the Request for an Appeal Hearing and will decide:

- that valid grounds exist;  
or
- that valid grounds do not exist.

The nominee may be a designated senior member of University staff but not from the same academic subject area as the student requesting an appeal hearing. A list of designated staff is maintained by the University Secretary's Office.

The request will be reviewed by another designated senior member of staff. This reconsideration will result in:

- an Appeal Hearing being granted;  
or
- the Appeal Hearing being rejected  
or
- the matter being referred for further, final, consideration

If both designated senior members of staff did not concur on the decision reached, the matter will be referred for consideration by the University Secretary (or nominee). The University Secretary (or nominee) will decide:

- that valid grounds exist, in which case an Appeal Hearing is granted at this stage  
or
- that valid grounds do not exist, in which case the Request for an Appeal Hearing is rejected.

The decision of the University Secretary (or nominee) ends the process of consideration of grounds. Students may request a review of the decision to reject their request for an appeal hearing (see Section 9.7 below)

### **No Detriment to Academic Outcomes**

9.6.3 A decision to reject an appeal shall not adversely affect a student's Academic Outcomes decided by the Module Board, Progression and Award Board, Research Degrees Sub-Committee or Academic Misconduct Board, except in cases where it has been found that an incorrect mark or other material information has been presented to the Module Board and/or Progression and Award Board.

## **9.7 Informal Resolution**

9.7.1 Where it has been found that valid grounds for appeal do exist, the University Secretary's Office will seek to determine whether the case may be resolved informally without the need to convene an appeal hearing.

9.7.2 Informal resolution will be sought at appropriate points in the process, including, but not exclusively following, Initial Consideration, Review of initial decision, Final consideration and upon compilation of the School Response.

The Dean or their nominee will be the point of contact for all matters relating to Informal Resolution within each School.

Where a student is not satisfied with any proposed informal resolution, the formal appeals process will be reinstated. The outcome will be notified to the student within 20 working days from the date of the rejection of the informal resolution.

## **9.8 Review Stage**

9.8.1 Students may request a review of the decision to reject their request for an appeal hearing on the grounds of:

- procedural irregularity; and/or
- that new evidence is available which was not available at the time that the appeal request was submitted.

A Request for review must be submitted within 10 working days of the notification of the outcome of the Request for an Appeal Hearing.

Requests for review will be considered by the University Secretary or designated senior member of University staff. The designated member of staff will have no prior involvement in the case and will not be from the same academic subject area as the student.

The University Secretary or nominee of appropriate seniority will consider the Request for a Review and will decide:

- that valid grounds exist, in which case an Appeal Hearing is granted;  
or
- that valid grounds do not exist, in which case the Request is rejected.

## **9.9 Completion of Procedures Letter and Use of the Office of the Independent Adjudicator**

9.9.1 Where it is decided that no valid grounds for appeal exist following the Review Stage, the student will be notified in writing of the finding and the reasons for it, and informed that the process is now at an end. This communication will be a formal “Completion of Procedures” letter for the purposes of any application to the Office of the Independent Adjudicator. Where a student does not request a Review, a “Completion of Procedures” letter will be issued at the expiry of the deadline for submitting a request for a Review. A student whose Request for an Appeal Hearing has been rejected by the University has the right to refer the matter to the Office of the Independent Adjudicator. See Appendix A for details on this.

## **9.10 Membership of Appeal Panels**

### **Undergraduate and Postgraduate Taught Courses**

9.10.1 Appeals against a decision of a Module Board, Progression and Award Board or Academic Misconduct Board will normally be heard by an Appeal Panel of 3 members, which will consist of:

- one member of Academic Board and
- two further members who are Heads of Subject

One of whom shall be appointed as Chair.

No member of the Appeal Panel shall be drawn from the appellant’s Academic Subject area.

In exceptional circumstances (absence due to illness or other unforeseen circumstance) an appeal hearing panel may be heard by the Chair and one panel member. If the panel falls below this membership requirement the appeal hearing cannot proceed and must be re-scheduled.

9.10.2 A representative of the University Secretary's Office with appropriate experience shall be in attendance at all hearings. The remit of this representative is to seek to clarify facts (if appropriate); to advise; and, where necessary, to direct the Appeal Panel to ensure consistency of outcomes and the avoidance of perverse decisions. A perverse decision is one which is grossly inconsistent with the evidence presented; proposes a disproportionate remedy outside the normal scope of the University regulations, or fails to give a reasonable remedy in the light of the circumstances

In the event of non-resolvable differences between the representative of the University Secretary's Office and the Appeal Panel, the Chair of the Appeal Panel will inform the University Secretary. The University Secretary will remit the matter for consideration and determination of outcome to the Chair of Academic Board, whose decision on the matter shall be final.

### **Research Appeal Hearings – Panel Membership**

9.10.3 Appeals made by research students will normally be heard by a Research Appeal Panel of three members which will consist of:

- Deputy Vice-Chancellor (Research & Enterprise) or nominee
- Two Directors of Research

The Deputy Vice-Chancellor (or nominee) will chair the hearing. No member of the Research Appeal Panel shall be drawn from the appellant's academic subject area.

In exceptional circumstances, (e.g. absence due to illness or other unforeseen circumstance) an appeal may be heard by the Chair (or nominee) and one panel member. If the Panel falls below this requirement, the hearing must be rescheduled.

The Research Student Manager shall attend to ensure compliance with the Research Regulations.

A representative of the University Secretary's Office with appropriate experience shall also be in attendance. The remit of this representative is to seek to clarify facts (if appropriate); to advise; and, where necessary, to direct the Research Appeal Panel

to ensure consistency of outcomes and the avoidance of perverse decisions. A perverse decision is one which is grossly inconsistent with the evidence presented; proposes a disproportionate remedy outside the normal scope of the University regulations or fails to give a reasonable remedy in the light of the circumstances.

In the event of non-resolvable differences between the representative of the University Secretary's Office and the Research Appeal Panel, the Chair of the Panel will inform the University Secretary. The University Secretary will remit the matter for consideration and determination of outcome to the Chair of Academic Board, whose decision on the matter shall be final.

### **Decisions of the Research Appeal Panel**

9.10.4 The Research Appeal Panel will determine whether the appeal is upheld or not upheld.

Where an appeal is upheld, the Research Appeal Panel will refer the matter to the Research Degrees Sub-Committee to determine an appropriate remedy.

## **9.11 Preparing for an Appeal Hearing**

### **Student Responsibilities Following Notification of an Appeal Hearing**

9.11.1 Where an appeal has been granted the student will be notified by email and the School will have 15 working days from the date of the decision to resolve the matter locally. If this is exceeded, the student will be advised and a revised date provided by which the hearing will take place.

9.11.2 A student may choose:

- to attend and participate in the Appeal Hearing in person
- to have the appeal considered through written submission(s) only, without personal attendance. Where a student chooses this option they must inform the University Secretary of this in writing at the time of submission of the Request for an Appeal Hearing. Unless such notification is received it will be assumed that the student will be attending the Appeal Hearing in person, and the regulations below relating to attendance will operate.

9.11.3 In exceptional circumstances, for example a student being resident abroad or having serious mobility difficulties, the University Secretary has the discretion to permit a telephone conference to be used. It is the student's responsibility to seek this

permission from the University Secretary, and it should be understood that ordinary timescales cannot apply to such arrangements. Should this process be agreed, a variant on the normal conduct of the hearing will be used for the determination of the appeal.

- 9.11.4 The appeal processes are designed to provide for the prompt hearing of any appeal. A student granted an Appeal Hearing is required to give contact information; and is deemed to have agreed to access that form of contact (e-mail or letter) regularly; and to contact the University Secretary's Office if expected communications have not been received, or if any other material difficulties arise which may impede the process.

### **Identification of Witnesses**

- 9.11.5 It is the responsibility of the student to inform the University at the earliest opportunity of the name of any witness which they would wish to call at the Appeal Hearing, and the expected nature of the evidence. Witnesses not identified within the prescribed timescales will not be permitted to attend the hearing. It is the responsibility of the student to ensure the attendance of any witnesses at the Appeal Hearing. If a witness is unable to attend the hearing, the student may present a written statement from the witness, provided that the identity of the witness has previously been disclosed. The non-availability of a witness will not be a valid reason for a change to the date of the Appeal Hearing, unless the University Secretary's representative at the Appeal Hearing decides that the evidence of the witness is essential to the determination of the facts of the matter.

### **Date of Appeal Hearing**

- 9.11.6 A date for the Appeal Hearing will be sent to the student. It is the responsibility of the student to be available on this date, unless they have chosen to have the hearing conducted through written representations only. It will not normally be possible for this date to be changed, and this will only be done in respect of exceptional circumstances, for example medical treatment. Holiday arrangements do not constitute a valid reason for seeking to change the date of the Appeal Hearing.

Where a student anticipating an award of the University has asked for, and been given, a postponement of the Appeal Hearing; it is unlikely that the re-arranged hearing will take place before the relevant award ceremony.

If a student fails to attend for the Appeal Hearing, or, where this has been arranged, is unavailable by telephone; the Chair of the Appeal Panel will determine either

- to proceed on the basis of the written evidence available; or
- to terminate the Appeal Hearing and dismiss the appeal.

The decision of the Chair of the Appeal Panel is final. Where the Chair of the Appeal Panel has taken the decision that the Hearing should be terminated and the appeal dismissed, the matter will be deemed concluded at this point; unless the University Secretary accepts that there were good grounds for the student's absence or non-contactability, and arranges for another hearing to take place.

It is the responsibility of the student to inform the University Secretary of the reasons for the absence or non-contactability and seek a re-arranged hearing. Such re-arrangement is at the discretion of the University Secretary, whose decision on the matter is final.

### **Refusal of Re-arranged Hearing**

9.11.7 Where a re-arranged Appeal Hearing is refused the student will be notified in writing of the refusal and the reasons for it and informed that the process is now at an end. This communication will be a formal "Completion of Process" letter for the purposes of any application to the Office of the Independent Adjudicator. A student whose appeal has been terminated without an Appeal Hearing taking place has the right to refer the matter to the Office of the Independent Adjudicator. See Appendix A for details on this.

### **Information to the School/Partner and Appeal Response**

9.11.8 Once permission for an Appeal Hearing to take place has been granted the submission and evidence contained in the Request for an Appeal Hearing (Student Submission) will be sent to the Dean or their nominee.

The Dean or their nominee is responsible for undertaking an investigation within the School/Partner and producing the Appeal Response (School Response) to the Student Submission. This investigation is conducted between appropriate academic colleagues and does not involve an interview with the student who is appealing.

The Appeal Response will be sent to the student to enable them to prepare for the Appeal Hearing. The Appeal Response is the substantive response to the matter raised by the student. The School/Partner will not normally be able to raise any new matter or use further evidence in the Appeal Hearing itself.



The Dean or their nominee will propose an experienced member of staff to represent the School at the Appeal Hearing. This person must have been present at the meeting of the Module Board, Progression and Award Board or Research Degrees Sub-Committee in question. The Dean or their nominee should notify the University Secretary's Office of any member of staff who will be attending the hearing at the time when the School/Partner Response is submitted, in order that the student can be informed of their identity.

If the School/Partner fails to make a response within the required timescale, the Appeal will be considered to be non-contested, and the matter referred to an Appeal Panel for remedy only.

### **Information from the Student**

9.11.9 On receipt of the Appeal Response, the student should notify the University Secretary's Office if they

- wish to produce evidence in reply to the Appeal Response, indicating what that evidence will be
- wish to call a witness or witnesses in reply to the Appeal Response, indicating the nature of the proposed testimony.

### **Agreement by the School/ Partner to Informal Resolution**

9.11.10 The Dean or their nominee, after consultation with colleagues, and the external examiner(s) if relevant, may accept that the student's appeal is well founded. In such a case, the University Secretary or their nominee should propose a remedy to the student. It is expected that such a proposed remedy will be in accord with decisions normally taken by a Progression and Award Board. Such a remedy will be deemed to resolve the appeal informally.

Where the proposal would involve the recommendation for an award of the University above the level of Certificate of Higher Education, or an amendment to the classification of a Bachelor Degree with honours, or the designation of Merit/Distinction to a Masters award, the Dean or their nominee must consult with the external examiner(s), and confirm to the University Secretary that this has taken place.

The University Secretary's Office is responsible for ensuring that this consultation has taken place.

Where the external examiner does not agree with a proposal to recommend an award of the University, or amend a degree classification or designation the matter will be remitted for consideration by an Appeal Panel.

If the student accepts the proposed remedy, the matter is terminated at this point; and the appropriate amendment made to the minutes of the Progression and Award Board;

If the student does not agree with the remedy proposed through informal resolution, an appeal panel will be convened. The Student and a representative of the School will be invited to attend the Appeal Hearing to discuss a suitable remedy.

## 9.12 Conduct of the Appeal Hearing

9.12.1 The Appeal Hearing will be conducted in accordance with the procedures which accompany this section of the regulations.

9.12.2 All Appeal Panels will seek to carry out their remit by:

- seeking to establish the facts of the matter
- seeking to establish the degree of gravity of the circumstances
- on the basis of the evidence presented, reach a finding that an appeal is upheld or rejected
- determine a course of action in respect of appeals which have been upheld.

9.12.3 Where the grounds for appeal concern previously undisclosed extenuating circumstances, the Appeal Panel in seeking to carry out the remit above, will pay particular attention to:

- seeking to establish the facts of the matter in respect of the extenuating circumstances claimed
- seeking to establish, on the basis of the evidence presented, whether there were good grounds for the previous non-disclosure of these circumstances
- on the basis of the above consideration, reach a finding that an appeal is upheld or rejected
- where an appeal is upheld, determine the gravity of the extenuating circumstances themselves, in accordance with University Codes of Practice for Taught Students Section 9
- in the light of this determination of gravity, determine any appropriate course of action.

9.12.4 Where the grounds for appeal are other than those relating to previously undisclosed extenuating circumstances, the essence of the Appeal Hearing process is that the School/Partner will be invited to respond to the substance of the appeal (Appeal Response) and members of staff of the School/Partner will be eligible to participate in an Appeal Hearing and contest the appeal.

9.12.5 Where the grounds relate to previously undisclosed extenuating circumstances, the School will be invited to send a representative to attend the Appeal Hearing to comment on matters relating to the course and the implementation of any proposed outcomes of the Appeal.

9.12.6 Appeal Panels are required to consider each appeal on its individual merits and the circumstances of the case; and, where appropriate, to determine an appropriate remedy for the particular circumstances in question, in accordance with these regulations. No precedent may arise from an appeal, and no precedent may be cited in the course of an appeal.

### **Standard of Proof**

9.12.7 Where the facts of the matter are at issue, the standard of proof required by the Appeal Panel in respect of all appeals, is that of “balance of probabilities”.

### **Adjournment**

9.12.8 The Chair of the Appeal Panel has the authority to adjourn the Appeal Hearing should the need for this become apparent, for example to seek further clarification of evidence produced.

### **Information to the Appeal Panel**

9.12.9 The Appeal Panel will be provided with the following information:

- the minutes of the relevant Module Board, Progression and Award Board, Research Degrees Sub-Committee or Academic Misconduct Board
- details of the student’s academic profile
- outcomes of any requests for consideration of extenuating circumstances made by the student where these apply to any assessments which are the subject of the appeal
- the course regulations.
- Course Handbook
- Any other information from the student file which the School determines is relevant to its case.

Where the ground of appeal concerns previously undisclosed extenuating circumstances, the panel will also receive:

- minutes of the relevant Mitigation Panel (to ensure that double-mitigation is not being sought)

The Appeal Panel shall have the right to access any other information it considers may be relevant.

### **Evidence in Person**

9.12.10 The Appeal Panel will hear evidence from:

- the student
- all other appropriate persons.
- And – for all grounds for appeal which do not involve previously undisclosed extenuating circumstances:
- the School representative proposed by the Dean or their nominee

### **Written Evidence**

9.12.11 The Appeal Panel will consider:

- written evidence produced by the appellant (Student Submission)
- written witness statements.
- And – for all grounds of appeal which do not involve previously undisclosed extenuating circumstances:
- written evidence produced by the School/Partner (Appeal Response)

### **Decisions on Conclusion of the Hearing and Any Consequent Action**

9.12.12 At the conclusion of the hearing, the Appeal Panel will reach one of these decisions:

- the appeal is upheld
- the appeal is rejected.

Where the appeal is upheld, the Panel will also determine any appropriate action in respect of this finding. Where the appeal is on the grounds of hitherto undisclosed extenuating circumstances, the Appeal Panel will first categorise the grounds themselves as provided for in the Code of Practice for Taught Students Section 2.7, before determining appropriate action.

### **Notification to the Student**

9.12.13 The decision and any action arising from an appeal hearing will be notified to the student in writing within 5 working days. Where the Appeal Panel proposes to recommend an award of the University above the level of Certificate of Higher Education, or amend the classification of a Bachelor degree with honours, or the designation of Merit/Distinction to a Masters Award, the student will be informed that such a recommendation or amendment is subject to consultation with the external examiner.

Where some delay is anticipated in reaching a decision on any proposed action arising from an upheld appeal, the student should be advised of this, and given an indication of when it is anticipated the matter will be concluded.

Research awards of the University cannot be made without successful completion of the relevant examination process.

### **No Amendment to a Student's Academic Outcome**

9.12.14 An Appeal Panel may decide that the appeal itself is upheld, but that the circumstances do not warrant an amendment of the decision on the student's Academic Outcomes reached by the Module Board, Progression and Award Board, Research Degrees Sub-Committee or Academic Misconduct Board. In such a case, the Appeal Panel will determine whether any other outcome, for example an apology, is appropriate.

### **Amendment to an Academic Outcome**

9.12.15 If the Appeal Panel determines that an amendment should be made to an Academic Outcome as determined by the Module Boards, Progression and Award Boards, Research Degrees Sub-Committee or Academic Misconduct Board, this should be one of the actions authorised under the Code of Practice for Taught Students, Sections 2.5, or 3 in the case of research students, of the University Academic Regulations.

### **Consultation with the Chair of the Progression and Award Board**

9.12.16 If the Appeal Panel considers that it is appropriate, members may consult with the Chair of the Module Board, Progression and Award Board or Academic Misconduct

Board. This would normally be solely for the purpose of ensuring consistency of treatment with other students.

### **Professional, Statutory or Regulatory Body Courses**

9.12.17 Where the course of study is accredited by a Professional, Statutory or Regulatory Body, the Appeal Panel must consult with the Chair of the Progression and Award Board or the relevant Dean of School or nominee to ensure that any proposed amendment to the decision is compatible with the requirements of the Body in question.

### **Consultation with External Examiners**

9.12.18 Where the Appeal Panel proposes the recommendation of an award of the University above the level of Certificate of Higher Education, or that an amendment be made to the classification of a Bachelor degree with honours, or that the designation of Merit/Distinction be given in respect of non-honours awards, this may be done only after consultation with the External Examiner for the course of study, or the Chief External Examiner where there are several. The written consent of the external examiner is required for the above. This may be by oral agreement followed by written confirmation.

Where an external examiner does not agree with a proposal to recommend an award of the University; amend the classification of a Bachelor degree with honours; or designate Merit or Distinction for non-honours awards, the Chair of the Appeal Panel will inform the University Secretary. The University Secretary will remit the matter for consideration and determination between the Chair of Academic Board and the external examiner. The Chair of Academic Board's decision on the matter shall be final.

### **Errors or Irregularities Affecting More than One Student**

9.12.19 If the Appeal Panel has reason to believe that an error or irregularity raised during the Appeal Hearing may have adversely affected the performance of more than one student, the Chair of the Appeal Panel shall discuss the finding with the Dean or their nominee or nominee. The purpose of that discussion will be to establish whether or not more than one student was adversely affected, and if so, what remedial action might be appropriate in respect of other students. Where the circumstances are found to have affected the entire cohort of students, the matter shall be reported to the University Secretary. The University Secretary will inform the Chair of the

Academic Board, who, after consultation with such colleagues as are deemed appropriate, will determine a course of action to be taken.

The course of action to be taken will be determined in the light of the circumstances of the case and the need for equitable and fair treatment of students of the University; and includes the authority to annul an examination, or any other assessment or part of it. In order to provide for equitable and fair treatment of students of the University, any course of action determined on in such a case is not limited to action which is currently provided for within the academic regulations.

### **Conclusion of the Appeal Process**

9.12.20 The decision of the Appeal Panel, or Chair of Academic Board where relevant, is final; and ends the process of appeal. There is no further appeal mechanism available in the University. On conclusion of the process, all students who have had an appeal hearing will receive a formal letter from the University, setting out:

- the decision
- a summary of the reasons for the decision
- notification of any outcome arising from the decision
- confirmation that the process is now at an end. This communication will be a formal “Completion of Procedures” letter for the purposes of any application to the Office of the Independent Adjudicator.

### **Office of the Independent Adjudicator**

9.12.21 A student whose Appeal has been rejected by the University, or who is otherwise dissatisfied with the process or its conduct, has the right to refer the matter to the Office of the Independent Adjudicator. See Appendix A for details on this.

### **Amendment to Minutes of Progression and Award Boards and the Student Record System**

9.12.22 Where the outcome of the Appeal Hearing is an amendment to the Academic Outcome of the student, the University Secretary or nominee will so inform the Dean or their nominee in order that the necessary addendum to the Minutes of the Board or Committee and student record system, recording that amendment, can be made.

**Report to Faculties on Outcomes**

9.12.23 The University Secretary (or nominee) will inform each Dean or their nominee of the outcome of Appeals to facilitate future enhancement of the student experience. This information will be anonymised to maintain student confidentiality.

**Report to the Academic Board**

9.12.24 The University Secretary will make an annual report to the Academic Board of the University or its Committees on the Appeal Process.



## APPENDIX A: APPLICATION TO THE OFFICE OF THE INDEPENDENT ADJUDICATOR

9.A1 A student who is dissatisfied with the academic appeal process or its conduct has the right to submit an application to the Independent Adjudicator that their dissatisfaction be reviewed independently of the University.

9.A2 This right may be exercised only once the internal processes have been exhausted.

9.A3 The University issues a "Completion of Procedures" letter when:

- permission to appeal has not been granted;
- or, as relevant
- at the conclusion of an Appeal Hearing or earlier resolution.

This letter is the formal University confirmation that the internal process is at an end.

9.A4 A Framework Application Form must be completed in order to make a submission to the Office of the Independent Adjudicator.

9.A5 This must be received within 3 months of the date of the "Completion of Procedures" letter.

9.A6 The Office of the Independent Adjudicator will not review:

- Admissions
- Academic judgement
- Student employment
- Matters which have already been considered by a court or tribunal and where the proceedings have been concluded
- Matters which are being considered by a court or tribunal where the proceedings have not been **stayed**
- Matters which have not materially affected the complainant as a student
- Matters which they have already dealt with
- Complaints where the main issues complained about took place more than three years before the complaint is received by the OIA.

9.A7 Further information on the Office of the Independent Adjudicator and its services is available on [www.oiahe.org.uk](http://www.oiahe.org.uk).



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# Academic Regulations

# Academic Integrity

## Section 10

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## Section 10

### Academic Integrity

Originating Department:	Quality Assurance Services
Enquiries to:	<a href="mailto:gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk">gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk</a>
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Target Audience:	Relevant for all University staff and students and of particular relevance to:  Academic Integrity Leads, Academic Integrity Co-ordinators and any other colleagues involved in the investigation of unfair practice and Collaborative Partners

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# Section 10: Academic Integrity

## 10.1 Purpose

Academic integrity is a fundamental principle within the University and is strongly linked to good academic practice. This section of the Academic Regulations defines the University's approach to maintaining the academic integrity of students' work and safeguarding against breaches of academic integrity. The University has processes to investigate alleged breaches of academic integrity and, where a breach of academic integrity is admitted or found, applies appropriate penalties as defined in this code.

The University seeks to educate its students about academic integrity prior to assessment to both reduce breaches of academic integrity and to highlight the severity with which certain offences will be dealt. Academic judgement regarding the nature and severity of the case will be applied prior to investigation and may lead to either local or institutional resolution.

## 10.2 General Principles of Academic Integrity

The University will promote academic integrity and will focus on educating students about good academic practice from the start of their course. Students will be required to develop good academic practice throughout the duration of their study at Leeds Beckett University.

The University will ensure that students are treated fairly when being assessed and that any student suspected of a breach of academic integrity will be investigated and will have a fair hearing. However, where a mark has been confirmed by either a Module Board or a joint Module/ Award Board, it is beyond the scope of these regulations.

Opportunities for further education about academic integrity and good academic practice will be provided to students who have admitted to breaching, or been found to have breached, these regulations

Penalties applied to students are appropriate to:

- a) The gravity of the case
- b) The circumstances of the case
- c) The level at which the offence took place
- d) Multiple Offences

There are four categories of investigation which will relate to the level and/or seriousness of the offence.

Clear definitions of offences covered by these regulations will be provided to students. Students will be informed of the consequences of breaching the regulations in respect of academic integrity. Professional Body accreditation may have an impact upon the nature of the penalty or the consequences of breaching academic integrity. All students so affected will be made aware of this.

All forms of assessment are subject to these regulations (see Section 3). A suspected breach of academic integrity in relation to a taught award will be investigated through local or institutional processes. A suspected breach of academic integrity in relation to a research award will be investigated by the Research Degrees Sub-committee.

A suspected breach of academic integrity, whether intentional or unintentional, is a matter of academic judgement and may be considered a breach of these regulations.

Any student suspected of a breach of academic integrity will be provided with information about the alleged offence which explains why they are being investigated.

Any student with a suspected case of unfair practice will have the right to submit extenuating circumstances in explanation of their actions. Where extenuating circumstances are accepted they will be taken into consideration in determining the penalty.

Once an investigation into a possible offence commences, the student may not invoke the Student Complaints Procedure on any matter directly related to the proceedings.

In the event of a finding that no offence has occurred, the documentation associated with the allegation will be shredded/deleted immediately.

Where an offence has been admitted or found, all documentation associated with the case will be retained in accordance with the retention policy.

## **10.3 Code of Practice for Academic Integrity**

### **10.3.1 Definitions**

#### **Poor Academic Practice**

Poor academic practice occurs when the standard of referencing is not at the level required by the nature of the assessment.

## Plagiarism

Plagiarism is the substantial, unacknowledged, incorporation in a student's work of material derived from the work (published or unpublished) of another. "Work" includes, but is not limited to, materials in all formats and sources including print, electronic, online, audio visual etc.

Examples of plagiarism include:

- a) the inclusion in a student's work of substantial extracts from another person's work without the use of quotation marks
- b) the substantial summarising of another person's work without acknowledgement
- c) the substantial and unauthorised use of the ideas of another person without acknowledgement

## Self-Plagiarism

Self-plagiarism occurs when a student submits their own work which has already received credit. This may be part of a piece of work or the entire piece of work.

Self-plagiarism does not apply in circumstances where students are required to complete reassessment or repeat a module(s).

## Collusion

Collusion occurs when a student collaborates with another student in the completion of work which is then submitted as unaided work by either student.

## Cheating

Cheating is unfair behaviour relating to an examination. It includes, but is not limited to

- a) Actions within the examination room
  - communicating with any other candidate during an examination
  - copying from any other candidate during an examination
  - communicating with any other person other than an authorised invigilator or another member of staff during an examination
  - possession of any written or printed materials in the examination room unless expressly permitted by the examination regulations possession of any electronically stored information in the examination room unless expressly permitted by the examination regulations

- use of a mobile phone or other electronic device during an examination, unless expressly permitted by the examination regulations
- b) Actions outside of the examination room
- gaining access to any unauthorised material relating to the examination during or before the examination
  - obtaining a copy of a written examination paper in advance of the time and date for its authorised release.

### Contract Cheating

Contract cheating occurs when a student instructs a third party to do some or all of a piece of work (paid or unpaid).

### Other Forms of Unfair Practice

Other forms of Unfair Practice include, but are not limited to:

- a) offering a bribe or inducement to any member of staff of the University, or any external invigilator or examiner, who is connected with the student's assessments
- b) falsifying data in any piece of work
- c) the assumption by one person of the identity of another person with the intent to deceive or gain unfair advantage
- d) submitting copies of another person's work stored on an electronic device
- e) non-compliance with university research ethics procedures
- f) failure to gain ethical approval for the submitted piece of work, as appropriate.
- g) Other forms of intent to gain unfair advantage.

### 10.3.2 General Provisions

#### Standard of Proof

The standard of proof required at any stage of investigation is that of "the balance of probabilities".

#### Timescales for Investigations

The University intends to deal speedily with any suspected breach of academic integrity and has developed a service standard for investigating suspected breaches. The full service standard can be found in the guidance which accompanies these regulations. The University undertakes to endeavour to meet the timescales of the service standard, but accepts no liability for failure to do so.



In exceptional cases, or where it becomes apparent that investigation of an alleged breach of academic integrity is likely to be complex and protracted; or where relevant evidence cannot be speedily obtained and presented; variation of the expected timescales should be agreed between the student and the University.

### **Academic Integrity Lead**

In order to provide a consistent approach to the promotion of good academic practice and investigation of cases, each Dean of School or equivalent will appoint one or more Academic Integrity Leads at school or subject level as deemed appropriate.

The role of the Academic Integrity Lead is to:

- a) provide advice and guidance to members of staff on academic integrity related issues
- b) determine the level at which cases should be managed
- c) manage the Category 2 process
- d) assist with the delivery of staff development on academic integrity related issues
- e) be co-opted as a member of the University Academic Misconduct Board.

### **Consideration of Individual Cases**

Each case will be considered on its own merits, and on the basis of:

- a) The gravity of the case
- b) The circumstances of the case
- c) The level at which the offence took place
- d) Whether the offence was a repeat offence

### **10.3.3 Suspected Cases**

#### **Making an Allegation**

A suspected breach of academic integrity may be identified by a member of staff of our university or of a collaborative partner.

Taught awards may be investigated following submission of assessment or examination.

Research awards may be investigated prior to or following submission for examination.

## **Determination of Process**

Categorisation of the suspected breach of academic integrity and determination of how it should be investigated is made by the appropriate Academic Integrity Lead and the member of staff identifying the suspected case. This will influence whether the suspected breach is dealt with through a local or institutional process.

The possible processes for investigation are:

### **Overview of Local Processes**

#### **Category 1 – Poor Academic Practice**

Examples of poor academic practice include, but are not limited to:

- a) Inadequate referencing
- b) Plagiarism
- c) Self-plagiarism

#### **Category 2 – Academic Misdemeanour**

Examples of academic misdemeanour include, but are not limited to:

- a) Plagiarism
- b) Self-plagiarism
- c) Repeat instances of poor academic practice
- d) Cheating

### **Overview of Institutional Processes**

#### **Category 3 – Academic Misconduct**

Examples of academic misconduct include, but are not limited to:

- a) Repeat instances of academic misdemeanour
- b) Cheating

#### **Category 4 – Gross Academic Misconduct**

Examples of academic misconduct include, but are not limited to:

- a) Contract cheating
- b) Falsification of data
- c) Cheating

## Local Processes

### Category 1

Outcomes will be determined through standard marking processes.

### Category 2

Category 2 will be conducted by the Academic Integrity Lead.

A student will be given the following information in writing, at least 5 working days in advance of a request to attend a meeting at the local resolution stage:

- a) The reason for their attendance being required
- b) A copy of any relevant report or other evidence
- c) The right to seek advice from the Students' Union
- d) The right to accompaniment/representation

A student will have the right to:

- i. be accompanied by a friend (provided that the friend is not a professionally contracted advocate);
- ii. be accompanied or represented by a Students' Union representative. (This right of accompaniment and representation is a general right and is not the right to accompaniment and/or representation by a specific individual.)

It is the student(s) responsibility to:

- a) Co-operate with the regulations concerning the alleged offence
- b) Attend the investigatory meeting/submit a written response to the allegation
- c) Demonstrate that the work is their own or that the alleged offence has not occurred.

Guidance about the format of the meetings and membership requirements for all processes are provided by Quality Assurance Services.

The outcome of an admitted or found case can be found in the Schedule of Outcomes.

## Institutional Processes

### Categories 3 and 4

An Academic Misconduct Board will be established to investigate suspected cases at categories 3 and 4.

Categorisation of the suspected breach of academic integrity will be reviewed by the Academic Misconduct Board. Where cases may be resolved locally, this will be notified to Schools.

Guidance about the format of the meetings and membership requirements for all processes are provided by Quality Assurance Services.

The outcome of an admitted or found case can be found in the Schedule of Outcomes for taught awards.

### Right to Accompaniment or Representation

A student will be given the following information in writing, at least 10 working days in advance of a meeting of the Board:

- a) The reason for their attendance being required
- b) A copy of any relevant report or other evidence
- c) The right to seek advice from the Students' Union
- d) The right to accompaniment/representation

A student will have the right to:

- a) be accompanied by a friend (provided that the friend is not a professionally contracted advocate);
- b) be accompanied or represented by a Students' Union representative. (This right of accompaniment and representation is a general right and is not the right to accompaniment and/or representation by a specific individual.)

### Responsibilities of Student(s)

It is the student(s) responsibility to:

- a) Attend the meeting and/or submit a written response to the allegation
- b) Seek advice from the Students' Union if required

### Schedule of Outcomes for Taught Awards

The category of the breach and the gravity and circumstances of the case will inform the penalty in accordance with the schedule of outcomes for taught awards. Where extenuating circumstances have been accepted they will be taken into consideration in determining the penalty.

The following outcomes will be available following an admitted or found case:

<b>Investigation Stage</b>	<b>Available Penalties</b>
Category 1 – Poor Academic Practice (Marker)	<p>Work will be marked through standard marking processes.</p> <p>Feedback will include opportunities for further education about academic integrity and good academic practice.</p>
Category 2 – Academic Misdemeanour (Academic Integrity Lead)	<p>A mark of zero will be attributed to the assessment and the case will be referred to the Module Board. Any eligibility for reassessment (for a capped mark of 40%) will be confirmed by the relevant Module Board/Progression and Award board and be available at the next scheduled reassessment period.</p> <p>A letter of warning will be sent to the student and they will be strongly recommended to engage with the opportunities for further education about academic integrity and good academic practice.</p>
Category 3 – Academic Misconduct (Academic Misconduct Board)	<p>Module failed with no right of reassessment.</p> <p>A letter of final warning will be sent to the student and they will be strongly recommended to engage with the opportunities for further education about academic integrity and good academic practice.</p>
Category 4 – Gross Academic Misconduct (Academic Misconduct Board)	<p>Level failed and requirement to withdraw from the course/pathway of study. The Progression and Award Board will advise the student of their entitlement to a contained award or credit achieved, if applicable.</p> <p>A letter of withdrawal will be sent to the student.</p>

### **Non-Attendance of Student at any stage of these procedures**

In the event of non-attendance (in person, by telephone or internet) without good cause, of a student at any stage of these proceedings, the Academic Integrity Lead or Academic Misconduct Board is authorised to proceed in their absence.

### **Right to Request an Appeal Hearing**

All students have a right to request an appeal hearing in respect of the decision of a Module Board, Progression and Award Board or Research Degrees Sub-committee in accordance with Section 9 of the Academic Regulations.

### **Fail Withdraw**

All students have the right to request an early appeal hearing to reconsider a decision of Fail Withdraw at the time of formal publication of decisions by the Academic Misconduct Board or Research Degrees Sub-committee, (see section 9 of the Academic Regulations).

### **Schedule of Outcomes for Research Awards**

The Research Degrees Sub-committee may determine to do one of the following depending on the circumstances and gravity of each individual case in accordance with Section 11 of the Academic Regulations.

<b>Awards and Level</b>	<b>Available Penalties</b>	
MRes – Level 7	Resubmit	Withdraw from the course/pathway of study
MPhil – Level 7	Resubmit	Withdraw from the course/pathway of study
PhD / Professional Doctorate / European PhD / PhD by Existing Published Work – Level 8	Resubmit	Withdraw from the course/pathway of study

### **Considerations upon awarding penalty – Research Awards**

Students may submit extenuating circumstances pertaining to their suspected case for consideration by the Research Degrees Sub-Committee.



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# Academic Regulations

## Research Awards

Section 11

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## Section 11

### Research Awards

Originating Department:	Quality Assurance Services
Enquiries to:	<a href="mailto:ResearchStudentAdmin@leedsbeckett.ac.uk">ResearchStudentAdmin@leedsbeckett.ac.uk</a>
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# Section 11: Research Awards

## 11.1 Purpose

The Code of Practice covers all aspects of regulatory requirements for the research awards of the University. These include; Masters by Research (MRes), Masters of Philosophy (MPhil), Doctor of Philosophy (PhD), Doctor of Philosophy by Existing Published Work (PhD) and all Professional Doctorates and Higher Doctorates. The Code of Practice provides clear, robust and effective regulatory guidance and conditions that apply to the research awards throughout the period of study. This Code of Practice should be read in conjunction with other regulations of the University.

## 11.2 Research Awards

### 11.2.1 Research Awards of the University

The University makes the following awards to registered candidate who have successfully completed approved programmes of supervised research:

- Masters by Research (MRes)
- Master of Philosophy (MPhil)
- Doctor of Philosophy (PhD)
- Professional Doctorate (which includes DBA, DEng, DCA, and DProf. Sport, DProf. Built Environment, EngD, LL.D. Construction Law, DProf. Planning and Housing, DProf. Project Management, and DProf)

### 11.2.2 Other Research Awards

The University also makes the following awards subject to the fulfilment of the specific requirements of the award:

- PhD by Existing Published work
- Higher Doctorates

### 11.2.3 Field of Study

Programmes of research may be proposed in any field of study subject to the following requirements:

- That the proposed programme is capable of leading to scholarly research
- That it can be presented for assessment by appropriate examiners
- That a suitable supervisory team can be formed.

## **11.3 Research Awards: Requirements**

### **11.3.1 Conditions of Award**

An award of the University will be conferred when the following conditions are satisfied:

- a) **Registration, Fees and Financial Liabilities**  
The candidate is a registered student for an award and payment of all the appropriate tuition and other relevant fees and outstanding financial liabilities has been made.
- b) **Completion of Programme**  
The candidate has completed an approved programme of research.
- c) **Recommendation for Award**  
The award has been agreed by the examiners, and confirmed by the Chair of the University Research and Enterprise Committee.

### **11.3.2 Masters by Research (MRes)**

A Masters is awarded to a candidate who has investigated a topic using appropriate research methodology and has presented a satisfactory thesis. An oral examination may be required at the discretion of the examiners.

Candidates who achieve the MRes degree and who wish to undertake doctoral study cannot re-use unadapted material from the earlier programme of study. They can however, use the learning from them to develop doctoral level study.

### **11.3.3 Masters Titles**

Masters by Research (MRes)

The title Masters by Research (MRes) is used for all subject areas.

### **11.3.4 Masters: Certificate of Award**

The specification of the award of Masters by Research is shown on the Certificate of Award.

### **11.3.5 Masters: Use of Designatory Letters**

Award holders may use the designatory letters with or without the mode of attaining the award.

### **11.3.6 Master of Philosophy (MPhil)**

A Master of Philosophy (MPhil) is awarded to a candidate who has satisfactorily completed, or been exempted from, an approved programme of research training; has investigated and evaluated, or critically studied, an appropriate topic demonstrating an understanding of research methods appropriate to the chosen field; and has presented a satisfactory thesis. The candidate is required to defend the thesis by oral examination.

### **11.3.7 Doctor of Philosophy (PhD)**

A Doctor of Philosophy (PhD) is awarded to a candidate who has satisfactorily completed, or been exempted from, an approved programme of research training; has investigated or critically studied an appropriate topic resulting in a significant contribution to knowledge; and has presented a satisfactory thesis. The candidate is required to defend the thesis by oral examination.

### **11.3.8 PhD by Existing Published Work**

A Doctor of Philosophy (PhD) may also be awarded on the basis of existing published work. This may include the candidate's own original creative work. The work presented must demonstrate a systematic approach evidencing independent, critical and original aspects, with a significant contribution to knowledge; and must include an exegesis. The exegesis and existing published work will form the thesis which is presented for examination. The candidate is required to defend the exegesis and published work (the thesis) by oral examination.

### **11.3.9 Professional Doctorate**

A Professional Doctorate is awarded to a candidate who has satisfactorily completed an approved programme of research training and contextual study. The candidate will also have investigated or critically studied an approved topic or topics which make a significant contribution to practice and/or knowledge, and presented a satisfactory thesis. The candidate is required to defend the thesis by oral examination.

### **11.3.10 Doctor of Education (EdD)**

The title of Doctor of Education (EdD) is reserved for programmes of research focused on education and professional practice in education.

Candidates will normally have appropriate professional experience working in these domains.

#### **11.3.11 Doctor of Engineering (DEng)**

The title of Doctor of Engineering (DEng) is reserved for programmes of research focused on engineering and related subjects and professional practice in engineering.

Candidates will normally have appropriate professional experience working in these domains.

#### **11.3.12 Doctor of Business Administration (DBA)**

The title of Doctor of Business Administration (DBA) is reserved for programmes of research focused on Business Administration and related subjects and professional practice.

Candidates will normally have appropriate professional experience working in these domains.

#### **11.3.13 Doctor of Creative Arts (DCA)**

The title of Doctor of Creative Arts (DCA) is reserved for programmes of research focused on research in creative arts.

Candidates will normally have appropriate professional experience working in these domains.

#### **11.3.14 Doctor of Professional Practice in Sport (DProf. Sport)**

The title of Doctor of Professional Practice in Sport (DProf. Sport) is reserved for programmes of research focused on professional practice in sport-related subjects including Sport Coaching, Sport and Exercise Science, Sport and Exercise Physiology, Sport and Exercise Biomechanics, Sport and Exercise Nutrition, Sport and Exercise Psychology, Sport Development, Sport Business, Sport Marketing, Physical Education, and Physical Activity & Health.

Candidates will normally have appropriate professional experience working in these domains.

#### **11.3.15 Doctor of Professional Practice in Built Environment (DProf. Built Environment)**

The title of Doctor of Professional Practice in Built Environment (DProf. Built Environment) is reserved for programmes of research focused on built environment and professional practice in built environment.

Candidates will normally have appropriate professional experience working in these domains.

#### **11.3.16 Doctor of Engineering in Civil Engineering (EngD)**

The title of Doctor of Engineering in Civil Engineering (EngD) is reserved for programmes of research focused on civil engineering and related subjects and professional practice in civil engineering.

Candidates will normally have appropriate professional experience working in these domains.

#### **11.3.17 Doctor of Professional Practice in Construction Law (LLD. Construction Law)**

The title of Doctor of Professional Practice in Construction Law (LLD. Construction Law) is reserved for programmes of research focused on construction law and professional practice in construction law.

Candidates will normally have appropriate professional experience working in these domains.

#### **11.3.18 Doctor of Professional Practice in Planning and Housing Studies (DProf. Planning and Housing)**

The title of Doctor of Professional Practice in Planning and Housing Studies (DProf. Planning and Housing) is reserved for programmes of research focused on planning and housing studies and professional practice in planning and housing.

Candidates will normally have appropriate professional experience working in these domains.

#### **11.3.19 Doctor of Professional Practice in Project Management (DProf. Project Management)**

The title of Doctor of Professional Practice in Project Management (DProf. Project Management) is reserved for programmes of research focused on project management and professional practice in project management.

Candidates will normally have appropriate professional experience working in these domains.

#### **11.3.20 Doctor of Engineering in Sustainable Buildings (EngD)**

The title of Doctor of Engineering in Sustainable Buildings (EngD) is reserved for programmes of research focused on sustainable buildings and related subjects and professional practice in sustainable buildings.

Candidates will normally have appropriate professional experience working in these domains.

#### **11.3.21 Professional Doctorate (DProf)**

The title of Professional Doctorate is reserved for those areas not covered by a named award.

Candidates will normally have appropriate professional experience working in these domains.

#### **11.3.22 Higher Doctorates**

The University awards Higher Doctorates to applicants who have undertaken work of high distinction, which has constituted an original and significant contribution to the advancement of knowledge, or its applications, or both.

Applications may be made for the following Higher Doctorates:

- Doctor of Laws (LLD)
- Doctor of Letters (DLitt)
- Doctor of Science (DSc)
- Doctor of Technology (DTech).

### **11.4 Research Awards: General Provisions**

#### **11.4.1 Registration of Candidates**

##### **11.4.1.1 Mode of Study**

A candidate may register on a full-time or part-time basis.

A candidate may seek approval from the Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee for a change in the mode of study at any point during the research programme.

##### **11.4.1.2 Off Shore Study Option (MRes, MPhil, PhD, and Professional Doctorates)**

A candidate may register on a full-time or part-time basis. Opting for offshore study will allow a candidate to remain in their own country to study for their award whilst using agreed facilities within a specified and University approved location (usually a place of education that the University has a pre-arranged agreement with).

A candidate opting for this mode of study will be expected to be in residence in Leeds for the Induction and for an agreed period throughout the programme of study. These periods will be used to establish a good working relationship with the supervisory team, undertake appropriate training and prepare for the key milestones. The candidate must attend the Viva Voce Examination in person at Leeds Beckett University.

#### 11.4.1.3 Periods of Registration

Registration commences from the date the candidate registers and enrolls as a research candidate at the University. The periods of registration (which includes any period of writing-up, examination and conferment of the award), are provided in the table below:

Award	Period of Study	Writing Up	Total
Masters by Research (full time)	1 year	n/a	1 year
Masters by Research (part time)	2 years	n/a	2 years
Master of Philosophy (full time)	2 years	1 year	3 years
Master of Philosophy (part time)	3 years	1 year	4 years
Doctor of Philosophy (full time)	3 years	1 year	4 years
Doctor of Philosophy (part time)	5 years	1 year	6 years
Professional Research Doctorate (part time)	4 years	1 year	5 years
PhD by Existing Published Works	2 years	n/a	2 years

#### 11.4.1.4 Duration of Study – Submission Prior to Expiry of Minimum Period of Registration

The minimum period of registration can exceptionally be reduced normally by up to 6 months for both full-time and part-time candidates (with fees adjusted accordingly), with the support of the candidate’s supervisory team and the prior approval of the Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee.

Candidates may submit their thesis for examination prior to the expiry of the minimum period of registration.

#### 11.4.1.5 Changes to a Candidate’s Period of Registration

Where a candidate changes their mode of study or transfers from one research award to another, their period of registration will be calculated on a pro-rata basis.

#### 11.4.1.6 Candidates transferring from another institution – Periods of Registration



Where a candidate has commenced their period of registration with another institution, their period of registration will be calculated based on the date their registration commenced with the previous institution.

#### **11.4.1.7 Annual Progression and Continuation of a Candidate's Registration**

Continuation of a candidate's registration will be subject to the outcome of the Annual Progression process.

#### **11.4.1.8 Duration of Study – Application to exceed maximum period of registration**

A candidate registered for a research award of the University may only exceed the maximum period of registration in exceptional circumstances. The Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee is authorised to agree an extension to a candidate's registration up to a maximum of 12 months.

A candidate must submit a request to extend their registration at least 3 months prior to the expiry of their maximum period of registration or the request may be rejected.

#### **11.4.1.9 Externally-funded candidates – Duration of Study**

Where a candidate accepted for a research award of the University is funded by an external body, and that external body prescribes time-limits for the completion of the award in question, the time-limit set by the external body shall be the duration of study for the candidate.

In accepting the funding from the external body to study within the University, the candidate agrees to be bound by the time limits set by the funding body for the submission of the award for which funding is given.

#### **11.4.1.10 Suspension of Registration**

In exceptional circumstances, the Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee may approve a request for suspension of registration for any research award where the candidate is prevented by ill-health or any other valid cause from making progress on their research.

The minimum period for a suspension period is 3 months.

Application for suspension is not permitted within the first 6 months of a programme of study nor during the writing-up period.

During any period of suspension the candidate will be required to maintain regular contact with their Director of Studies, providing updated information (such as medical certificates) on their status and expected return date.

Any period of suspension will not count towards the candidate's overall period of registration.

#### **11.4.1.11 Withdrawal of Registration**

A candidate wishing to withdraw their registration from the University must inform the Graduate School of this intention in writing. The Graduate School should offer the candidate an exit-interview in which the reasons for withdrawal will be discussed.

#### **11.4.1.12 Registration and Confirmation of Registration**

To meet academic standards and to ensure that candidates are embarking on an achievable programme of research leading to an award of the University, candidates are required to submit for confirmation of their registration on their target award.

#### **11.4.1.13 Transfer of Registration**

If, through the course of their research, the candidate feels their research project may be suitable for an alternative award than the one which they originally registered for (a candidate wishing to transfer from MRes to MPhil or MPhil to PhD for example), they may seek to transfer their registration. Candidates are advised to seek the opinion, and advice of, their supervisory team before making a request to transfer their registration to an alternative award.

An application to transfer to an alternative award will be considered by the Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee who may arrange for the candidate to undertake the Transfer of Registration process.

### **11.4.2 Fees for Research Candidates**

#### **11.4.2.1 Fees**

The payment of fees will be as prescribed by the appropriate University guidance and processes.

The candidate will be expected to re-enrol and pay fees on an annual basis, subject to the outcome of the annual progression process.

The candidate's registration and fee payment must be current at the time of examination.

#### **11.4.2.2 Candidate entitlement on payment of fees**

Payment of the required full-time or part-time fees entitles the research candidate to access the University's facilities and services. The candidate is entitled to receive supervision only during the period in which they pay the full fee for the appropriate mode of study.

#### **11.4.2.3 Writing-up Fee – MPhil, PhD and all Professional Doctorates only**

A candidate permitted to register on to the writing-up fee by the Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee will not require, or receive, any supervision during the period in which they are paying the writing-up fee; but will be able to access the library and other learning facilities of the University.

The writing-up fee period will be a minimum of 2 months and a maximum period of 12 months which may not be extended.

#### **11.4.2.4 Writing-up Fee and Periods of Registration**

A flat rate fee will be charged for the writing-up period. The fee is non-refundable.

Any period of writing-up will count towards the candidate's overall period of registration.

### **11.4.3 Equality and Diversity: Reasonable Adjustments**

#### **11.4.3.1 Consideration of Adjustments**

In the interests of ensuring compliance with relevant equality and diversity legislation, where a candidate is prevented through disability, or any other valid cause, from undertaking the processes relating to their research award in the standard way, the Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee will consider and approve any variation to the processes relating to that award. In doing so, the standards of the award must be maintained.

## **11.5 Annual Reporting**

### **11.5.1 Process**

The Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee will receive reports on research students' progress, data and issues relating to research degree programmes.

## **11.6 Extenuating Circumstances**

### **11.6.1 Fit to Sit/Submit Principle**

The Research Awards regulation in respect of Extenuating Circumstances is based on the principle of fit to sit/submit. The principle asserts that students who undertake an assessment or confirmation of registration process declare themselves fit to take that assessment or process; any claim for extenuating circumstances in relation to that assessment or process will not, normally, be considered.

### **11.6.2 Progression**

Extenuating circumstances which may have affected a candidate's progress should be drawn to the attention of the University Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee in respect of decisions which may be made on any aspect of a candidate's progress including confirmation of registration and examination.

### **11.6.3 Early Notification**

Candidates should draw the attention of their supervisory team (or independent contact) to any circumstances which may have affected or be affecting the progress of their studies at the earliest opportunity. This will enable the supervisory team to take this into account in respect of the annual progression review.

### **11.6.4 Extenuating Circumstances - Examination and Outcomes**

Where the extenuating circumstances relate to the timing of the viva-voce examination and / or any further examination (as relevant), the candidate must inform the Graduate School of these circumstances at the earliest possible opportunity so that arrangements can be made to postpone / re-schedule the viva-voce examination and/or any further examination.

Normally, no research award of the University may be conferred without the candidate successfully undertaking the relevant examination process for that award.

### **11.6.5 Research Degrees with Structured Learning**

Students undertaking Research Degree Awards with structured learning may submit their extenuating circumstances for consideration by a Mitigation Co-ordinator.

### **11.6.6 Consideration of Extenuating Circumstances**

The Mitigation Co-ordinator may approve an extension up to 10 days.

The Chair of the University Research Degrees Sub-Committee or nominee may approve an extension up to 1 month.

Request for extensions over 1 month must be present to the Research Degrees Sub-Committee to consider suspension of study.

## **11.7 Appeal Provisions**

### **11.7.1 Regulations and Procedures for Appeal**

The regulations and procedures governing the submission of an appeal are as found in Section 9 of the University Academic Regulations.

### **11.7.2 Application**

These regulations apply to any candidate appeal in respect of the following:

- Confirmation of Registration
- Transfer of Registration
- Registration for an alternate award
- The outcomes of the Annual Progression panel
- The examiners' decision in respect of a research award of the University.

## **11.8 Research Misconduct And Unfair Practice**

### **11.8.1 Investigating Research Misconduct and Unfair Practice**

The circumstances of a claim of Research Misconduct will be investigated in line with the provisions of the Policy and Procedures for investigating allegations of misconduct in research.

A candidate or member of staff studying towards a research award who is suspected of plagiarism, collusion or other forms of unfair practice may be investigated under the provision of Section 10 of the University Academic Regulations.

## **11.9 Confidentiality And Presentation Of Work**

### **11.9.1 Confidentiality of Theses**

Where a candidate or the University wishes the thesis to remain confidential for a period of time after completion of the work, application for approval is normally made to the University at the time of registration or as soon as the need for confidentiality emerges. Application must be made to the Graduate School on the appropriate form.

The Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee normally only approves an application for confidentiality in order to enable a patent application to be lodged or to protect commercially sensitive material. The maximum period of confidentiality is normally two years, although in exceptional circumstances the Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee may approve a longer period.

### **11.9.2 Form of Presentation**

The form of presentation may be by:

- A written thesis; or
- A thesis that comprises other material accompanied by a written critical evaluation and contextualising overview of the process and product of the intellectual enquiry.

### **11.9.3 Creative Work**

Candidates may propose a programme of work in which the candidate's own creative work forms a significant part of the intellectual enquiry where it is an integral part of the process and product. In such cases, the following are required:

- a) Research programme  
Such creative work shall be undertaken within and as part of an identified research programme.
- b) Context  
Such creative work must be clearly presented in relation to a written thesis or equivalent document which offers a critical evaluation or contextual overview of the process and product of the intellectual enquiry. This written component should be not less than 10,000 words and not usually more than 25,000 words as appropriate to the particular research proposal.
- c) Form of Submission, Methods of Assessment and Permanent Record

The form of the proposed submission and the proposed methods of assessment must be set out in the application for registration and be such that they meet the regulatory requirements for the award. Creative work submitted for examination must be documented through appropriate textual and photographic, video, CD-rom or DVD evidence including any artefacts or documentation integral to the creation of the work. Such documentation will provide a permanent archival record of the full submission. Where a web-based submission is made, a permanent archival record of the website on disk must be provided. Submissions in such a format may if appropriate integrate the written component (see 11.9.3 (b) above).

#### **11.9.4 Scholarly Editions**

Applicants may propose a programme of research of which the principal focus is the preparation of a scholarly edition of a text or texts, musical or choreographic work, or other original artefact. In such cases the following are required:

- a) Form of Submission  
The application must show how the final work shall be submitted.
- b) Commentary and Context  
The resultant work to be examined shall include a substantial introduction and a critical commentary setting the text(s) in the relevant historical, theoretical and critical context.
- c) Other Requirements  
The thesis shall conform to the usual scholarly requirements and be of an appropriate length.

### **11.10 Co-Operation With Other Organisations**

#### **11.10.1 Co-operation with Other Organisations**

The University encourages programmes of research that involve co-operation with industrial, commercial, professional or research organisations leading to one of its awards.

Such co-operation is undertaken with the intention of:

- Encouraging outward looking and relevant research
- Extending a research candidate's experience and perspectives
- Providing a wider context for the development of the research topic to be undertaken
- Benefiting the research of the co-operating organisation.

### **11.10.2 Co-operating Organisations**

Formal co-operation may be with one or more external bodies or institutions, each of which is referred to as a Co-operating Organisation.

### **11.10.3 Details of Agreement**

The establishment of such a co-operation shall specify:

- The resources and facilities available for a candidate
- The arrangements (if appropriate) for joint or other supervision
- Their commitment to support the candidate to submission, or other relevant guarantee.

Any agreement with a co-operating organisation(s) will be subject to the procedures identified in 'Section 16: Collaborations and Partnerships' of the University Academic Regulations.

### **11.10.4 Academic Independence**

All proposed research programmes are considered for research award registration on their academic merits and without reference to the concerns or interests of any associated funding body.

## **11.11 Admission**

### **11.11.1 Admission & Entry Qualifications**

#### **11.11.1.1 Admission**

Admission of candidates for research awards will conform to the general Admission Regulations of the University, as appropriate, and to the specific provisions in respect of application and qualification for registration for research awards.

#### **11.11.1.2 Evidence of Qualifications**

All applicants will be required to provide satisfactory evidence of the qualifications or experienced claimed. Falsification of such evidence will lead to the termination of registration.

#### **11.11.1.3 MRes, MPhil, PhD, PhD by Existing Published Work**



The normal entry qualifications for registration on to the degrees of MRes, MPhil or PhD, is an appropriate honours degree of a United Kingdom higher education institution; or one recognised by the University as equivalent.

Admission may also be through a qualification which is regarded by the Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee as equivalent.

#### **11.11.1.4 Professional Doctorates**

Candidates for Professional Doctorates should normally have an appropriate honours degree of a United Kingdom higher education institution; and have had a minimum of three years of professional experience. Professional experience will be understood as practical experience within the relevant field of enquiry.

#### **11.11.1.5 Non-standard Entry Qualifications**

An application made by someone other than those holding an appropriate entry qualification is considered on its merits. Evidence is required to demonstrate that the background knowledge is appropriate and that the candidate has the ability to carry out the research to the level required for that award.

Such an application is considered by the Chair of the University Research and Enterprise Committee who will consider the recommendation in the context of consistency and fairness across the University and make a recommendation.

#### **11.11.1.6 English Language Qualification**

If a candidate's first language is not English, the University will require evidence that the candidate has the necessary language skills to fulfil the requirements of the award.

Candidates are required to provide evidence of a minimum International English Language Testing System Grade, of 7 (IELTS 7) with no individual sub-score below 6.5 for all research awards or the equivalent TOEFL iBT or Pearson PTE.

For STEM subjects a lower grade of 6 (IELTS) with no individual sub-score below 5.5 may be accepted. The approval of the Research Degrees Sub Committee is required on a case-by-case basis.

#### **11.11.1.7 Transfer of Registration from another Institution**

An applicant wishing to transfer their registration from another institution in the United Kingdom must provide evidence:

- That the proposed programme of study has been accepted by that institution and when their registration commenced
- The level at which it was accepted.
- Written explanation of why they wish to transfer.

Subject to the satisfactory provision of evidence, an applicant for transfer into the University will be presented to the Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee for approval. If successful, an applicant for transfer will normally be required to attend a progression meeting prior to registering for the target award of PhD, Professional Doctorate, MPhil or MRes.

Candidates whose programme of study was approved for the award of MPhil or MRes and who wish to register for a higher or alternative award with the University will be required to submit for confirmation of registration on to the higher / alternative award.

### **11.11.2 Consideration and Determination of Application**

#### **11.11.2.1 Application for Admission**

Application for admission to a research award of the University is made to the Graduate School.

#### **11.11.2.2 Reference to relevant external legislation and policies**

The University requires all candidates to comply with all laws, legislation and policies appropriate to the research project and provide documentary evidence as appropriate.

Confirmation of compliance with the relevant legislation / policies must be forwarded to the Graduate School before any decision on admission can be made.

This requirement applies equally where the requirement to comply with any law, external legislation / policies emerges after registration.

#### **11.11.2.3 Group Projects**

An applicant whose work forms part of a larger group project may apply to register for a research award subject to the following requirements:

- The project work to be undertaken by the applicant must be clearly defined, together with supervisory and technical assistance

- The individual contributions must be clearly identified and be distinguishable at the examination.

#### **11.11.2.4 Research Projects substantially undertaken outside the University**

Applications may be made from persons proposing to work substantially outside the University or outside the United Kingdom provided that:

- The facilities are available to carry out the programme of research
- Arrangements for supervision can be made to provide for adequate and appropriate contact between the candidate and the supervisor(s) based in the University.

#### **11.11.2.5 Research Training Programme**

It is compulsory for a candidate registered for a research award to have successfully completed an approved research training programme before they are eligible to be examined for the research award, unless exemption has been agreed.

MRes candidates will be exempt from this requirement due to the nature of their award.

On account of the basis on which the submission will be made, a candidate for PhD by Existing Published Work is exempt from the requirement to participate in the University's Research Training Programme.

#### **11.11.2.6 Exemption from the Research Training Programme**

The Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee may, following an application from the supervisory team, exempt an applicant from the Research Training Programme.

In cases where a candidate has been exempted from the approved training this should be stated clearly on the offer letter to the applicant prior to them registering on their award.

#### **11.11.2.7 Decision on an Application**

The University will determine:

- Whether an offer of a place should be made to an applicant
- The level at which registration should take place (if relevant)
- Whether the applicant is exempt from the Research Training Programme.

The Graduate School will communicate the decision to the applicant.

### **11.11.2.8 Registration**

After an offer of a place is made and accepted by the applicant, the new candidate must register and enrol as a research candidate of Leeds Beckett University on the appropriate award; and commence the payment of fees.

## **11.12 Supervision Of Research**

### **11.12.1 Supervision of Research**

A research degree candidate is normally supervised by a Director of Studies and at least one other supervisor. In exceptional circumstances, an additional supervisor may be added to the supervisory team.

### **11.12.2 Appointment of Supervisory Team**

The supervisory team will be proposed by the relevant School with the relevant members of academic staff, during the process of consideration of the application.

The composition of the supervisory team is based on academic judgement and cannot be challenged by the student.

### **11.12.3 Supervisory Team: staff development**

All supervisors will be required by the University to engage in development of various kinds to equip them to supervise candidates. New supervisors will participate in specified development activities arranged by the University to assure their competence in the role.

### **11.12.4 Advisors**

An advisor or advisors may be proposed in addition to the Director of Studies and supervisor. The advisor would normally provide one or more of the following:

- A specialised knowledge of value to the research project
- Additional extensive experience of research award supervision
- An appropriate link with, or is in, an external organisation that will assist with the programme of research.

### **11.12.5 Staff ineligible to act as Research Supervisors**

To avoid potential conflicts of interest, real or perceived, a member of staff registered for a research degree, either internal or external to the University, should not act as a supervisor of another research degree candidate.

In exceptional circumstances the Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee has discretion to approve variance to this provision; and such exemption should be sought from the Chair of the Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee.

### **11.12.6 Change in Supervisory Arrangements**

Changes in supervisory arrangements are approved by the Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee.

## **11.13 Commencement of Study**

### **11.13.1 Candidates**

During the first stage of the research project, the research candidate will work with the supervisory team, and:

- Refine the proposed project
- Comply with any other relevant University procedures required for confirmation of registration.

### **11.13.2 Supervisory team**

During the first stage of the research project, the supervisory team will work with the candidate, and:

- Assure themselves of the candidate's suitability to undertake the research and the feasibility of the proposed project
- Ensure compliance with any other relevant procedures.

### **11.13.3 Ethical Approval of Research Programme**

The supervisors will determine the type and level of approval or authorisation the candidate's project is likely to require and whether the proposed project requires reference to the School Research Ethics Committee; or requires any other external approval.

Where ethical approval has been sought and agreed, the relevant documentation must be submitted with the documentation for Confirmation of Registration. Where ethical approval is ongoing and/or subject to further refinement, a report to that effect must be included with

the documentation for confirmation as defined by the confirmation of registration regulations for that award.

#### **11.13.4 Health and Safety: Risk Assessment**

The supervisors, with the advice of the University Health and Safety Officers if appropriate, will determine whether the proposed project requires a risk assessment.

Where required, such a risk assessment must be carried out prior to confirmation of registration; and the record of the risk assessment and its outcomes included with the documentation for confirmation of registration.

#### **11.13.5 Data Protection Act 2018**

Research candidates must make themselves aware of the provision of the Data Protection Act 2018, and how this impacts on their programme of study.

#### **11.13.6 Intellectual Property Provisions**

Research candidates must ensure they are aware of the University Regulations with regards to intellectual property; by enrolling on to the University programme, candidates will confirm their compliance with these provisions.

#### **11.13.7 Collaborating Institutions or Organisations**

The supervisors will ensure that, where required, a formal letter of support from a collaborating institution or organisation, setting out the terms of the collaboration, is obtained by the candidate. This letter will be included with the documentation for confirmation of registration.

### **11.14 Progression**

#### **11.14.1 Progression**

At any point a formal progression meeting can be held.

#### **11.14.2 Annual Progression**

The progress of all candidates will be reviewed annually through the Annual Progression process.

In the absence of such progress, the progression panel will take appropriate action which may include the requirement for the candidate to withdraw from their programme of study.

### **11.14.3 Annual Progression: Process**

The Annual Progression Process will take the following format:

- Annual Progression Panel is formed
- Candidate submits Annual Progression Form with any relevant supporting information (Director of Studies also completes the relevant section of this form)
- The candidate presents an overview of their work to date and outlines the progress made in a presentation to the Annual Progression Panel
- The Annual Progression Panel confirms outcome to the candidate
- Outcomes of the Annual Progression Process are reported to Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee.

### **11.14.4 Annual Progression Panels**

Candidate progress will be reviewed by an Annual Progression Panel which will meet within 12 months of the candidate's enrolment date with the University.

The candidate's progress will be reviewed on an annual basis thereafter.

### **11.14.5 Annual Progression: Outcomes**

The Annual Progression Panel is permitted to decide one of the following outcomes:

- Continue - The candidate is permitted to continue their studies
- Continue with Written Warning - The candidate is permitted to continue with their studies with a written warning regarding their lack of satisfactory progress which will be reviewed by the next available Annual Progression Panel or at an earlier additional progression point, as defined by the Panel
- Alternative Award - The candidate is not permitted to continue their studies on their current award but is offered the opportunity to registers on an alternative (MPhil to MRes) or lesser award (PhD to MPhil or MRes)
- Withdraw - The candidate is not permitted to continue their studies and is required to withdraw from their research programme.

### **11.14.6 Annual Progression: Review of Written Warnings**

Where the outcome of the Annual Progression Panel is to permit the candidate to continue with their studies with a written warning regarding the lack of satisfactory progress, this may be reviewed by the next Annual Progression Panel or at an earlier additional progression point

as decided by the panel. If the additional progression point is set prior to the next meeting of the Annual Progression Panel, the date by which the review will take place will be clearly specified to the candidate.

Upon further reviewing the progress of the candidate, at the additional progression point, the Panel will retain the right to make any of the decisions available at the original Annual Progression Panel from which the written warning originated (as in 11.14.4).

#### **11.14.7 Appeal**

A candidate whose registration is terminated or amended may lodge a request for an appeal hearing under the provision of the University Academic Regulations, section 9. Appeals on the ground of academic judgement are not permitted under these regulations.

### **11.15 Transfer of Registration**

#### **11.15.1 Transfer of Registration - Higher Award**

A candidate registered for the award of MPhil may seek to transfer their registration to PhD. A candidate registered for the award of MRes may seek to transfer their registration to MPhil or PhD.

#### **11.15.2 Transfer of Registration – Lower Award**

A candidate registered for a research award who is unable to complete the approved programme of work at that level may make an application to the Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee to revert to a lower award, providing this is done before the submission of the examination arrangements for the candidate.

In considering the application to transfer to the lower award, the Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee is required to confirm that the candidate will realistically be able to achieve the lower award.

Where there are doubts, the candidate may be required to submit for Confirmation of Registration for the lower award.

#### **11.15.3 Timescales**

A request for transfer may take place at any point before the submission of the examination arrangements for the candidate.



#### **11.15.4 Process**

The process of transfer will be the same as the process for confirmation of registration for the award the candidate is transferring to.

#### **11.15.5 Appeal**

A candidate refused transfer of registration on to a higher award, may lodge a request for an appeal hearing under the provisions of the University Academic Regulations, section 9. Appeals on the grounds of academic judgement are not permitted grounds of appeal under these regulations.

### **11.16 Confirmation of Registration**

#### **11.16.1 Confirmation of Research Award**

The following provisions for Confirmation of Registration apply to MPhil, PhD and Professional Doctorate candidates. For PhD by Existing Published Work (see section 11.23).

#### **11.16.2 Purpose and Requirements of Confirmation of Registration**

The purpose of these provisions is to ensure:

- That the completion of the research project as described will realistically enable the candidate to achieve a research award of the University at the designated level
- The suitability of the candidate to pursue the research project at that level.

#### **11.16.3 Timescales**

Confirmation of Registration on their award will be completed within 4 months of enrolment for full-time candidates and 6 months for part-time candidates.

Candidates are required to undertake the Confirmation of Registration during the fixed weeks appropriate to the Intake Date.

The Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee may approve a change from the fixed weeks, in exceptional circumstances only. Any application for a change from the fixed weeks must be made at the earliest possible opportunity when the reasons for making such a request emerge.

#### **11.16.4 Outcomes**

The discussion will result in one of the following outcomes:

- Confirmation of registration for the award
- Confirmation of registration for a lesser award
- Termination of programme.

#### **11.16.5 Appeal**

A candidate refused Confirmation of Registration to a research award, may lodge a request for an appeal hearing under the provisions of the University Academic Regulations, section 9. Appeals on the grounds of academic judgement are not permitted grounds of appeal under these regulations.

### **11.17 Eligibility and Submission for Examination**

#### **11.17.1 Eligibility for Examination**

##### **11.17.1.1 Research Training Programme – Research Awards**

Unless specifically exempted, a candidate registered for a Research Award of the University is required to follow an approved Research Training Programme before they are eligible to be examined for the research award.

##### **11.17.1.2 Research Training and Contextual Study – Professional Doctorate**

A candidate for the award of Professional Research Doctorate is not eligible to be examined until the approved programme of research training and contextual study specific to that award has been successfully completed.

##### **11.17.1.3 Confirmation of completion of Research Training Programme**

Before examination for the registered award, the candidate must obtain written confirmation that the relevant research training programme and/or contextual study has been satisfactorily completed.

##### **11.17.1.4 Submission at the Discretion of the Candidate**

Submission of the thesis for examination is at the sole discretion of the candidate. Although a candidate would be unwise to submit the thesis against the advice of the supervisors, it is their right to do so.

Candidates should not assume that a supervisor's agreement to the submission of the thesis guarantees the award of the degree.

#### **11.17.1.5 Mock Viva**

Any candidate registered on a research award of the University must be offered a mock viva.

The outcome or advice received by the candidate as a result of this process does not guarantee receipt of the award.

#### **11.17.1.6 Compliance with University Requirements**

Is it the responsibility of the candidate to ensure prior to the examination:

- That the requirements of the relevant University Academic Regulations have been met, including the payment of fees
- That registration is still current

#### **11.17.1.7 Examination Arrangements and contact with External Examiner(s)**

A candidate may not take part in the arrangement of the examination and shall have no formal contact with the external examiner(s) between the appointment of the examiners and the oral examination and any subsequent re-submission of the thesis and/or oral and any further examination as required.

#### **11.17.1.8 Candidate's Declaration**

The candidate is required to confirm in writing that:

- The thesis has not been submitted for a comparable academic award
- The thesis is the candidate's own work.

Where work which has already been submitted for a degree or comparable award is included in the thesis, this should be declared.

The candidate's declaration must include a signature from their Director of Studies confirming that, so far as they are aware, the work was undertaken by the candidate. If the Director of Studies is unable to confirm this, any concerns will be outlined. Where appropriate, the Candidate's Declaration form will be presented to the Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee, and any concerns raised by the Director of Studies may be investigated prior to the examination taking place.

Candidates should not assume that the Director of Studies signature guarantees the award of the degree.

#### **11.17.1.9 Format of the Thesis and Language of Submission**

The candidate is responsible for ensuring that the thesis is submitted in the appropriate format.

All theses must be submitted in English.

#### **11.17.2 The Thesis: Submission, Deposit and Confidentiality**

##### **11.17.2.1 Post-Examination: Submission of copies of final text to the University**

Following a recommendation of the award, the candidate shall submit to the Graduate School such copies of the final text of the thesis as may be required under the Academic Regulations. This will be the text endorsed for the conferment of the award by the Chair of the University Research and Enterprise Committee.

##### **11.17.2.2 Deposit in Library**

Following the award of the degree the Graduate School shall:

- (For PhD awards only) Send one loose copy of the abstract, table of contents and title page to the British Library for indexing
- Lodge one copy of the bound thesis in the appropriate library of the University; and one copy in the library of any collaborating establishment.

In the case of research by creative work, the permanent archival record of the full submission (see Regulation 11.9.3 (c)) shall be lodged in the appropriate Library of the University and a copy in the library of any collaborating establishment.

##### **11.17.2.3 Confidentiality: restriction of access**

Where the Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee has agreed to confidentiality, this precludes the thesis being made freely available in:

- Any Library of the University
- The library of any Collaborating Establishment
- The British Library (PhD theses only).

In such cases the thesis shall, immediately on completion of the programme of work:

- Be retained by the University on restricted access
- For a defined period of time, shall only be made available to those who were directly involved in the project.

#### **11.17.2.4 University Property**

The copies of the thesis submitted for examination remain the property of the University.

### **11.18 Examination Provisions**

#### **11.18.1 Examinations: General Provisions**

##### **11.18.1.1 Proper Conduct of Examinations**

The Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee has responsibility for ensuring that all examinations are conducted in accordance with University Regulations; and that all recommendations for awards are made in accordance with the University Academic Regulations of the University.

##### **11.18.1.2 Action on Irregularities**

In any instance where the Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee is made aware of a failure to comply with all the procedures of the examination process or of any circumstances which may have adversely affected the examination process of a candidate, it may declare the examination null and void, and appoint new examiners.

##### **11.18.1.3 Research Degrees Sub-Committee**

The Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee is responsible for approving examination arrangements for all research degrees.

Non-UK based examiners will not normally be considered unless an exceptional rationale is made for their appointment.

##### **11.18.1.4 Contact with Examiners: prior to examination**

A candidate shall have no formal contact with the external examiner(s) between the appointment of the examiner(s) and the conclusion of the examination process (including any reassessment).

Any queries from the candidate will be directed to the Independent Chair.

#### **11.18.1.5 Authority to Decide the Outcome of an Examination**

The examiners will make a decision on the outcome of an examination.

Where this relates to the conferment of an award of the University, whether following the successful completion of minor, re-submission or any other circumstances, the Chair of the University Research and Enterprise Committee will be required to confirm their agreement on behalf of the University Research and Enterprise Committee before the award is conferred.

In doing so, the Chair may inspect any relevant paperwork or information.

#### **11.18.1.6 Posthumous Awards**

Research Awards may be awarded posthumously on the basis of a thesis completed by a candidate, which is ready for submission for examination.

### **11.18.2 Examiners**

#### **11.18.2.1 Number of Examiners**

A candidate is examined by at least two and normally not more than three examiners. One examiner shall be an internal examiner. Examiners should be experienced in research in the general area of the candidate's thesis and, where practicable, have experience as a specialist in the topic(s) to be examined.

The supervisory team will propose suitable examiners for approval by the Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee.

#### **11.18.2.2 External Examiners**

At least one of the examiners shall be external to the University. External examiners are required to have substantial experience of examining research candidates to the level of the award being examined. This is normally regarded as having undertaken at least three previous examinations in the field and at the level in question.

#### **11.18.2.3 External Examiners: independence**

The external examiner is required to be independent both of the University and of the collaborating body (if any); and shall not have acted as the candidate's adviser or supervisor.

The Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee must also ensure that an external examiner is not approved so frequently that their familiarity with the University might prejudice objective judgement.

Former members of the University are not normally approved as external examiners until five years after the termination of their employment with the University.

#### **11.18.2.4 Requirement for Second External Examiner**

Where the candidate and the internal examiner are members of staff of the University at the time of submission of the thesis for examination, a second external examiner shall be appointed.

This provision does not apply in respect of a candidate who is on a time-limited employment contract for example a research assistant or part time hourly paid lecturing staff.

Where other circumstances arise outside of those above, the chair of the Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee will make a final decision regarding whether the circumstances of the individual case dictate that a second external examiner is required.

#### **11.18.2.5 Internal Examiners**

An internal examiner may be:

- A member of staff of the University
- A former member of staff, employed during the period of registration
- A member of staff of any co-operating establishment concerned with the project.

#### **11.18.2.6 Ineligibility to act as Examiner**

No member of the candidate's supervisory team should be appointed as internal examiner for that candidate.

No candidate registered for a research award may act as an examiner.

#### **11.18.2.7 Independent Chairs**

The Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee will appoint a non-examining Independent Chair for all viva-voce examinations for research awards of the University.

The independent chair will be appointed from a different school to the supervisory team.

## **11.19 Examination**

### **11.19.1 Form of Examination**

#### **11.19.1.1 MRes**

Examination for Masters by Research awards is normally through consideration of the written thesis only.

External examiners have the right to require that any candidate also be examined by oral examination. This form of assessment may be of advantage when the thesis is considered borderline.

#### **11.19.1.2 MPhil, PhD, Professional Doctorate**

The examination for these research awards normally proceeds in two stages:

- The submission and preliminary assessment of a thesis
- An oral examination where the candidate is required to defend the thesis.

#### **11.19.1.3 MPhil, PhD, Professional Doctorate: Oral Examination**

A candidate is normally examined orally on the programme of work and on the field of study in which the programme lies. The oral examination is normally held in the United Kingdom and the candidate is expected to attend in person.

In exceptional circumstances, the Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee may approve an alternative form of examination.

#### **11.19.1.4 Oral Examination: Supervisors and Advisors**

Members of the supervisory team or an advisor may, with the consent of the candidate, attend the oral examination. They may participate in the discussion at the discretion of the examiners but they are required to withdraw prior to the deliberations of the examiners on the outcome of the examination.



### **11.19.1.5 Oral Examination: Timing**

The oral examination is normally arranged to take place within 3 months of the submission of the thesis.

### **11.19.2 Re-examination**

#### **11.19.2.1 Number and timescales - One Re-examination**

Where the examiners decide that the candidate should be re-examined, they will be permitted to be re-examined once only.

#### **11.19.2.2 Information to Candidates**

The examiners are required to provide the candidate with written guidance on any deficiencies of the first submission, which will be forwarded to the candidate with the result of the first examination.

Receipt of this guidance does not of itself guarantee successful re-examination.

#### **11.19.2.3 Timescale for Re-examination**

Timescales in respect of re-examination commence from the date of the written notification from the Graduate School of the candidate's entitlement to re-submit.

All candidates will be re-examined at the earliest opportunity following the original examination and re-examination must take place within 12 months of the receipt of the written notification.

#### **11.19.2.4 Extension of the Timescale for Re-examination**

The Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee may approve an extension of this period in exceptional circumstances only.

## **11.20 Examination Procedures**

### **11.20.1 Examination for the awards of MPhil, PhD and Professional Doctorate**

#### **11.20.1.1 Preliminary Assessment Report**

Each examiner is required to read and examine the thesis and produce an independent preliminary assessment report on it.

The Graduate School will make arrangements for the exchange of preliminary assessment reports between examiners.

#### **11.20.1.2 Status of this documentation – Preliminary Assessment Report**

The preliminary assessment report is a preliminary assessment of the academic standard of the work only. The contents of the preliminary report are confidential to the examiners and do not carry the status of a final decision.

The Graduate School will retain this documentation for the purpose of assuring due process only; and the contents of the preliminary view will not be disclosed to any other person under normal circumstances.

#### **11.20.1.3 Further Examination in addition to Oral Examination**

The examiners may request a further examination in addition to the oral examination. This further examination is deemed to be part of the candidate's first examination.

A further examination requires the approval of the Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee; and shall normally be held within 2 calendar months of the oral examination unless the committee permits otherwise.

#### **11.20.1.4 Examiners' Decisions**

Following the oral examination (and, if relevant, further examination), where the examiners are in agreement they complete the relevant joint decision paperwork.

The Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee will routinely review the paperwork produced following examinations to satisfy itself that due process has been followed and the decisions reached are sound.

In cases where the examiner's decision is to confer the award, the Chair of the University Research and Enterprise Committee must sign to confirm this on behalf of the committee.

#### **11.20.1.5 Available Outcomes**

The examiners may make one of the following decisions:

- The candidate receives the award

- The candidate receives the award subject to minor amendments being made to the thesis within a 1 month period
- The candidate receives the award subject to substantive amendments being made to thesis within a 3-6 month period. The examiners will be required to indicate the date by which the amendments are to be completed
- The candidate be permitted to re-submit for the award, and be re-examined on the thesis with an oral examination (and/or further examination (as applicable) within a 12 month period)
- The candidate be permitted to re-submit for the award, and be re-examined on the thesis only (within a 6 month to 12 month period)
- (For PhD and Professional Doctorate) That the candidate has not achieved the standard of the award, but has satisfied the criteria for award of an MPhil. In this case the candidate may, after possible changes to format of the thesis to satisfy the terms of the regulations for the degree, be awarded the degree of MPhil (within a 6 month period)
- (For MPhil examinations) That the candidate has not achieved the standard of the award of MPhil, and should be awarded the alternative award of MRes subject to confirmation that the thesis meets the requirements of the award (within a 3 month period)
- (For all examinations) That the candidate has not achieved the standard of the award, but should be offered the opportunity to re-submit to be assessed for the award of MPhil (PhD, or Professional Doctorate registrations) or MRes (MPhil registrations). In exceptional circumstances, a candidate who has not achieved the standard of the doctoral award may be offered the opportunity to re-submit to be assessed for the award of MRes.

#### **11.20.1.6 Recommendations where the Examiners are not in agreement**

Where the examiners are not unanimous in respect of their final decision, each examiner must complete, and forward their individual recommendation to the Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee, in the required format.

The individual recommendations must provide sufficiently detailed comments to enable the Committee to satisfy itself that due process has been followed.

#### **11.20.1.7 Course of Action open to the University**

On receipt of the individual recommendations, Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee may take one of the following courses of action:

- Accept a majority recommendation, providing that the majority recommendation includes at least one external examiner
- Accept the recommendation of the external examiner
- Appointment an additional external examiner.

#### **11.20.1.8 Additional External Examiner**

Where an additional external examiner is appointed, they are not informed of the recommendations of the other examiners.

The additional external examiner is required to provide an independent report on the thesis making any recommendation open to an examiner. For clarification, where an additional examiner is appointed following the requirement for the candidate to re-submit their thesis and/or be re-examined by oral examination, only the recommendations available to examiners at the reassessment stage will be available.

The additional external examiner may also conduct an oral examination. This may be in addition to any previous oral examination which may have taken place. In such cases, the Independent Chair of any previous examination will also be present.

#### **11.20.2 Re-examination for the awards of MPhil, PhD and Professional Doctorate**

##### **11.20.2.1 Application**

These provisions apply to re-submission following the decision of examiners for the awards of MPhil, PhD and Professional Doctorate.

##### **11.20.2.2 Responsibility of the candidate**

It is the candidate's responsibility to re-submit the work in the appropriate format and within the required timescale.

##### **11.20.2.3 Re-examination process**

The process for examination and determination of outcomes is the same as that for the initial examination, however the list of available decisions differ as outlined below.

##### **11.20.2.4 Available Outcomes**

The examiners may make one of the following recommendations:

- The candidate receives the award

- The candidate receives the awards subject to minor amendments being made to the thesis within a 1 month period
- (For PhD, Professional Doctorate) That the candidate has not achieved the standard of the award, and should be awarded the degree of MPhil, subject to the conditions for that award being met (within a 6 month period)
- (For MPhil examinations) That the candidate has not achieved the standard of the award of MPhil, and should be awarded the alternative award of MRes subject to the conditions for that award being met (within a 3 month periods)
- That the candidate has not achieved the standard of the award or that of a lesser or alternative award; and shall not receive an award.

#### **11.20.2.5 Appeal**

A candidate:

- Who has been offered a lower or alternate award (MPhil or MRes)
- Who has not been recommended for an award.

May lodge a request for an Appeal Hearing under the provisions of the University Academic Regulations, section 9. Appeals on the grounds of academic judgement are not permitted grounds of appeal under these regulations.

#### **11.21 Examination for Award of MRes**

The general examination provisions will apply with the following exceptions:

##### **11.21.1 Application**

These provisions apply to:

- Examination / Re-examination for the award of MRes
- Re-submission to be assessed for the award of MRes after examination for the awards of MPhil, PhD or Professional Doctorate (only the outcomes listed in 11.21.5 will be available)

##### **11.21.2 Meeting between Examiners**

If, having completed the preliminary assessment reports, the examiners consider that the assessment process requires a meeting between the examiners; the Graduate School will arrange such a meeting.

##### **11.21.3 Oral Examination**

The examiners may request an oral examination in addition to assessing the thesis. This may be particularly useful in determining the outcome of borderline cases.

The examination process is not complete until this oral examination has taken place.

#### **11.21.4 MRes Examination: Outcomes**

The list of available decisions includes the following only:

- The candidate receives the award
- The candidate receives the award subject to minor amendments being made to the thesis within a 1 month period
- The candidate receives the award subject to substantive amendments being made to the thesis within a 1-3 month period. The examiners will be required to indicate the date by which the amendments are to be completed
- The candidate is permitted to re-submit for the award (within a 6 month period)

#### **11.21.5 MRes Examination: Reassessment Outcomes**

The list of available decisions at the re-examination stage includes the following only:

- The candidate receives the award
- The candidate receives the award subject to minor amendments being made to the thesis within a 1 month period
- The candidate shall not receive the award.

### **11.22 Recommendation for an Award of the University**

#### **11.22.1 Recommendation for a Research Award of the University**

The University Research and Enterprise Committee is the sole body empowered to approve the conferment of a research award of the University. The chair of the University Research and Enterprise Committee or their nominee will be given delegated authority to approve the conferment of a research award.

#### **11.22.2 Confirmation of Completion of Minor Amendments**

Where the examiners have decided that the candidate receives the award subject to minor amendments being made to the thesis, the examiners (internal and/or external) shall confirm to the Chair of the University Research and Enterprise Committee that this has been completed satisfactorily.

### **11.22.3 Documentation presented to the Chair of University Research and Enterprise Committee**

The chair of the University Research and Enterprise Committee may in exceptional circumstances inspect any relevant documentation. This would normally include the following:

- The paperwork relating to the formal decision of the examiners
- The candidate declaration in respect of the work
- (For PhD awards only) A loose copy of the abstract, table of contents and title page
- a copy of the thesis
- (If appropriate) Written confirmation that required minor amendments have been satisfactorily completed.

### **11.22.4 Formal Progressing of the Recommendation for an award**

The Chair's approval will be presented to the next meeting of the University Research and Enterprise Committee for formal recording of the conferment of the award to the candidate.

### **11.22.5 Date of Conferment**

The date of conferment of an award will be the date when the Chair of the University Research and Enterprise Committee or their nominee confirms the examiner's decision to award the degree.

The certificate of award will be available to the candidate at the time of the next award ceremony following conferment of the award and the University being in receipt of the hard copy of the thesis.

A candidate may elect to receive their award in absentia.

## **11.23 Doctor of Philosophy by Existing Published Work**

### **11.23.1 General Requirements**

#### **11.23.1.1 General Provisions**

A candidate for the award of PhD by Existing Published Work will be covered by the standard University Academic Regulations and procedures for research awards with the following exceptions / additions.

A candidate may submit for the degree of PhD by Existing Published Work in any field of study. Published Work includes creative work where this is an integral part of the process and product.

### **11.23.1.2 General Requirements**

Published Work may be submitted for the award of PhD by Existing Published Work providing that:

- The submitted works constitute a sufficient, coherent programme of published peer-reviewed research, as opposed to a series of unconnected works
- The creative work has been placed in the public domain and underpins a coherent programme of research
- The University is able to provide appropriate advisor in the field of study.

### **11.23.1.3 Eligibility**

The award of PhD by Existing Published Work is open to:

- All members of staff contracted to the University who have completed the probation period, graduates of the University, former academic staff and honorary academics.
- All candidates are normally expected to have at least five years relevant experience and to have conducted research at postgraduate level prior to application.

The body of submitted published work must be available in the public domain, normally within the five year period prior to application, and:

- constitute a sufficient, coherent programme of published peer-reviewed research, as opposed to a series of unconnected works
- for professional practice and creative work, underpins a coherent programme of research should be comparable to a PhD thesis in terms of quantity, quality and level of research - equivalent to that of a traditional PhD student who has reached the beginning of the write-up stage.

### **11.23.1.4 Application**

Applications for this award will be reviewed initially at the University Research Degrees Sub-Committee.

### **11.23.1.5 Research Standing**

The PhD by Existing Published Work is primarily intended as an alternative route to the award of PhD in which recognition is given to the contribution of established researchers who have a substantial research and publication record and have made a contribution to the field of



study commensurate with that of a PhD thesis. It is normally expected that the submission will demonstrate original work which has extended the forefront of the discipline in question.

Creative work is expected to be a substantive corpus of original creative work which extends the forefront of the discipline, and in which intellectual enquiry is shown to be an integral part of the process and product.

It is normally expected that the works submitted by a candidate form part of a substantial record of publication.

#### **11.23.1.6 Indicative Scope of Submission**

As an indication of what would be sufficient, candidates would be expected to submit at least six distinct, substantial refereed journal articles or equivalent (for example chapters in edited collections or selected chapters from wholly authored publications) from an extensive portfolio of publications. These articles and the accompanying exegesis (see below) are expected to approximately equate to the written work expected of more conventional doctoral dissertations in similar subject areas. This number should be increased appropriately where articles of multiple authorship are submitted, and authors will be expected to state the nature and quantity of their contribution to any shared publication. It is normally expected that some of the articles submitted should be single authored.

As an indication of what would be expected for submissions relying on creative work, candidates would normally be expected to submit a significant corpus of work which represents an equivalent depth and breadth of enquiry to that of a PhD. This may include original words, or, where necessary, their representation through other means.

#### **11.23.1.7 Candidate's Declaration**

Normally, a candidate must not have submitted any of the publications listed in this application for any other award. A declaration to this effect must be submitted by the candidate, both at the time of application for registration and with the final submission.

Any exception to this provision must be agreed by the Research Degrees Sub-Committee of the University Research and Enterprise Committee as part of the admission process.

#### **11.23.1.8 Language of Submission**

The published works and exegesis should be presented in English.

#### **11.23.1.9 Requirements in relation to Publications**

A work is normally regarded as published only if it is traceable through ordinary catalogues, abstracts or citation indices and is available to the general public. This will normally require that the works are registered with an ISSN/ISBN numbers and therefore in the public domain.

### **11.23.2 Application Process**

#### **11.23.2.1 Application Process**

The process followed is that set out in the Academic Regulations, Section 11.11 with the following additions.

#### **11.23.2.2 Information Required on Application**

Each applicant should provide the following information with their application:

- A statement of not more than 1,500 words which identifies in outline how the proposed submission shows work at the forefront of the discipline; and outlines the rationale for the cohesion of the proposed works
- A full citation and short abstract of 50 words for each submission/output. Where there are joint publications the applicant must state the nature and quantity of their contribution
- A copy of the published works which the candidate proposes to submit
- A Curriculum Vitae
- Details of two academic referees.

### **11.23.3 Confirmation of Registration – Phd by Existing Published Work**

#### **11.23.3.1 Purpose**

The purpose of these provisions is to ensure that the completion of the research project as described will realistically enable the candidate to achieve the award of PhD by Existing Published Work.

The candidate should provide the Review Panel with sufficient material for the Panel to be able to consider:

- The coherence of the submission
- The extent to which the proposed submission for the award demonstrates work which is original and has extended the forefront of the discipline in question
- The extent to which the proposed submission for the award is commensurate with that of a PhD.

### **11.23.3.2 Interview Stage**

A formal and rigorous interview of the Candidate by a Review Panel comprising selected members of University Research Degrees Sub-Committee will be held. The candidate must attend in person. The Panel must satisfy itself that the published work is significant and the level of the individual's contribution justifies the registration for the award of the degree.

### **11.23.3.3 Appeal**

A candidate refused confirmation of registration may lodge a request for an appeal hearing under the provisions of the University Academic Regulations, section 9. Appeals on the grounds of academic judgement are not permitted grounds of appeal under these regulations

### **11.23.3.4 Format of the Exegesis**

The candidate is responsible for ensuring that the format of the submission is in accordance with the University Academic Regulations. The requirements are set out in Section 11.23.5.

## **11.23.4 Requirements for Submission**

### **11.23.4.1 Contents of Submission**

A candidate is required to submit copies of the published works accompanied by an exegesis which demonstrates how these works taken together constitutes a coherent piece of research which makes a significant contribution to knowledge.

### **11.23.4.2 Requirements in relation to Publications**

A work is normally regarded as published only if it is traceable through ordinary catalogues, abstracts or citation indices and is available to the general public. This will normally require that the works are registered with ISSN/ISBN numbers and therefore in the public domain.

### **11.23.4.3 Collaborative Research**

Where any work submitted for the award has been carried out in collaboration with others, a candidate must include within the Candidate's Submission a statement clearly setting out the relative input of the contributing/collaborating parties. This statement will also have to be included with the final submission for the award. The University reserves the right to consult with any of the co-authors or collaborators in respect of this statement.

### **11.23.5 Final Submission**

#### **11.23.5.1 Final Submission**

The final submission is the finished submission after any amendments have been undertaken and the award has been conferred.

One copy must be permanently bound in its final form according to the format detailed in the University Academic Regulations for Research Awards. A further copy of the abstract, title and contents page is also required for the British Library records.

The final form must be such as to provide for a permanent record of any creative work considered for the award. This should be bound, where practicable, with the written component.

### **11.23.6 The Examination Process**

#### **11.23.6.1 The Examination Process**

The examination for the degree of PhD by Existing Published Work is in two stages:

- The submission and preliminary assessment of the published work and accompanying exegesis
- Defence of the submission by oral examination

#### **11.23.6.2 Assessment of the Submission**

In examining the candidate, the examiners must determine whether:

- The submission demonstrates that the candidate has produced work which is commensurate with the requirements for the PhD thesis in the chosen field.
- The submission demonstrates original research and independent critical thinking which has extended the forefront of knowledge in the discipline in question.
- The submission demonstrates that the candidate has made a systematic and coherent study within a single or closely related field(s) and has made a distinctive contribution to knowledge.
- The candidate has demonstrated an appropriate level of critical analysis and reflection on the research undertaken.

#### **11.23.6.3 Available Decisions**

Following consideration of the written submission and the oral examination, the examiners may make one of the following decisions:

- The candidate receives the award.
- The candidate receives the award subject to minor amendments being made to the exegesis within a 1 month period.
- The candidate receives the award subject to substantive amendments being made to thesis within a 3-6 month period. The examiners will be required to indicate the date by which the amendments are to be completed.
- The candidate be permitted to re-submit for the award, and be re-examined on the exegesis only without the need for an oral examination.
- The candidate be permitted to re-submit for the award and be re-examined by oral examination only without the need to re-submit the exegesis.
- The candidate be permitted to re-submit for the award, and be re-examined on the exegesis with an oral examination. This recommendation may include advice to the candidate to include further published work in the portfolio.

#### **11.23.6.4 Additional Material in portfolio**

Where the examiners consider that the overall submission would not meet the requirements for a PhD on account of the volume or weight of the published works themselves, the examiners may recommend that re-submission should include a further paper or chapter, which may already be published, or about to be published.

#### **11.23.6.5 Re-examination Outcomes**

The examiners may make one of the following decisions:

- The candidate receives the award.
- The candidate receives the award subject to minor amendments being made to the exegesis within a 1 month period.
- That the candidate has not achieved the standard of the award

#### **11.23.6.6 Appeal**

A candidate who has not been recommended for an award may lodge a request for an appeal hearing under the provision of the University Academic Regulations, section 9. Appeals on the ground of academic judgement are not permitted under these regulations.

### **11.24 Higher Doctorates**

#### **11.24.1 Higher Doctorates: General Provisions**

#### **11.24.1.1 Award of Higher Doctorates**

The University awards Higher Doctorates to those who have contributed works of high distinction.

#### **11.24.1.2 Consideration of Applications**

The University Research and Enterprise Committee considers all applications for Higher Doctorates.

### **11.24.2 Applicants**

#### **11.24.2.1 Applicants**

Applications for a Higher Doctorate may normally be considered from persons fulfilling the requirements below.

#### **11.24.2.2 First Degree**

Holders of at least seven years standing, of a first degree awarded by an institution of Higher Education in the United Kingdom or a qualification of equivalent standing.

#### **11.24.2.3 Higher Degree**

Holders of at least four years standing, of a research degree by an institution of Higher Education in the United Kingdom or of a qualification of equivalent standing.

### **11.24.3 Applications**

#### **11.24.3.1 Eligibility**

The award is open to all members of staff contracted to our University, graduates of our University, former academic staff and honorary academics.

#### **11.24.3.2 Criteria for Consideration**

Applicants are required to demonstrate that they have undertaken work of a high distinction, which has constituted an original and significant contribution to the advancement of knowledge, or its application, or both.

The application should demonstrate that the applicant is a leading authority in their field or area of study.

#### **11.24.3.3 Submission to the University**

The applicant should submit three copies of the work on which the application is based to the Graduate School.

#### **11.24.3.4 Form of Submission**

The submission may take the form of:

- books
- contributions to journals
- patent specifications
- reports
- conference proceedings
- specification and design studies

The submission may also include other relevant evidence of original work.

#### **11.24.3.5 Presentation of Submission**

The submission, other than books, may be in one, or more, hardback folders, or be bound.

#### **11.24.3.6 Title Page**

Each book or folder shall contain a title page, which includes:

- the name of the applicant with designatory letters
- the subject/area of the bulk of the work
- the list of contents
- the name of the degree for which application is being made

#### **11.24.3.7 Submission for any other Academic Award**

The applicant is required to state which part of the submission, if any, has been submitted for another academic award.

#### **11.24.3.8 Applicant's statement**

The applicant is required to provide three copies of the following:

- a) Nature and significance of the work

A statement of not more than 2,000 words, setting out the applicant's view as to the nature and significance of the work submitted and highlighting the progression of the work and of any inter-relationships.

b) Personal contribution

A full statement of the extent of the applicant's contribution to the work(s) submitted and detailing joint authorship or other types of collaboration.

#### **11.24.3.9 English Language**

The contents of the submission will be English.

#### **11.24.3.10 Fees**

The applicant is responsible for the payment of fees for each stage of the assessment.

### **11.24.4 Assessment Of The Submission**

#### **11.24.4.1 Process of Assessment**

The assessment of the submission consists of two stages which are set out below.

#### **11.24.4.2 Assessment Panel within the University**

Preliminary consideration of the submission is undertaken by an Assessment Panel established by the University Research and Enterprise Committee. The Assessment Panel is required to ascertain whether a prima facie case exists for proceeding to a formal examination of the submission.

The panel will comprise of four members, one of whom will be the Chair of the University Research and Enterprise Committee. The Chair of the University Research and Enterprise Committee will act as the Chair of the Assessment Panel.

All members of the Assessment panel will have extensive research experience.

#### **11.24.4.3 External Examination**

If the Assessment Panel determines that the submission be formally examined, consideration of the submission will be undertaken by two external examiners, wholly independent of the University and the applicant.



The examiners will be appointed by the University Research and Enterprise Committee of Academic Board.

Each examiner is required to make an independent report to the University Research and Enterprise Committee.

#### **11.24.4.4 Action in Case of Disagreement**

In the case of disagreement between the examiners the University Research and Enterprise Committee may appoint a third examiner and will accept a majority decision.

#### **11.24.5 Decision on an Award**

##### **11.24.5.1 University Research and Enterprise Committee**

The University Research and Enterprise Committee will make a decision on the report and recommendation(s) of the examiners in respect of the candidate.

##### **11.24.5.2 Confirmation of the Degree**

The power to confirm the degree rests with the Academic Board of the University.



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# Academic Regulations Engagement and Partnership with Students

## Section 12

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## Section 12

### Engagement and Partnership with Students

Originating Department:	Quality Assurance Services
Enquiries to:	<a href="mailto:gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk">gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk</a>
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Target Audience:	Relevant for all University staff and students and of particular relevance to:  Deans of School, Course Directors, Module Leaders, Students, Student Representatives, academic and professional support staff and our collaborative partners

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# Section 12: Engagement and Partnership with Students

## 12.1 Purpose

This section of the Academic Regulations defines the University's framework within which student engagement, partnership and consultation contribute to the provision of an excellent education for all our students.

It sits alongside our Student Charter in setting out the University's approach to partnership working and defines students' involvement and engagement in quality assurance and enhancement systems and processes.

The University and our Students' Union are committed to working in partnership with our students to provide an inclusive, safe and engaging environment for learning and working.

## 12.2 Principles

The following principles underpin the involvement and engagement of students in quality systems and processes:

- a) The involvement of our students in quality systems has a positive influence on the delivery and development of all aspects of the student experience.
- b) All students are provided with opportunities for involvement in quality enhancement and assurance processes via individual and/ or collective engagement and feedback which take account of the diversity of the student body.
- c) Partnership working with students is based on a spirit of mutual trust, transparency, openness and respect.
- d) Feedback provided by our students is used to inform improvements to the educational experience of our students.

## 12.3 Engagement of Students

Our University takes deliberate steps to engage all students, individually and collectively, as partners in the development, assurance and enhancement of the quality of their educational

experience (see also section 13). The contribution of students and their representatives is central to our University's quality assurance systems and processes and the systematic enhancement of our students' educational experience.

Students' feedback and involvement is sought and their contribution is recognised through our quality processes.

#### **12.4 Participation by Students**

We seek active participation by all our students in the enhancement of student learning opportunities. Students are invited to participate in a range of quality assurance and enhancement processes and as members of focus groups, forums, meetings and committees.

Students' involvement and feedback will be sought via a range of mechanisms including student surveys, module evaluation, monitoring and annual review processes, and the processes for the design, validation and review of courses. Feedback received from students via these mechanisms will be used to inform action plans and course enhancement.

#### **12.5 Student Representation**

Students are invited to elect representatives from the student body to become Course Representatives. The University works in partnership with the Students' Union to promote this activity and to ensure that elections are fair and equitable and that Course Representatives are developed and supported appropriately.

Course Representatives are student volunteers who represent the views of students on their course. They work in partnership with academic and professional services staff and the Students' Union to support the delivery of an excellent educational experience for our students through the provision of feedback and through their involvement in quality systems and processes.

Information on student representation and course representatives will be provided to students upon commencing their course.

#### **12.6 Election of Course Representatives**

Normally Course Representatives are elected by the student body and will be sought for taught courses and research awards.

Students will have the opportunity to be elected as a Course Representative and to contribute in this capacity in addition to their involvement as an individual student. Flexibility is permitted dependent on the nature of the course, size of the cohort and mode of study.

### **12.7 Monitoring, Annual Review and Enhancement**

The process of monitoring annual review and enhancement at course level enables collective student engagement and the involvement and contribution by students and their Course Representatives to the enhancement of the educational experience.

Students are provided with an opportunity to be involved in quality enhancement and assurance processes via individual or collective feedback and it is the responsibility of the Course Director to ensure these opportunities are made available and that students are kept informed of the actions taken in response to feedback they have provided.

Students will be provided with opportunities to provide feedback on their educational experience to staff, informing action plans for enhancement.

Student representation through membership of School and University governance structures provides further opportunities for feedback and contribution to enhancement action planning.

### **12.8 Action for Enhancement**

Feedback from students will inform course action plans and our University's annual quality reports and action plans.

Responses to student feedback will be provided via the agreed mechanisms.

### **12.9 Training and Support**

Course Representatives and University staff have access to training and support to equip them to undertake their roles in enhancement and quality assurance. The University and Students' Union will work in partnership to provide support and training for all Course Representatives.

## **12.10 Oversight, Monitoring and Review of Student Engagement**

The effectiveness of student engagement processes are reviewed through our annual review and enhancement process. Oversight of student representation is maintained via Academic Quality and Standards Committee.

## **12.11 Consultation on Modifications to the Course**

Students likely to be affected by proposals for modifications to their course will be consulted, in accordance with Academic Regulations Section 13: Approval, Validation, Monitoring and Review and that consultation will inform the decision making process.

Consultation activities will be informed by the Student Consultation Framework and the Student Protection Plan (where applicable) and associated University procedures.

All approved modifications will lead to updated published course information in accordance with University regulations and sector legislation.

## **12.12 Consultation on other changes**

The University will seek feedback from students on other changes that may affect them, guided by the Student Consultation Framework and the Student Protection Plan (where applicable).





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# Academic Regulations

Approval,  
Validation,  
Monitoring and  
Review

Section 13

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## Section 13

### Approval, Validation, Monitoring and Review

<b>Originating Department:</b>	Quality Assurance Services
<b>Enquiries to:</b>	<a href="mailto:gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk">gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk</a>
<b>Approving Body:</b>	Academic Board
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<b>Document Type</b>	Regulation
<b>Target Audience:</b>	Relevant for all University staff and students and of particular relevance to:  Staff and external representatives associated with approval, validation, monitoring and review activities including Deans of School, Heads of Subject, Course Directors and their teams and officers to events; and to collaborative partners.

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# Section 13: Approval, Validation, Monitoring and Review

## 13.1 Purpose

This section of the Academic Regulations defines the University's approach to the approval, validation of taught courses and modules, the monitoring of course performance through the application of both School and institutionally managed continuous improvement and annual review activities and the cyclical course review process that provides assurance of validation status good standing on an annual basis, thereby confirming a course's ongoing validated status.

These academic regulations and processes ensure that appropriate academic standards are set and maintained and make available learning opportunities which enable the intended learning outcomes to be achieved. These processes aim to enhance the quality of learning opportunities and to continuously improve the performance and satisfaction of our students.

The requirements establish distinct, inter-related, co-dependent processes of approval, validation, monitoring and review and enable a distinction between activities which focus on the course as the unit of review, the subject and the location of delivery.

The systematic approach requires approval, validation, continuous course monitoring, annual review and ongoing enhancement activities. These are set within a formalised cycle of course approval, validation, enhanced monitoring and review, and a strategic portfolio planning and review process based on the relevant portfolio and a defined process of partnerships and collaborations approval or validation to enable courses to be taught in other locations.

Validation, monitoring and review processes are proportionate to the provision under consideration and are applied flexibly with due regard for risk. They are underpinned at each stage by externality and student views and where relevant, they are conducted with an awareness and appreciation of Professional, Statutory and Regulatory Body (PSRB) requirements.

The focus of these activities is the course, since that is the unit of delivery with which our students identify. However, enhancement strategies are delivered at a range of aggregations, including modules and continuous improvement action benefit more than one course may benefit from these.

This enables a proportionate approach to validation and maintenance of validation status, course monitoring and review which supports flexibility applicable to the provision and focus e.g. course as the unit of review, the subject or the location of delivery.

The following regulations further explain the University's approach:

- Approval of Course Proposals and new Partner proposals
- Validation and Maintenance of Validated Course Status
- Approval of collaborative delivery
- Course Monitoring, annual review and enhancement
- Enhanced Monitoring
- Modification and Consent for Change
- Strategic Portfolio Planning and Review

## **13.2 General Principles of Approval, Validation, Cyclical Monitoring and Review**

**13.2.1** New taught course proposals require institutional approval before they can be included within the University's portfolio and advertised.

**13.2.2** All courses leading to an award of the University must undergo a formal process of validation appropriate to the breadth and complexity of the proposal to be considered.

**13.2.3** Course titles must conform to the usual expectations of higher education bodies, relevant professional bodies, students and employers about the level of knowledge and skills to be expected from a person holding such a qualification.

**13.2.4** Course titles and awards which appear on certificates must be approved by the University, and may not be changed without the approval of Academic Board.

**13.2.5** Courses must be designed and operated in accordance with the University's Regulations, and meet relevant national qualifications framework and external requirements.

**13.2.6** Feedback from internal and external stakeholders will be used, as appropriate, in the design, development and validation of courses.

**13.2.7** A system of peer review including experts external to the University will be applied to the validation of all taught provision.

13.2.8 Taught courses will be subject to monitoring and review in accordance with our regulations.

### 13.3 Validation Definition and Scope

13.3.1 Course validation is an institutional peer approval process which provides assurance of the quality and standards of newly developed courses prior to their delivery to students. It confirms:

- that the academic standards of taught courses and qualifications meet the requirements of relevant national qualifications frameworks including the Framework for Higher Education Qualifications and relevant sector qualification standards, frameworks, qualifications characteristics and benchmarks.
- that the course design, content, structure, assessment student support and learning outcomes are well designed and appropriate for the provision of a high-quality academic learning experience for all students, which enable a student's achievement to be reliably assessed.
- the appropriateness of student support mechanisms to enable students to succeed in and benefit from higher education.
- that the course will provide students with the opportunity to achieve standards beyond the threshold level that are reasonable comparable with those achieved in other UK sector providers.
- that the standards of University awards delivered in partnership or collaboration with others are credible and secure

13.3.2 Once validated and in delivery, all courses are required to maintain ongoing validation status and continue to meet the requirements of relevant national frameworks at the point of qualification and over time in line with sector recognised standards.

13.3.3 All taught courses are subject to a formal institutional review of the validation status, normally conducted on a cyclical basis annually or within a defined period. This process provides institutional oversight and assurance of ongoing validation good standing, that the value of the University's qualifications over time is in line with sector recognised standards and confirmation of validation status.

13.3.4 Taught academic provision delivered in collaborative with others is required to be validated prior to the approval of collaborative delivery.

- 13.3.5** Approval of academic delivery in collaborative contexts is normally for a maximum of six years, or sooner if an earlier review is stipulated or required by the University. This may arise as a result of modifications to the home validated course, where academic standards or quality of course is imperiled or of concern to the institution, due to student protection, partner approval status or other reason.
- 13.3.6** Normally, collaborative provision for delivery as University accredited awards by a collaborative partner are subject to a separate validation and are required to undergo re-validation every six years or sooner, if a validation panel stipulates an earlier review.
- 13.3.7** These requirements enable institutional oversight and assurance of the effectiveness of arrangements for validation to ensure the academic standards of University awards are credible and secure and that the academic experience is of high quality, irrespective of where or how courses are delivered and who delivers them.

## **13.4 Approval, Validation, Monitoring and Review Arrangements**

### **13.4.1 Institutional Approval of Course Proposals**

- a) Documentation for Institutional Approval must, as a minimum, include the following information:
- the target award
  - the proposed title of the target award
  - the proposed structure of the award (e.g. course, short course)
  - the proposed mode(s) of delivery e.g. full time, part time, sandwich)
  - the proposed start date for the first cohort
  - its congruence with the strategic direction of academic provision within the University
  - the market rationale
  - broad feasibility and costing projections, including requirements for academic and support staffing and the minimum number of anticipated students
  - partnership information, where relevant.
- b) Institutional approval will confirm:
- the proposed title of the award
  - the proposed structure of the award
  - the planned start date of the first cohort
  - the proposed provision may proceed to validation.

- c) Formal admission of students is authorised only if the following apply:
- the course has received institutional approval
  - the course is validated
  - the course is offered for delivery in the current academic year
  - in the case of collaborations, the financial and contractual agreement is current.
- d) When a new course proposal has been approved but is awaiting validation (or approval of delivery in a recognised institution) this should be made clear in any advertising.

#### 13.4.2 Course Validation

- a) All validated courses leading to a target award will contain a series of contained awards at different levels unless specific provision is made to exclude these awards in the course specification. For courses leading to a final award of a degree with honours the contained awards are:

- Ordinary Degree
- Diploma of Higher Education

and

- Certificate of Higher Education

For courses leading to a final award of a Masters degree the contained awards are:

- Postgraduate Certificate
- Postgraduate Diploma

For courses leading to a final award of an Integrated Masters degree the contained awards are:

- Postgraduate Diploma (Level 7)
- Postgraduate Certificate (Level 7)
- Honours Degree (Level 6)
- Ordinary Degree (Level 6)
- Diploma of Higher Education (Level 5)

and

- Certificate of Higher Education (Level 4)



All contained awards are required to have discrete academic coherence and the title shall be the same as the title of the target award unless specified otherwise in the Course Specification.

b) Course Development

Course development will normally be led by a Course Director who will ensure that the course is designed and developed with due consideration for:

- The University's Education Strategy
- Inclusive assessment, learning and teaching approaches
- Academic Regulations and guidance on validation
- Relevant university policies
- External Reference points and relevant national qualifications requirements (e.g. Framework for Higher Education Qualifications, the H.E. Credit Framework for England, Subject Benchmark Statements)
- Professional Statutory and Regulatory Bodies (where relevant)

The Course Director is responsible for:

- Development of the proposal
- Preparation of validation documentation
- Compliance with the Academic Regulations
- Liaison with appropriate stakeholders including students
- Consideration of resource implications

In addition to the above, at re-validation, the Course Director is responsible for:

- Critically appraising the course; and
- Incorporating any enhancements, as appropriate

c) The Dean of School is responsible for sign off of the validation documentation submitted to Quality Assurance Services in accordance with the agreed deadlines.

d) The course validation panel will be appropriate to the quality assurance requirements of the course under consideration and will involve peer review scrutiny by an institutionally agreed, proportionate and appropriately constituted panel.

e) New course validation will normally be undertaken by a validation panel which includes:

- Chair (External to the School in which the course(s) resides)
- External Panel Members (at least one Academic from the subject area under consideration and external to our university and one external employer representative)
- Academic Panel Member (external to the School)
- Internal Panel Member (from the School)

and is informed by feedback from students.

Other panel members may be assigned as appropriate to the course(s) under consideration.

f) A University Validation Panel, institutionally constituted and chaired by the Deputy-Vice Chancellor Academic, informed by internal and external expertise and student feedback in the design and development of the course, may be adopted where proportionate to the provision. This may include validation of pathways and proposals for substantial modification.

g) The Validation documentation will be appropriate to the course(s) under consideration and will include, as a minimum:

A Course Information Form

A Briefing Statement

A Course Specification and Material Information Summary

Module Specifications

Staff CVs (for new course proposals)

Professional Statutory or Regulatory Body requirements (as applicable)

h) The Validation Panel may make the following decisions:

- to validate the course
- validate the course subject to conditions and/or recommendations
- not to validate the course

Where the panel agree not to validate a course the Dean of School will be consulted to determine whether and when the provision may be re-presented for validation or is required to be suspended from recruitment or withdrawn from the university portfolio by a specified date.

i) The Validation Panel will establish that each course:

- is of a standard appropriate to the award offered in accordance with 13.3.1

- will be delivered to a standard appropriate to the award offered and
- has sufficient resources to support student learning

Quality Assurance Services will provide advice to the panel on areas of the proposal which require further consideration and/or approval.

- j) Quality Assurance Services will provide an oversight report on the outcomes of validation to Academic Quality and Standards Committee.

### 13.4.3 The Maintenance of Course Validation Status

- a) All courses will be subject to maintaining ongoing validation status and are required to undergo a formal institutional review of the validation status. This process will determine validation status and any requirements for further peer review or validation scrutiny necessary for assuring the ongoing confirmation of academic standards and quality requirements set out in section 13.3.
- b) Expectations Concerning Good Standing

In order to remain validated for delivery, courses are required to maintain good standing in respect of academic standards and quality expectations defined by the University and aligned with external requirements. These expectations will be consistent, transparent and equitable and will include consideration of a range of indicators:

- Threshold course performance relating to student progression, achievement and employability indicators;
  - Threshold course performance relating to student satisfaction indicators;
  - External Examiner feedback on Academic Standards
  - Student feedback
  - External feedback
  - Currency and relevance of the curriculum
  - Student complaints or other causes for concern
  - Professional, Statutory or Regulatory Body feedback
  - Student Protection Risks
  - Action planning already in train at Course, Subject and/ or School level that relates to any of the above;
- c) Institutional Process for the Maintenance of Validated Course Status

A University Validation Panel will be convened annually in accordance with the specified institutional process to provide oversight of the maintenance of validated status of award bearing courses and will make recommendations concerning the outcomes of that process for consideration by Academic Quality and Standards Committee overseen by Academic Board.

The University Validation Panel will include:

- Chair (Deputy Vice Chancellor Academic – or nominee) – ex officio
- University Registrar – ex officio
- External Academic appointed by the University for the oversight of validated course status
- Academic panel members drawn from University Schools [2]
- Students' Union Representation. The panel will receive feedback from student representatives to inform its decision making.
- Engagement with External academic panel members appointed by University, as appropriate, to the courses under consideration [1 per subject area]
- Other representatives as appropriate to the courses under consideration

The University Validation Panel will determine the necessity for the engagement of and feedback from additional attendees, feedback or expertise at the panel's discretion, including:

- Internal representatives
- external subject experts relevant to the academic subject area
- students
- employers
- professional, statutory and regulatory bodies where applicable.

Courses subject to professional, statutory and regulatory body accreditation or recognition may be required to undergo a Course Validation within a defined period and may require a joint or separate accreditation process.

The Validation documentation considered by the panel will be appropriate to the courses under consideration and will include, as a minimum:

- A report for each course, covering matters relating to good standing (*provided by Registrar's Office*)
- A Course Specification (*signed off by the Dean and provided by the School*).
- Module Specifications (*signed off by the Dean and provided by the School*).

- Executive Summary and Action Plan produced during course level Monitoring, Annual Review and Enhancement (MARE) activities;
- A confirmed Material Information Summary for publication prior to the next applicant cycle.

The Course Director is responsible for preparation of validation documentation.

The Dean of School is responsible for approval of the validation documentation submitted to Quality Assurance Services in accordance with agreed deadlines.

Additionally, as part of the maintenance of ongoing validation status and formal institutional review Course Directors may be required to:

- provide a critical appraisal of the evidence informed by the annual review and evaluation of the course(s)
- provide examples of best practice, as applicable
- make an evaluation of modifications to the course
- consider external examiner reports and review external reference points and requirements e.g. Subject benchmark statements and Framework for Higher Education Qualifications
- consider student and other external stakeholder feedback
- consider management information and course performance indicators
- consider research within the subject area in relation to course content

d) Outcomes of the Process for the Maintenance of Validated Status

The University Validation Panel may make the following recommendations to the Academic Quality and Standards Committee overseen by Academic Board in respect of each course under consideration:

- to continue to validate the course
- to continue to validate the course subject to conditions and/or recommendations to be satisfied within a specified period
- not to continue to validate the course
- not to validate the course and require conditions to be satisfied by a specified date
- not to validate and recommend suspension of recruitment or withdrawal of the course by a specified date

Conditions relating to the maintenance of validated status may include:

- remedial actions for improvement;
- referral of the course for Enhanced Monitoring (see Regulation 3.7.2);
- referral of the course for redevelopment with a full validation panel required at the culmination of that process.
- referral of the course for further scrutiny and feedback from external expertise or students)
- referral of the course for redevelopment with full validation via a separate validation panel required at the culmination of that process.

Changes to course content, structure and assessment generated by the outcomes of this process will be approved by the University Validation Panel and will be subject to the regulatory provisions concerning 'Consent for Change' (see regulation 13.10)

### **Periodic Review**

The process of Maintenance of Course Validation Status and assurance of validation good standing by the University Validation Panel will assure the cyclical review of taught courses.

The University Validation Panel will maintain oversight of the course following initial validation and where appropriate will require a Course Validation periodically to provide additional assurance that the academic standards and quality of the course over time is in line with sector recognised standards and quality. In the case of validated collaborative provision, validation will be for a maximum period of six years.

Alongside the process for institutional assurance of courses' good standing, the monitoring and review activity at Course, Subject and School level will lead to proposals for modifications to courses. In some cases, these may trigger a more holistic view of course structure and content that requires a course to be redeveloped and revalidated discretely.

These activities will require an institutional Course validation event as defined in section 13.4.2 and should be planned between Schools and the Registrar's Office with due regard for material change deadlines, any associated professional body expectations and the sustainable deployment of appropriate staff and resources.

In addition, there are some changes which are outside the purview of the modifications regulations and will require a proportionate institutional validation process. These are summarised in section 13.11.4: Limits on modifications and substantial changes to courses.

The Registrar's Office will advise on the appropriate validation process to be deployed with due regard for risk and responsiveness.

A consent for change request will be required for changes which trigger validation.

### **13.5 General Principles of Monitoring, Annual Review and Enhancement**

Course monitoring, annual review and enhancement processes provide assurance of the ongoing academic quality and standards of validated courses and enables systematic enhancements to the quality of learning opportunities to be identified and delivered.

They support the continuous improvement of student performance and satisfaction through targeted action planning and require the progress and effectiveness of these actions to be monitored.

Monitoring and review activities are informed by and relevant to the enhancement strategies defined at course, subject, School or institutional level.

The course monitoring, annual review and enhancement framework provides a flexible framework within which information, course outcomes and data that relates to the academic standards of awards and the quality of learning opportunities are considered and evaluated in order to:

- a) maintain threshold standards
- b) provide the opportunity for students awarded qualifications to achieve beyond the threshold level and to be reasonably comparable with those achieved in other UK providers
- c) maintain the ongoing value of qualifications awarded, in line with the relevant national qualifications framework and sector recognised standards
- d) ensure standards of University awards delivered in partnership with others are credible and secure irrespective of where or how courses are delivered or who delivers them
- e) evaluate course performance and outcomes to provide assurance regarding the academic standards and quality of the course and any action required to deliver enhancements to the learning opportunities
- f) provide evidence for cyclical monitoring and review of academic provision
- g) provide assurance to Academic Board and its committees that the implementation of the University's academic regulations and processes are being conducted consistently and effectively.

## 13.6 Process of Monitoring, Review and Enhancement

Monitoring, review and enhancement is the process by which the continued health of each course is monitored, reviewed and enhanced on a continuous basis, taking account of core course information.

### 13.6.1 Elements of the process

The elements of the process comprise of:

- a) Opportunities for student engagement including meetings, individual and collective feedback
- b) Opportunities for Course Team reflection and action planning
- c) The production of an Executive Summary and action plan by the Course Director
- d) The use and analysis of management information to inform decision making

### 13.6.2 School responsibility

It is the responsibility of each Dean of School to ensure that each course undertakes the process of monitoring, review and enhancement effectively, including the production of a course summary report and action plan.

Deans are further responsible for the provision of timely assurance reports and action plans to Academic Quality and Standards Committee arising from the conclusion of complete and effective monitoring, review and enhancement. This will support University academic assurances to our Board of Governors.

### 13.6.3 Use of data and other quality indicators

The University will provide data and management information for use in monitoring, review and enhancement. The information provided will be from a variety of sources including:

- a) Course performance data relating to student continuation/progression, attainment and employment or further study;
- b) Course performance data relating to student satisfaction indicators;
- c) Graduate Employment or further study outcomes
- d) Cohort profile data
- e) External Examiner Reports
- f) Reports from Module Boards and Progression and Award Boards



#### 13.6.4 Other Information

Other relevant information will be derived from within the School, and will include outcomes from student engagement activities, module evaluations and other external feedback (for example from Professional, Statutory and Regulatory Bodies).

### 13.7 University Responsibility

#### 13.7.1 University Quality Action Plan

Quality Assurances Services is responsible for maintaining an Action Plan overseen by the Academic Quality and Standards Committee drawing on the outputs of University monitoring and review prior to the Plan being received and ratified by Academic Board.

#### 13.7.2 Enhanced Monitoring

- a) Enhanced monitoring is an opportunity to reflect on course progress and consider matters of academic standards, quality and course performance which have emerged since validation/re-validation, informed by KPIs and other relevant information.
- b) The Course Director and members of the course team will meet with a University determined panel, Chaired by the DVC Academic or nominee, to review course outcomes and planned enhancement.
- c) Outcomes will confirm how any recommendations or actions for continuous improvement arising from course monitoring, annual review and enhancement and student feedback are being addressed by the Course Team.

### 13.8 Course Changes and Modification: General

#### 13.8.1 Definition

Modification is a process, which enables a course or module to respond to internal or external stimuli and adapt itself to meet the needs of its students, or external stakeholders by making changes or modifications to a validated or published course or module.

Substantial modification of a course may lead to revalidation.

### 13.8.2 University Consent for Change

All proposals for modification require University Consent for Change. No modifications may be made, implemented, delivered or published for applicants or students without University Consent.

Substantial modification of a course or module may lead to revalidation.

## 13.9 Modification Approval

Changes to validated courses and modules may be proposed by Schools or appropriate University senior manager in accordance with our Academic Regulations.

Proposals for modifications are determined by Schools or appropriate University senior manager prior to these proposed modifications being submitted for University consent for change.

University consent for change is needed prior to implementation of change.

## 13.10 Consent for Change

A consent for change request must accompany all proposals for modifications or change to a validated or published course or module and related information; and for changes required for the purposes of portfolio development and management.

Should a proposal for change arise in relation to, or which constitutes, a potential risk under the University's Student Protection Plan, the Registrar shall be informed in accordance with the Plan.

The consent for change decision will be undertaken by Quality Assurance Services or the Registrar's Office in accordance with the University's process. This will consider and confirm the relevant consultation process with applicants and/or students (as applicable), with external examiners (where applicable), any requirement for validation due to the nature or extent of change and the timescale for implementation of change.

The consent for change decision if and when confirmed will be made following completion of the necessary steps and requirements of the University's regulations and process.

## 13.11 Consultation

Quality Assurances Services or the Registrar's Office will confirm the consultation process proportionate to the proposed modification or change. Normally, consultation with external examiners, students or applicants will be required where the proposals are likely to affect current students, future students or applicants.

### 13.11.1 Students and External Examiners

External examiners, together with students likely to be affected by proposals for modification or change, must be consulted in relation to any such proposal.

The Student Consultation Framework will be used as guidance. Normally, consultation with External Examiners and students in accordance with the University's required process will be conducted by the relevant School or as determined by Quality Assurance Services or the Registrar's Office.

Consultation must be concluded before implementation of consent for change can be confirmed.

### 13.11.2 Applicants

Quality Assurances Services will confirm the consultation process (where required) proportionate to the proposed modification or change. Applicants likely to be affected by proposals for modification or change may need to be consulted and relevant consent sought in circumstances where this involves material information changes or changes to published information. This will be determined by Quality Assurance Services or the Registrar's Office.

Consultation with applicants will be conducted by Admissions, in accordance with the University's process for consultation with applicants, upon the notification by Quality Assurance Services or the Registrar's Office.

Consultation must be concluded before the proposals for change may be implemented and consent for change is confirmed. Applicants who do not consent to the proposed change will have the opportunity to be released from the University's offer of admission.

### 13.11.3 Implementing modifications and changes

Following consent for change being granted, modifications or changes normally will lead to:

- updated published information
  - updated course information, course specifications and student and curriculum/portfolio system data
- and
- communication with relevant students, applicants, staff

in accordance with our associated University procedures, prior to implementation of the modification or change.

#### 13.11.4 Limits on modifications and substantial changes to courses

The following changes will trigger a validation:

- a) title of the course and/or the award to which it leads
- b) overall aims and learning outcomes of the course
- c) Addition of or changes to pathways
- d) mode(s) of study or duration of a course
- e) awarding body
- f) the addition or deletion of module(s) where the course learning outcomes are changed or where this constitutes a material change to the course
- g) changes to the overall methods of assessment and strategy for the course
- h) changes to a material component of a course or pathway

A consent for change request will be required for changes which trigger validation.

### 13.12 Reporting Modifications and Change

A report of approved modifications, change and consent for change granted at all levels will be submitted to Academic Quality and Standards Committee and updated definitive documentation held by Quality Assurance Services.

### 13.13 Strategic Portfolio Planning and Review

#### 13.13.1 Definition

Strategic Portfolio Planning and Review is the mechanism by which the University undertakes a strategic review of the academic portfolio and market strategy for each School portfolio informed by relevant defined institutional and sector information. This will include:

- Course and subject based market intelligence

- Evidence of alignment with institutional education and research strategies
- Outcomes from course monitoring, review and enhancement processes where courses are within Enhanced Monitoring or are required to fulfil conditions to maintain validation status.

### 13.13.2 Purpose

The purpose of the process is to enable strategic institutional oversight of developments in the University's taught portfolio. The process and may involve:

- Identification of new courses to improve the market strength of a subject area – offering progression routes, new courses to take advantage of growing employer need or applicant demand
- New structural arrangements for portfolios, nested groups of courses or introduction of different levels of study
- Opportunities for collaboration with other Schools or outside providers
- Clarity on competitors and tactics to improve competitive positioning
- Clarity on 'core courses' in each portfolio that deliver financial stability
- Identification of new market opportunities
- Courses or subject areas that are more experimental – and enable a school to explore a new area of academic provision – while limiting risk
- Identification of courses which may be withdrawn or require review

### 13.13.3 Strategic Portfolio Planning and Review Process

The process is aligned to, but not dependent on, the continuous monitoring process and is informed by and managed alongside academic quality processes. The process is led by a Deputy Vice Chancellor involving a meeting with senior University and School representatives. The process will consider at school level the planned portfolio and potential developments over a 3-5 year timescale and may include an evaluation of:

- Portfolio structure and scope.
- Current portfolio performance
- Market forces and sector trends
- External influences and developments which may have an impact on the portfolio.
- Staffing and changes which may impact upon delivery or new developments or opportunities.
- New modes of delivery, teaching and learning developments

#### 13.13.4 Outcomes of the process

The intended outcome is a school portfolio that:

- Offers clear progression routes and is efficient
- Is highly competitive in the market and provides a viable portfolio
- Is aligned strategically with our institutional strategy for Education and Research and the University's Access and Participation Plan
- Delivers knowledge and skills which support students' progression opportunities for highly skilled graduate employment or further study.

Outcomes from this process will be reported to Academic Quality and Standards Committee annually.

#### 13.13.5 Timescale

The timescale normally is cyclical and is defined in institutional guidance.

#### 13.13.6 Awards withdrawn from the University Portfolio

a) Decisions to withdraw validated courses are taken from time to time as the University portfolio is reviewed. The School will take appropriate action to ensure that:

- Academic Standards are maintained for any students remaining on the course
- Students' continuation of study is protected in accordance with the Student Protection Plan;

or

- Students are consulted with a view to transferring to a suitable alternative course. Requirements for student consultation will be in accordance with the Academic Regulations.

b) All withdrawals must have institutional approval.

c) Academic Board shall withdraw validation of a course offered by the university or associated institution if there is evidence that the course is no longer meeting minimum acceptable standards.



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# Academic Regulations

## External Examiners and Advisers

Section 14

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## Section 14

### Appointment and Role of External Examiners and Advisers

Originating Department:	Quality Assurance Services
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# Section 14: Appointment and Role of External Examiners and Advisers

## 14.1 Purpose

This section of the Academic Regulations sets out our principles on External Examining, our processes for appointing external examiners, the duties expected of them and their annual reporting obligation to us.

External Examining is a key component of our University's quality assurance framework. It provides assurance that the academic threshold standards of our taught awards are appropriate in light of UK reference points, that the achievement of our students is comparable to that on similar courses elsewhere, and that students are treated equitably in assessment.

External examiners must be appointed for all validated courses leading to an award of the University.

## 14.2 General Principles

### 14.2.1 Equity and Fairness

The role of the external examiner(s) approved by the University for courses is to ensure that academic threshold standards are appropriately set and maintained in light of relevant UK expectations, that student achievement is comparable to that on similar courses elsewhere, and that the processes for assessment, examination and the determination of awards are rigorous and fairly conducted.

External examiners may also be involved in the approval of courses of study for individual students where such frameworks are validated.

External Examiners will also be consulted on and participate in decisions related to and/or approval of:

- a) new modules
- b) modifications to the existing modules of a course
- c) any proposed changes to the approved assessment regulations which will directly affect students studying on the course.

No recommendation for the conferment of an award of the University above the level of Certificate of Higher Education may be made without the written consent of the approved external examiner(s).

### **14.2.2 Appointment of External Examiners**

University appointment criteria, guidelines and processes will ensure that all external examiners have the appropriate standing, expertise and breadth of experience to carry out their duties as recommended by external reference points.

### **14.2.3 Impartiality**

University appointment guidelines will be such as to ensure that external examiners are impartial in judgement.

### **14.2.4 Selection of External Examiners**

External examiners will be drawn from a wide variety of institutional and/or professional contexts in order to ensure that University taught awards benefit from wide-ranging external scrutiny.

### **14.2.5 Induction of External Examiners**

The University will ensure that external examiners are given adequate induction and briefing in order for them to fulfil their responsibilities.

### **14.2.6 Cessation of Appointment**

The appointment of external examiners will cease at the end of their contracted tenure, or as otherwise provided for in the current University guidelines.

### **14.2.7 External Examiners' Reports**

External examiners are required to report annually in writing to the Academic Board about the ways in which assessment has been conducted and on other issues as determined by the Academic Board

### **14.3 Code of Practice on Appointment and Role of External Examiners and Advisers**

The code of practice outlined below applies only to taught awards. Regulations for external examiners for research awards are documented separately.

#### **14.3.1 External Examiner/Adviser Appointment**

Final University approval of external examiners/advisers rests with Academic Quality and Standards Committee, acting on behalf of Academic Board. All nominations of external examiners and advisers are required to be authorised by the Dean of School.

External advisers with particular subject expertise may also be appointed to assist the external examiners, for example in language awards. The duties of external advisers will be fewer than those of external examiners and do not necessarily include participation in meetings of Progression and Award Boards. Normally, a schedule of duties will be drawn up and agreed with the Course Team and progressed in accordance with the current University Regulations. An adviser is required to submit an annual report to the external examiner and also to Quality Assurance Services.

All arrangements for and duties of external examiners for courses leading to Pearson awards will be in accordance with the associated licence agreement and appropriate University guidance issued by Quality Assurance Services.

An external examiner should normally hold no more than two external examiner appointments.

The number of external examiners to be appointed will vary from course to course, appointments may be made to whole courses or groups of modules and the designation of Chief External Examiner to assure standards and provide rigour of process underpinning Progression and Award. There may also be particular requirements laid down by Professional, Statutory or Regulatory Bodies in relation to the number of practitioner and academic external examiners required. (See guidance provided by University Registrar's Office)

An external examiner should, normally, hold no more than two external examiner appointments.

Where an External Examiner has no previous external examining experience, but meets all other appointment criteria, a mentor will be appointed. This is normally the previous External Examiner but can be an experienced External Examiner from another course.

### 14.3.2 Period of Tenure

The period of tenure for an external examiner will normally be four consecutive years running from the 1st November to the 31st October. The tenure will normally allow an external examiner to assess four successive cohorts of full-time students. A new external examiner will normally take up appointment on or before the retirement of his/her predecessor. External examiners must remain available after the last assessments with which they are to be associated to deal with any subsequent reviews of decisions.

### 14.3.3 Extension of Tenure

In certain exceptional circumstances, for example in the case of a new award, to ensure continuity within an examining team, or where a course is running out and has only a further year to run, the period of appointment of an external examiner may be extended by a period of one year only. The external examiner must be consulted and should consent to the extension of tenure. In order to extend the term of office of an external examiner, the appropriate University process must be followed.

### 14.3.4 End of External Examiners' period of tenure

The appointment of an external examiner will normally cease at the end of their appointed tenure. In certain circumstances it may be necessary for the appointment to cease before the completion of the approved period of tenure. Examples of reasons for the early cessation of an appointment may include:

- a) resignation
- b) changes in course structure
- c) non-fulfilment of duties
- d) failure to provide an annual report within the required timescale
- e) unprofessional conduct
- f) breakdown in relationship with staff teams or
- g) other cause which may disadvantage students

If such early cessation is thought to be necessary, the appropriate University process will be followed.

Examiners may request to temporarily cease their appointment, for example due to illness or maternity leave, and another suitable University Examiner should be asked to temporarily increase their duties to cover the period of absence. If this increase of duties by another examiner is not possible the examiner must resign and a new examiner be appointed.

One month's notice of resignation of external examiners should be made in writing, addressed to the appropriate Dean of School. The resignation must be notified to Quality Assurance Services and the appropriate School staff.

In the case of resignations late in the assessment cycle, the University may request the external examiner to perform some or all of their duties.

### 14.3.5 Changes to External Examiners' responsibilities

External examiners' responsibilities may be changed within the period of tenure. This may be due to the award to which the examiner was first appointed ceasing to run or where it is decided by a School to change the responsibilities allocated within a large team of examiners. This may also occur when there is illness or where an external examiner ceases their tenure early due to resignation or the University has sought the early cessation of duties of an examiner. To change an external examiner's responsibilities:

- a) the external examiner must be consulted and agree the proposed change
- b) appropriate University process must be followed.

### 14.3.6 Duties of External Examiners

On appointment, external examiners are assigned specific duties including:

#### a) **Confirming Standards for Awards**

External Examiners confirm that the threshold standards set for the awards are appropriate by referencing relevant national subject benchmark statements, the Framework for Higher Education Qualifications, the national qualifications framework, University validation documentation and any appropriate Professional, Statutory or Regulatory Body requirements.

#### b) **Comparing Achievement of Students**

External Examiners draw on their professional experience to compare the achievement of students with that of their peers on comparable courses of higher education elsewhere.

#### c) **Confirmation of Assessment**

External Examiners confirm the appropriateness of the form and content of proposed examination papers, coursework and other assessments which count towards an award above the level of Certificate of Higher Education, except where the Certificate of Higher Education is the target award. In confirming the appropriateness of assessments, external examiners are asked to ensure that the assessments are capable of measuring achievement of the intended learning outcomes, in such a way that internal and external examiners will be

able to judge whether students have fulfilled the objectives of the course and reached the required threshold standard.

**d) Commenting on Proposed Changes to Assessment Regulations**

External Examiners should be consulted about any proposed changes to the approved assessment regulations which will directly affect students currently on the course.

**e) Modifications**

External Examiners participate in decisions and/or approval of new modules and modifications to existing modules of a course.

**f) Accessing Assessed Work**

To ensure that each student is fairly assessed in relation to the rest of their cohort, external examiners are expected to see the work of a representative sample of students proposed for the highest available category of the award and for failure; to see samples of the work of students proposed for each category of award; to have appropriate access to all assessed work where practicable.

**g) Moderation**

External examiners have the right to moderate the marks awarded by internal examiners. The marks may relate to modules of a course or groups of modules, appropriate to their subject or professional expertise.

The modules may also contribute to an award for which the external examiner is not responsible.

**h) Alteration to Sets of Marks**

Exceptionally, the external examiner(s) may propose to the Progression and Award Board or Module Board the adjustment up or down of marks for a particular cohort of students on a particular module to maintain academic threshold standards. The adjustment must apply to the whole cohort marks and cannot be used to adjust the marks of individual students in isolation.

In such a case, discussion will be held with internal examiners in accordance with the provisions for the conduct of Progression and Award Boards.

**i) Attendance at Progression and Award Boards**

External examiners are required to:

- attend Module Board in accordance with the University Regulations and
- attend the meeting of the Progression and Award Board at which decisions on student progression and recommendations for awards are made.

- ensure that those recommendations have been reached by means according with the University's requirements and normal practice in higher education.

No recommendation for the conferment of an award of the University above the level of Certificate of Higher Education may be made without the written consent of the approved external examiner(s). Normally, this is through the signing of the spreadsheet of marks at the conclusion of the Progression and Award Board and/or Module Board but may also be by oral agreement followed by written confirmation.

Signing the spreadsheet of marks is also confirmation that:

- the external examiner is satisfied that the conduct of the Progression and Award Board and/or Module Board has been in accordance with the regulations of the University
- and
- any further consideration of the decisions made at the Progression and Award Board and/or Module Board is limited to the University regulations for the review of a decision of a Progression and Award Board or Module Board and an appeal against the outcome of that review.

**j) Matters of Principle**

On any matter which the external examiner(s) have declared a matter of principle, the decision of the external examiner(s) shall either:

- be accepted as final by the Progression and Award Board
- or
- be referred to the Academic Board.

Any unresolved disagreement between external examiners shall be referred to the Academic Board. If the disagreement concerns only one or more individual students, the recommendations for all other students should be signed.

Any unresolved disagreement between external examiner(s) and a Progression and Award Board shall be referred to the Academic Board.

**k) Participation in Reviews of Decisions**

External examiners may be asked to participate as required in any reviews of decisions about individual students' awards taken during the examiner's period of office.



**l) Submission of an Annual Report**

External examiners are required to report annually in writing to the University and within four weeks of the date of the Progression and Award Board and/or Module Board for the award they examine. The reports are intended to provide assurance to the University that:

- academic threshold standards set are appropriate in light of relevant external reference points;
- student achievement is comparable to similar provision elsewhere;
- the processes for assessment, examination and the determination of awards are rigorous and fairly conducted.

Reports must be made using the template issued by Quality Assurance Services and submitted electronically to the designated e-mail address

The purpose of the report is to assure the University that the academic threshold standards of its awards are appropriate, and to enable the University to judge whether the course is meeting its stated objectives and to make any necessary improvements, either immediately or at the next review as appropriate.

The University requires that:

- external examiners submit their reports to the University within 4 weeks of the date of the Progression and Award Board and/or Module Board with which they are associated
- external examiners' reports are considered at course level and the outcomes of such consideration are formally recorded
- reports do not reference individuals by name
- reports are made publicly available
- the final report of an examiner's tenure will be shared with the incoming external examiner for the purposes of continuity.

External examiners will be provided with a written response to their comments and recommendations by relevant School staff.

External examiners have authority to submit a confidential report direct to the Chair of the Academic Board if they have serious concerns that they do not believe are appropriate to raise elsewhere.

**m) Other Reports**

External examiners will provide other reports as required by the University.

n) **Matters of Serious Concern**

External examiners have the right to report to the University through the Chair of the Academic Board on any matters of serious concern arising from the assessments which put at risk the threshold standard of the University's awards, or jeopardise the fair treatment of students.



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# Academic Regulations Collaborations and Partnerships

## Section 15

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## Section 15

### Collaborations and Partnerships

Originating Department:	Quality Assurance Services
Enquiries to:	<a href="mailto:gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk">gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk</a>
Approving Body:	Academic Board
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Document Type	Regulation
Target Audience:	Relevant to academic and professional support staff who support collaborative provision and of particular relevance to collaborative partners and their students and our Board of Governors.

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## Section 15: Collaborations and Partnerships

### 15.1 Purpose

The delivery of learning opportunities with others can bring many benefits. Nevertheless, there are inherent risks to both academic standards and quality whenever learning opportunities are not directly delivered and supported by the degree-awarding body making the award.

The fundamental principle underpinning all arrangements for delivering learning opportunities with others is that the degree-awarding body retains responsibility for the academic standards of their awards and for the quality of the student experience, regardless of where these opportunities are delivered and who provides them.

This section of the Academic Regulations sets out the general provisions on the approval, monitoring and review of Collaborations and Partnerships and the duties, roles and responsibilities of the University and Collaborations and Partnerships.

### 15.2 General Principles of Collaborations and Partnerships

- a) The University will only approve Collaboration and Partnership activities that fall within its own subject expertise and which are consistent with the University's strategy for UK and global engagement.
- b) The University is responsible for the academic standards of all credit and awards granted in its name, ensuring that the threshold standards for its qualifications are consistent with the relevant national qualification frameworks and are reasonably comparable with those achieved by other UK providers.
- c) The quality of learning opportunities must be appropriate to the achievement of the learning outcomes for the award and consistently met.
- d) The University shall make publicly available an up-to-date and authoritative record of its collaborations and partnerships.
- e) The University will not permit serial arrangements, whereby a collaborating body uses a collaborative arrangement with the University as a basis for establishing collaborative provision of its own with other parties, but offering the University's awards, whereby the other party delivers the course.
- f) The University may enter into partnerships with other bodies in the United Kingdom or overseas. Partnerships do not involve delivery of University awards.
- g) Collaborative provision is educational provision leading to an award, or to specific credit toward an award, of the University delivered and/or supported and/or assessed through an agreement with a collaborating body. The University may collaborate with

other bodies in the United Kingdom or overseas to offer courses or part of a course leading to an award of the University.

- h) In order for a collaborative partner to deliver academic provision of the University it must first be approved by the University as an organisation fit for this purpose. It is a requirement that all collaborating bodies recognised by the University undergo an approval.
- i) At an early stage a new course proposal for collaborative provision must be approved in accordance with University procedures where applicable.
- j) All courses are subject to validation and subsequent monitoring, review and revalidation, as set out in Section 13.
- k) The University requires that all provision delivered by an approved partner is subject to the approval of delivery and subsequent re-approval.
- l) The University shall make appropriate public information available to students on collaborative provision.
- m) The University requires that all collaborative provision leading to an award of the University must satisfy the University's normal requirements for the conferment of an award.
- n) There must be a written and legally binding written agreement or contract setting out the rights and obligations of the parties and signed by the authorised representatives of the University and the partner in respect of delivery, monitoring, review, enhancement and modification of the provision.
- o) In the event of withdrawal from a collaborative agreement, the University has a duty of care to all students registered on collaborative provision to reasonably enable them to complete a course of study.
- p) The University will maintain a register of Collaborations and Partnerships illustrating all arrangements (by type and category) for delivering learning opportunities with others that are subject to a formal agreement.

### 15.3 General Provisions

15.3.1 Guidance documentation - The University shall set out the requirements and processes in respect of collaborations and partnerships through a series of guidance documents available through Quality Assurance Services.

15.3.2 Due diligence - Prior to entering into a collaboration or partnership with a collaborating body in the United Kingdom or overseas, the risks of each arrangement must be assessed at the outset and reviewed on a periodic basis. Requirements for due diligence shall be proportionate to the type of activity sought.

15.3.3 Location of delivery by a collaborating body - The University may in some circumstances allow a collaborating body to deliver an element of a validated course

of study at a location other than the collaborating body's own premises. The process for this shall be detailed within University guidance.

- 15.3.4 New Partner Proposal - All proposals for partnerships and collaborative provision are subject to approval by the University Executive Team. The processes to be undertaken to achieve this are as set out in University guidance.
- 15.3.5 Expertise of staff - The University's procedures shall ensure that its own and partner staff engaged in delivering and supporting University awards (or credit contributing to award) under Collaborative Provision arrangements, are aware of their responsibilities and appropriately qualified for their role, and that both the University and the collaborating body have effective measures in place to guide, monitor, assure and seek to enhance the expertise of such staff.
- 15.3.6 Access to appropriate resources - The University shall ensure that students studying on courses delivered under collaborative and partnership arrangements shall have access to the appropriate resources to enable them to complete their studies.
- 15.3.7 Assessment - The University requires that all collaborative provision leading to an award or credit of the University is subject to arrangements for assessment in accordance with University regulations.
- 15.3.8 External examiners and advisers - The arrangements in respect of external examiners and advisers for collaborative provision shall comply with the University's requirements as set out in Section 14 of the Regulations. The University shall retain responsibility for the appointment and functions of external examiners and advisers for all collaborative provision. The University shall offer the same level of support and developmental opportunities to external examiners and advisers on collaborative provision as for awards offered within the University.
- 15.3.9 Professional or statutory regulatory bodies - The University shall as required notify any professional or statutory regulatory body, which has accredited, approved or recognised a course that will also be offered as collaborative provision. Prospective students shall also be notified of the status of the Course in relation to the professional or statutory regulatory body.
- 15.3.10 Certificates of award - The University has sole authority to produce certificates of award and associated transcripts for courses of study delivered through collaborative provision. The certificate of award or accompanying documentation will make reference to the name of the collaborating body and location of delivery and will take



account of external factors including Professional, Statutory and Regulatory Bodies (PSRBs) or in-country government requirements.

15.3.11 Contractual and financial arrangements - Contractual and financial arrangements pertaining to collaborative provision shall be discussed at School level, the content of which shall be determined and agreed in line with current University guidance. These shall form part of the written agreement.

## 15.4 Partner approval and review

15.4.1 Partner approval process - The approval process is proportionate to the type of collaboration or partnership and is in accordance with University guidance. The University's Executive Team is responsible for the conduct of the partner approval and review process.

15.4.2 Requirements for approved partner status for the delivery of collaborative provision - To approve a new partner proposal intended for collaborative provision, the University will need to be assured of the following, utilising the enhanced due diligence process:

- a) Legal impediment - That there is or continues to be no legal impediment to the institution delivering University courses.
- b) Financial viability - That the collaborating body has or has maintained good standing and is financially stable.
- c) Institutional mission - That the philosophy, mission and aims of the collaborating body are or remain acceptable to and compatible with those of the University.
- d) Legal requirements - That the collaborating body meets or continues to meet its legal requirements, specifically in relation to matters affecting students such as health and safety, data protection, equal opportunities and non-discrimination.
- e) Learning and teaching resources - That the collaborating body has or continues to have an infrastructure and learning resources adequate to ensure that the academic standards of the University's provision and the quality of learning opportunities are maintained and enhanced.
- f) Written agreement - That appropriate written agreements will be in place which specify clearly the mutual arrangements and obligations upon each other.

The requirements will be in accordance with the proposal under consideration and University guidance.

15.4.3 Duration of period of approval - The period of approval will normally be aligned to the University's academic cycle (i.e. 1 August – 31 July). An approved partner will be subject to review within a maximum period of six years of commencement of that period.

15.4.4 Purpose of partner review - The purpose of reviewing the approved partner status is to assure the University that this status remains fit for purpose. In addition, this may be used as an opportunity to review the balance of responsibilities between the University and the Partner.

15.4.5 Revocation of period of approval - The University may at its own discretion revoke or shorten the agreed period of approval in the event of the following:

- a) The philosophy, aims and objectives of the University and Partner are deemed to no longer align.
- b) The terms of the agreement are not being achieved.
- c) The approved partner ceases to deliver collaborative provision before the end of the agreed period of approval.
- d) The written agreement under which collaborative provision is delivered is terminated before the end of the agreed period of approval.
- e) The status of approved partner will automatically be revoked if the period as defined in regulation see 15.4.3 runs out and re-approval has not taken place.

In all such cases the Vice Chancellor or nominee, shall inform the collaborating body of the revocation of this status.

## **15.5 Approval and review of collaborative delivery**

15.5.1 Approval of collaborative delivery: definition – Approval of delivery is the process by which the University is assured that the quality of delivery of University courses offered in whole or in part by an approved partner is equivalent to that of comparable courses delivered solely by the University. A course approved for delivery may be designed and/or delivered by an approved partner alone or jointly with the University or solely by the University.

15.5.2 Approval - Any proposal for delivery of courses by an approved partner institution is subject to:

- a) Due diligence
- b) new course proposal as appropriate

- c) validation and revalidation
- d) approval and review of collaborative delivery

15.5.3 Process - The approval and review of collaborative delivery processes is as set out in University guidance. The University is responsible for the conduct of the approval and review of collaborative delivery.

15.5.4 Pre-requisites for approval of collaborative delivery - To approve or review delivery of a course by a partner, the University will need to be assured of the following:

- a) That the academic standards and quality of the course have been assured previously through the process of validation (or revalidation). Where any variance to the course is proposed, this must be in accordance with University regulations and guidance (validation, revalidation or modifications).
- b) That scrutiny of resources both physical and human of the proposed location of delivery has been undertaken as set out in University guidance.

15.5.5 Requirements for approval of collaborative delivery - To approve or review collaborative delivery of a course, the University will need to be assured of the following:

- a) Quality of learning opportunities - That the collaborating body is able to and continues to provide learning opportunities equivalent to that of comparable courses delivered by the University. This will where appropriate include consideration as to whether the staffing body is appropriately qualified and able to deliver the course to the standard of the award.
- b) Quality assurance – That appropriate arrangements are in place for the collaborating body to fulfil the quality assurance, monitoring, review and enhancement requirements.
- c) Student support - That the staffing body is appropriately qualified and able to deliver the required level of support to students and that the level of support required is appropriate to the achievement of the learning outcomes for the award.
- d) Written agreement - That appropriate written agreements will be in place which specify clearly the mutual arrangements and obligations upon each party.

- e) Provisions for the admission of students - That the arrangements for the admission of students onto collaborative provision are subject to the provisions of Section 2 of the regulations.

15.5.6 Duration of period of approval of collaborative delivery - The period of approval of collaborative delivery will normally be aligned to the University's academic cycle (i.e. 1 August – 31 July). A course approved for collaborative delivery will be subject to review within a maximum period of six years of commencement of that period.

15.5.7 Purpose of re-approval of collaborative delivery - The purpose of the re-approval of collaborative delivery is to assure the University that the quality of the course offered at an approved partner remains equivalent to those of comparable courses delivered at the University and that the collaborating body has met and continues to meet its obligations as set out in the written agreement.

15.5.8 Revocation of period of validation and/or approval of collaborative delivery - The University may at its own discretion revoke or shorten the agreed period of validation and/or approval of collaborative delivery in the event of the following:

- a) The status of the approved partner is revoked in accordance with item 15.4.5.
- b) The approved partner ceases to offer collaborative provision before the end of the period of approval.
- c) The written agreement under which collaborative provision is delivered is terminated before the end of the period of approval.
- d) The approval will automatically be revoked should the period of approval run out without a re-approval taking place.

In all such cases the Vice Chancellor or nominee, shall inform the collaborating body of the revocation of this status.

## **15.6 Monitoring, annual review, enhancement and modification of Courses approved for collaborative delivery**

This will be undertaken in accordance in Section 13, Approval, Validation, Monitoring and Review.

### **Mutual review**

Purpose of Mutual Review - To provide Academic Board with the assurance that arrangements for delivering learning opportunities with others are implemented securely and managed effectively.

Form of Mutual Review - Mutual Review; specific to collaborative delivery with or by a collaborating body is conducted in the first year of a partner's operation. Our University reserves the right to invoke Mutual Review in subsequent years of operation, in accordance with the following criteria:

- a) Substantial or potential changes and/ or additions to a partner's portfolio or the model of delivery;
- b) Significant concerns raised by one or more stakeholders e.g. University; External Examiner, Student, School, Partner
- c) Concerns related to one or more of the following:
  - non-compliance with quality management process;
  - non-compliance with regulatory or contractual requirements;
  - operational delivery;
  - recommendation of a collaborative approval Panel.

Participation - Mutual Review requires engagement by the collaborating body.

Reporting - The outcomes of mutual review and associated plans for continuous improvement will be presented to Academic Quality and Standards Committee.

## 15.7 Written agreements

15.7.1 Legal agreement - The mutual arrangements specific to collaborative provision as described in these regulations as agreed between the University and the partner or collaborating body will be specified clearly in a legally binding written agreement. Agreement templates shall be available as set out in item 15.3.11.

15.7.2 Content - The written agreement must, as a minimum, cover the following:

- a) aspects of the collaborations and partnerships concerned with the relationship between the University and the collaborating body including roles and responsibilities assigned to each party;
- b) aspects of the partnership or collaborative provision concerned with the course(s), where applicable;
- c) arrangements to ensure that the University retains overall responsibility for approving the criteria for admission and clearly specifies the roles and responsibilities in relation to admission decisions;
- d) arrangements to ensure that the academic standards of any course(s) are equivalent to those of comparable courses delivered at the University;

- e) arrangements to ensure that the quality of learning opportunities offered at the approved partner is equivalent to those offered by the University for comparable courses, where applicable;
- f) arrangements to ensure that the monitoring, annual review and enhancement activity is conducted in accordance with University regulations;
- g) arrangements in the event of early termination or arbitration;
- h) provisions to enable the University to suspend or withdraw from the agreement if the other party fails to fulfil its obligations;
- i) residual obligations to students, where applicable;
- j) the responsibilities of each party in respect of quality assurance and academic standards, with reference to any applicable external reference point;
- k) a defined commencement and termination date which clearly set out the duration of the agreement;
- l) arrangement in respect of payments between the parties, where applicable;
- m) the law under which the agreement is governed, in addition to the judiciary system which will hear and determine any suit, action or proceedings, and to settle any disputes, which may arise out of or in connection with that agreement;
- n) arrangements for flow of information and deliberative and executive reporting structures, where applicable;
- o) arrangements to ensure the accuracy of public information relating to the course(s) offered as part of the collaborative provision, where applicable;
- p) arrangements for review and possible renewal of the agreement.

## **15.8 Accreditation of Provision Designed and Delivered by Other Organisations**

Accreditation of learning delivered by other organisations - The University may wish to accredit provision delivered at other organisations.

Mapping of curriculum - The University shall be satisfied that any provision to be accredited maps appropriately to the Framework for Higher Education Qualifications, other National Qualifications Frameworks and where appropriate any antecedent, concurrent or subsequent University course that leads to credit of or an award of the University and is quantifiable in terms of academic level outcomes and volume of credit. In the case of credit imported for study abroad, credits maybe awarded in accordance with the European Credit Transfer and Accumulation System (ECTS), or other national credit systems where appropriate.

15.8.1 Any proposal for accreditation is subject to:

- a) Partner Approval
- b) Mapping of the curriculum

- c) New course proposal
- d) Accreditation by Academic Planning and Collaborations Group

15.8.2 Process - The process for accreditation will be informed by University guidance and appropriate external oversight.

15.8.3 Accreditation Process – The Accreditation process will ascertain the following:

- a) Quality of learning opportunities - The School will ensure through scrutiny of resources that the proposed location for delivery and access to the facilities and resources required for successful completion of the course or credit are appropriate in relation to the quality of learning opportunities.
- b) Quality assurance - That appropriate arrangements are in place for the collaborating body to fulfil the quality assurance, monitoring, review and enhancement requirements.
- c) Mapping of the curriculum - That the curriculum-mapping process has been carried out appropriately.
- d) Assessment - That appropriate arrangements are in place for assessment, achievement of credit and award to be undertaken in accordance with the University regulations.
- e) Written agreement - That appropriate written agreements will be in place which specify clearly the mutual arrangements agreed in respect of the use of the facilities and resources of the collaborating body.

15.8.4 Duration of accreditation - The period of accreditation will normally be aligned to the University's academic cycle (i.e. 1 August – 31 July). Accredited provision will be subject to review of that approval within a maximum period of six years of commencement of that period.

## **15.9 Dual awards with other degree-awarding institutions**

15.9.1 Definition and key characteristics: Dual awards are a collaborative arrangement whereby two or more awarding bodies collaborate in the delivery of a single jointly delivered course (or courses) leading to separate awards (and separate certification) being granted by both, or all, of them. Key characteristics are as follows:

- a) Both the University and each collaborating body are responsible for the content, delivery, quality and standards of its own provision and makes its own award;
- b) Students must be registered at each participating institution either concurrently or sequentially for the duration of the jointly delivered programme;
- c) Awards that are based on a single course and the same assessed student work are mindful of the University regulations for admission and registration;
- d) Students participating in an award through a credit based structure are offered non-transferable credit for assessment undertaken at the collaborating body(s) towards their University course of study to ensure that credit for a module successfully completed is not multiplied.

The development of dual awards is complex in nature and consideration of a range of regulatory requirements must be addressed in the initial stages of course approval. Quality Assurance Services must be consulted in order to ensure that the University retains responsibility for the academic standards of each course.

- 15.9.2 Assurance of standards - Both the University and the collaborating body deliver, assess and support provision and each awarding body makes its own award, under its own degree awarding powers. There may be one award title agreed between the University and the other awarding body/s. The University and the collaborating body are responsible for ensuring that its own academic standards are maintained irrespective of the requirements of the collaborating body.

The University will ensure that the standards and quality of our University's awards are not jeopardised by the arrangements entered into with partners. Responsibility for each separate award, and its academic standard, remains with the body awarding it.

In the case of dual awards, partners determine which of them is responsible for the management of the admissions process (or how responsibilities are shared) and the obligations of respective parties are recorded in the written agreements.

The University retains oversight of assessment and standards irrespective or not as to whether the student has attended the awarding body. This will be recorded in the written agreement (see 15.7.2)

The University will ensure, utilising existing quality assurance processes, that the standards and quality of all dual awards will not be compromised by the arrangements entered into with partners including any elements delivered at a collaborating body institution.



The University retains full responsibility for every element of the programme, since every part of a student's contributed programme of study may contribute to the University's award.

Normally, a minimum of one third of the credit contributing to the University award must be taught and assessed by the University. Any variation to this principle must be approved by the University's Academic Board.



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# Academic Regulations

## Academic Audit

### Section 16

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## Section 16

### Academic Audit

Originating Department:	Quality Assurance Services
Enquiries to:	<a href="mailto:gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk">gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk</a>
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Document Type	Regulation
Target Audience:	Relevant to:  Academic staff involved in course delivery, and to academic and professional support staff whose work contributes to standards maintenance and the assurance and enhancement of course quality.

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## Section 16: Academic Audit

### 16.1 Purpose of Academic Audit

Our University is responsible for the setting and maintaining of academic standards and the assurance and enhancement of the quality of learning opportunities for our students.

The purpose of academic audit is to provide institutional oversight of the implementation of our university regulations, policies and processes relating to academic standards and quality.

This provides assurance for our University (via Academic Board and our Board of Governors) that the delegated responsibilities for academic standards, quality assurance and enhancement of academic provision are being properly discharged and that we promote continuous improvement and systematic quality enhancement by the identification and dissemination of good practice.

### 16.2 Principles of Academic Audit

The principles of academic audit are that:

- a) Academic Audit will be undertaken systematically through annual continuous audit and the targeted use of enhancement audit.
- b) Academic Audit will promote the continuous and effective use of our University's regulations and associated processes.
- c) Academic Audit will promote systematic enhancement and sharing of good practice and the development of inclusive practice through peer review and engagement.

### 16.3 Form and Process of Academic Audit

A schedule of academic audit is agreed annually by Academic Quality and Standards Committee and may include:

- a) Continuous Audit: ongoing activity which involves the collection, monitoring and evaluation of routinely produced evidence and observation of a range of activities.

- b) Enhancement Audit: specific issues or themes which arise from consideration of the outcomes of continuous audit and/or any other form of internal or external review.

The Academic Quality and Standards Committee maintains oversight and has overall responsibility for Academic Audit. The Academic Audit outcomes will be reported to Academic Board and its committees.

Quality Assurance Services are responsible for the conduct of Academic Audit.



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# Academic Regulations

## Awards of the University and their Standards

Section 17

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## Section 17

### Awards of the University and their Standards

Originating Department:	Quality Assurance Services
Enquiries to:	<a href="mailto:gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk">gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk</a>
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# Section 17: Awards of the University and their Standards

## 17.1 Purpose

This section defines the awards of the University and their standard.

## 17.2 Title of Awards

The Academic Board is responsible for approving the title of any award of the University granted under these Regulations.

## 17.3 Standard

The Academic Board, on behalf of the University, ensures that all awards and distinctions are consistent and comparable with awards granted and conferred throughout higher education.

## 17.4 Designated Letters for Awards

Designated letters are established to enable holders of awards and distinctions of the University to use them in accordance with academic convention.

## 17.5 Awards of the University

The awards of the University are as below.

### 17.5.1 Pre-Degree Level

- Foundation Certificate (FCert)
- Certificate (Cert)
- Letter of Achievement
- Certificate of Higher Education (CertHE)
- Certificate in Education (CertEd)
- Diploma (Dip)
- Diploma of Higher Education (DipHE)
- Advanced Diploma (ADip)
- Vocational Certificate (VCert)
- Professional Diploma (PDip)

### **17.5.2 First Degree Level**

Foundation Degree Arts (FdA)  
Foundation Degree Engineering (FdEng)  
Foundation Degree Science (FdSc)  
Bachelor of Arts (BA)  
Bachelor of Arts with Honours (BAHons)  
Bachelor of Education (BEd)  
Bachelor of Education with Honours (BEdHons)  
Bachelor of Engineering (BEng)  
Bachelor of Engineering with Honours (BEngHons)  
Bachelor of Laws (LLB)  
Bachelor of Laws with Honours (LLBHons)  
Bachelor of Medical Science (BMedSci)  
Bachelor of Science (BSc)  
Bachelor of Science with Honours (BScHons)  
Bachelor of Technology (BTech)  
Bachelor of Technology with Honours (BTechHons)  
Professional Graduate Certificate in Education (PGCE)

### **17.5.3 Post-Experience**

Certificate in Professional Studies  
Diploma in Professional Studies

### **17.5.4 Postgraduate**

Advanced Professional Diploma (APDip)  
Postgraduate Certificate (PGCert)  
Postgraduate Certificate in Education (PGCE)  
Postgraduate Certificate in Higher Education (PGCHE)  
Certificate in Management (CM)  
Postgraduate Diploma (PGDip)  
Diploma in Management Studies (DMS)  
Graduate Certificate (GCert)  
Graduate Diploma (GDip)

### **17.5.5 Integrated Masters**

Master of Osteopathy (MOst)

Master of Biomedical Sciences (MBioms)  
Master of Engineering (MEng)  
Master of Planning (MPlan)

### **17.5.6 Taught Masters Awards**

Master of Arts (MA)  
Master of Business Administration (MBA)  
Master of Education (MEd)  
Master of Fine Art (MFA)  
Master of Laws (LLM)  
Master of Science (MSc)  
Master of Public Administration (MPA)  
Master of Architecture (MArch)  
Master of Engineering (MEng)  
Masters in Teaching and Learning (MTL)

### **17.5.7 Research Awards**

Master of Arts (MA by research)  
Master of Science (MSc by research)  
Master of Philosophy (MPhil)  
Doctor of Philosophy (PhD)

### **17.5.8 Professional Research Doctorates**

Doctor of Philosophy (DProf)  
Doctor of Engineering (DEng)  
Doctor of Education (EdD)  
Doctor of Business Administration (DBA)  
Doctor of Creative Arts (DCA)  
Doctor of Professional Practice in Sport (DProf. Sport)  
Professional Doctorate (DProf)

### **17.5.9 Higher Doctorates**

Doctor of Laws (LLD)  
Doctor of Letters (DLitt)  
Doctor of Science (DSc)  
Doctor of Technology (DTech)

## **17.6 Date of Conferment**

The date of conferment of an award will normally be the date of the award ceremony. A student may elect to receive their award in absentia.

Where, through the working of the Appeal process, the classification of a Bachelor Degree with Honours is determined subsequent to the relevant award ceremony for the student's cohort, the date of the conferment of the degree will be deemed to be the date of that award ceremony.

Where through the working of the Appeal process, the entitlement to an award of the University is determined, the date of the conferment of that award will be deemed to be the date of the award ceremony for the student's cohort; and the student shall be entitled to attend a subsequent award ceremony if the student so wishes.

## **17.7 Specific Provisions in respect of University Awards**

### **17.7.1 Distinction and Merit**

Provision for the recommendation of a Distinction or Merit may be made in the regulations for all taught awards except for the classification for the degree with honours.

### **17.7.2 Classification of Honours Degrees**

Bachelor Degrees with Honours are available in the following classifications:

- First Class
- Upper Second Class
- Lower Second Class
- Third Class

### **17.7.3 Pass or Unclassified Degree**

Bachelor Degrees with Honours may be awarded as pass or unclassified degrees.

Where the Bachelor degrees are pass or unclassified, these awards do not appear on the degree certificate but may be on any transcript.

#### **17.7.4 Aegrotat Awards**

An aegrotat award may be recommended when a Progression and Award Board does not have enough evidence of the student's performance to be able to recommend the award for which the student was a candidate, but is satisfied that but for illness or other valid cause the student would have reached the standard required. A candidate who has been offered an aegrotat award, but who elects instead to be reassessed may not claim the aegrotat award in the event of failure.

Aegrotat awards do not carry any classification or distinction.

#### **17.7.5 Posthumous Awards**

An award may be conferred posthumously and be accepted by another person on behalf of the late student; and as deemed appropriate by the University.

#### **17.8 Awards of Other Bodies**

The University may confer awards of other institutions, validating and accrediting bodies either singly or jointly with University awards, where the University has an agreement with the other institution or body.

#### **17.9 Honorary Awards**

##### **17.9.1 Conferment of Honorary Awards**

The Academic Board, on behalf of the University, may confer honorary awards on individuals or organisations. The Academic Board delegates authority to the Honorary Awards Committee to seek nominations; select candidates against criteria and make invitations to candidates for the conferment of award.

##### **17.9.2 Categories of Honorary Awards**

The University may confer honorary masters' degrees, honorary doctorates and honorary fellowships.

### **17.9.3 Criteria for Conferment**

Honorary awards of the University may be conferred on individuals or organisations whose work and achievement reflect the mission and values of the University and/or whose conduct or reputation has brought distinction in one or more of the following fields:

- research and scholarship
- education
- the arts and sport
- science and technology
- the professions
- industry and commerce
- public life
- public and voluntary service
- service to the University
- service to the City of Leeds and/or the region
- service to the national or international community.

### **17.9.4 Selection for Conferment of Honorary Awards**

In conferring honorary awards, the University will have regard to distinguished alumni of the institution and will also seek to ensure a broadly balanced list. Nominations for the conferment of honorary awards will be sought on a regular basis from all members of the University community, against the criteria for conferment.

### **17.9.5 Recipients: Honorary Masters Degrees and Doctorates**

Honorary masters' degrees and honorary doctorates may be conferred on individuals.

### **17.9.6 Recipients: Honorary Fellowships**

Honorary fellowships may be conferred on either individuals or organisations.

### **17.9.7 Role of Recipients**

Individuals and/or organisations invited to receive an award will also be invited to continue their involvement with the University after conferment for the benefit of students and staff.



### **17.9.8 Award of Honorary Masters Degree**

The general policy for the award of an honorary master's degree will be the honorary award of one of the taught or research master's degrees of the University or the honorary degree of Hon M Univ.

### **17.9.9 Award of Honorary Doctorate**

The general policy for the award of an honorary doctorate will be the award of one of the following:

- Hon D Arts
- Hon D Business Administration
- Hon D Ed
- Hon D Eng
- Hon D Laws
- Hon D Litt
- Hon D Music
- Hon D Science
- Hon D Sport Science
- Hon D Technology
- Hon D Univ

### **17.9.10 Degree of Distinction**

The conferment of honorary masters' and doctorate awards will be differentiated by the degree of distinction to be recognised.

### **17.9.11 Personal Acceptance**

Honorary awards of the University will not be conferred in absentia.

### **17.9.12 Use of Designatory Letters**

Recipients of honorary awards may use approved designatory letters but may not use the doctorate title unless they are entitled by virtue of their other qualifications.

## **17.10 Academic Dress**

Styles and colours for academic dress will conform to the regulations approved by the University.



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# Academic Regulations Definitions of University Awards

## Section 18

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## Section 18

### Definitions of University Awards

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## Section 18: Definition of University Awards

### 18.1 Purpose

The purpose of defining university awards is to state the credit requirements and any essential dependencies which must be satisfied before an award of the university may be conferred.

The minimum standard shall be comparable with any other institution of higher education in the United Kingdom.

### 18.2 Definition of Award

An award is that qualification, which is achieved by and conferred upon a student upon completion of a course. An award may be either a target or contained award, dependent on successful achievement of the course requirements and number of credits by a student. A student may undertake a course and successfully achieve credit but not be eligible for an award. The awards of the University are defined in this section.

Proposals for new awards are considered through procedures agreed by the Academic Board. New proposals will be considered in the context of the range of the University's awards and their relationship to each other and to the awards of other bodies.

### 18.3 Benchmark Definition

For each award, the University has established a benchmark definition against which the proposal for a course of study is to be judged as follows:

- a) the possession of the necessary knowledge and skills needed for admission to a course may be demonstrated by means other than the possession of qualifications;
- b) the award may be attained by a variety of modes of study other than full-time;
- c) the period of study may be shorter or longer depending upon the student's prior knowledge and skills and upon the mode of study.

Courses approved by the University must conform in terms of standard and objectives to the requirements of the University's definitions of awards (see Academic Regulations: Section 1).



## **18.4 Mode and Duration of Study**

### **18.4.1 Modes of Study**

For any mode of study, the following should be specified and be designed to satisfy the duration requirements of the award:

- a) the level of knowledge and skills required at the entry point
- b) the curriculum
- c) teaching arrangements
- d) time available for students' private study
- e) the length and nature of any supervised work experience
- f) assessment arrangements

### **18.4.2 Minimum and Maximum Periods of Study**

The minimum and maximum periods within which a student must normally complete the programme shall be specified. Exceptionally decisions taken to support reasonable adjustments for disabled students in line with Academic Regulations: Section 7 Disabled Students may exceed the standard maximum period for completion of the award.

### **18.4.3 Normal Duration of Periods of Study**

The normal duration of periods of study is as set out below:

- a) Certificate of Higher Education

The planned duration of the Certificate of Higher Education is 1 year full-time and 2 years part-time; and normally the maximum period of registration is 2 years full-time and 3 years part-time.

- b) Diploma of Higher Education

The planned duration of the Diploma of Higher Education is 2 years full-time and 4 years part-time; and normally the maximum period of registration is 5 years full-time and 7 years part-time.

c) Foundation Degree

The planned duration of the Foundation Degree is 2 years full-time and 3 years part-time; and normally the maximum period of registration is 5 years full-time and 7 years part-time.

d) Bachelor Degree

The planned duration of the Bachelor Degree is 3 years full-time and 5 years part-time; and normally the maximum period of registration is 6 years full-time and 8 years part-time.

e) Bachelor Degree with Honours

The planned duration of the Bachelor Degree with Honours is 3 years full-time and 6 years part-time; and normally the maximum period of registration is 6 years full-time and 9 years part-time.

f) Top-up Degree

The planned duration of the Top-up Degree is 1 year full-time and 2 years part-time; and normally the maximum period of registration is 2 years full-time and 3 years part-time.

g) Postgraduate Certificate

The planned duration of the Postgraduate Certificate is up to 15 weeks full-time and 1 year part-time; and normally the maximum period of registration is 2 years full-time and 3 years part-time.

h) Postgraduate Diploma

The planned duration of the Postgraduate Diploma is up to 1 year full-time and 2 years part-time; and normally the maximum period of registration is 5 years full-time and 7 years part-time.

i) Masters Degree

The planned duration of the Masters Degree is up to 2 years full-time and 4 years part-time; and normally the maximum period of registration is 5 years full-time and 7 years part-time.

- j) Vocational Certificate, Vocational Diploma, Professional Diploma and Advanced Professional Diploma

The planned duration of the awards of Vocational Certificate, Vocational Diploma, Professional Diploma and Advanced Professional Diploma will be for delivery within one academic year; and normally the maximum period of registration is 2 years.

#### **18.4.4 Assessment beyond the Maximum Period of Registration**

The Progression and Award Board, having regard for the standard of the award, and the course objectives and regulations, may, at its discretion, allow a student to be assessed beyond the maximum period of registration.

#### **18.4.5 Sandwich Mode**

A programme of study leading to the Degree or Honours Degree in the sandwich mode shall include a placement of not less than 30 weeks of supervised work experience, in addition to the period for any related full-time award. The placement period will not exceed one calendar year's duration.

Any arrangement other than this specified period will be agreed at approval of the award and reviewed at revalidation.

#### **18.4.6 Sandwich Mode: Completion of Supervised Work Experience**

For all sandwich mode awards, students are required to perform satisfactorily and complete the period of work experience before the award can be made.

#### **18.4.7 Sandwich Mode: Certification**

If the course is designed in the sandwich mode, then this is specified on the Diploma Supplement.

### **18.5 Benchmark Standards**

For courses of study, benchmark standards may be defined in terms of credit points and levels.

- a) Pre-Higher Education Level

The University may offer awards at a pre-higher education level.

b) Undergraduate Honours Course

Normally 120 credit points each at HE Level 4, HE Level 5, or HE Level 6 equate with the first three years of a full-time undergraduate honours course.

c) Postgraduate Level

At postgraduate level, 180 credit points at Level 7 equate to one calendar year of full-time study.

## 18.6 Successful Completion of a Course of Study

Successful completion of a course of study requires the achievement of the objectives and learning outcomes of the course.

The definitions therefore specify that the course must be suitable for the fulfilment of the University's general educational aims, and require the standard of achievement required for the award to be demonstrated by the fulfilment of the objectives.

## 18.7 Definition of Awards at Pre-Degree Level

### 18.7.1 Foundation Certificate

The Foundation Certificate is awarded for a Foundation year or equivalent period of study at HE Level 0. These are specific courses as pre-entry to a named higher HE award and are not offered as discrete awards.

### 18.7.2 Letter of Achievement

The Letter of Achievement is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 10 credit points at HE Level 4.

### 18.7.3 Vocational Certificate

The Vocational Certificate is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 40 credit points at HE Level 4 or above studied on an award which provides the opportunity for continuous professional development.

#### **18.7.4 Certificate**

The Certificate is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 60 credit points at HE Level 4.

#### **18.7.5 Certificate of Higher Education**

The Certificate of Higher Education is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 120 credit points at HE Level 4.

#### **18.7.6 Certificate in Education (CertEd)**

The title of Certificate in Education (CertEd) is reserved for courses of study of teacher education. The CertEd is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 120 credit points at HE Level 4 and includes appropriate periods of teaching practice.

#### **18.7.7 Vocational Diploma**

The Vocational Diploma is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 40 credit points at HE Level 5 or above studied on an award which provides the opportunity for continuous professional development.

#### **18.7.8 Diploma**

The Diploma is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 120 credit points at HE Level 4 and 60 credit points at HE Level 5.

#### **18.7.9 Diploma of Higher Education**

The Diploma of Higher Education is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 120 credit points at HE Level 4 and 120 credit points at HE Level 5.

#### **18.7.10 Advanced Diploma**

The Advanced Diploma is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 60 credit points at HE Level 6.

### **18.7.11 Professional Diploma**

The Professional Diploma is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 40 credit points at HE Level 6 or above studied on an award which provides the opportunity for continuous professional development.

## **18.8 Definitions of First Degrees**

### **18.8.1 Foundation Degree**

The Foundation Degree is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 120 credit points at HE Level 4 and 120 credit points at HE Level 5.

Candidates must have demonstrated the achievement of work related learning and core skills.

### **18.8.2 Bachelor Degree**

The Bachelor Degree is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 120 credit points at HE Level 4, 120 credit points at HE Level 5 and 60 credit points at HE Level 6.

### **18.8.3 Bachelor Degree with Honours**

The Bachelor Degree with Honours is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 120 credit points at HE Level 4, 120 credit points at HE Level 5 and 120 credit points at HE Level 6.

Candidates must have demonstrated the capacity for sustained independent and high quality work.

### **18.8.4 First Degree Courses**

First degree courses lead to either:

- the title of Bachelor of Arts or Bachelor of Science;
- or
- a more closely defined award restricted to certain subjects and types of course.

### 18.8.5 Title of First Degrees

Courses of study for first degrees have a title which demonstrates more clearly the subject or field studied. Such titles are incorporated into degree certificates and may be used in designated letters by those who receive such awards.

### 18.8.6 Combined Subject Awards

Combined Subject Awards may be made.

Titles of Combined Subject Awards

The titles of Combined Subject Awards will normally be guided by the following conventions:

- a) Use of “and” in the title

Where two curriculum areas are combined in the title of the degree, the two areas shall be linked by the word “and” where:

candidates have attained at least 50% of the total credit points required for the completion of both HE Level 5 and HE Level 6 in each of the two curriculum areas identified in the title of the award.

- b) Use of “with” in the title

In cases where the approved course of study does not meet the above requirements, the title of the award will specify the first curriculum area “with” the second as subsidiary curriculum area where:

- candidates have attained at least 25% of the total credit points for the completion of both HE Level 5 and HE Level 6 in a subsidiary curriculum area.

### 18.8.7 Bachelor of Education (BEd)

The title of Bachelor of Education (BEd) is reserved for courses of teacher education. The BEd may be at honours level or unclassified.

Initial or pre-service courses include appropriate periods of teaching practice.

### **18.8.8 In-service Bachelor of Education**

The in-service Bachelor of Education degree is for qualified teachers holding a Certificate in Education or equivalent qualification.

The degree is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 120 credit points at HE Level 5 and 60 credit points at HE Level 6.

The degree with honours is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 180 credit points at HE Levels 5 and 6, of which at least 120 should be at HE Level 6.

### **18.8.9 Bachelor of Engineering (BEng)**

The title of Bachelor of Engineering (BEng) is reserved for Bachelor courses of study which provide a technologically broad education with an emphasis on engineering applications.

### **18.8.10 Bachelor of Technology (BTech)**

The title of Bachelor of Technology (BTech) is reserved for Bachelor courses of study specialised in Civil Engineering.

### **18.8.11 Bachelor of Laws (LLB)**

The title of Bachelor of Laws (LLB) is reserved for Bachelor courses of study specialised in Law.

If Law is combined with another subject then the title shall be Bachelor of Arts or Bachelor of Science as appropriate.

## **18.9 Definition of Post-Experience Awards**

### **18.9.1 Post-Experience Awards**

Post-experience awards are reserved for courses of study related to specific professional areas and designed to build upon professional qualifications and professional experience.

### **18.9.2 Certificate in Professional Studies**

The Certificate in Professional Studies is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 40 credit points at HE Level 5 or HE Level 6.



### **18.9.3 Diploma in Professional Studies**

The Diploma in Professional Studies is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 120 credit points at HE Level 5 or HE Level 6.

### **18.9.4 Professional Graduate Certificate in Education (PGCE)**

The Professional Graduate Certificate in Education (PGCE) is an award for a graduate who has successfully completed the study of the theory and practice of teaching at HE Level 6.

## **18.10 Definition of Postgraduate Awards**

### **18.10.1 Advanced Professional Diploma**

The Advanced Professional Diploma is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 40 credit points at HE Level 7 or above studied on an award which provides the opportunity for continuous professional development.

### **18.10.2 Postgraduate Certificate (PGCert)**

The Postgraduate Certificate (PGCert) is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 60 credit points at Level 7.

The course can be designed to re-orientate students from one area of a subject discipline to another related area and will use the skills and competencies attained in the first degree studied.

### **18.10.3 Certificate in Management (CM)**

The Certificate in Management (CM) is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 60 credit points at Level 7. It is a post-experience, postgraduate certificate and the standard is that expected of a person who has demonstrated competence in the appropriate aspects of management.

### **18.10.4 Postgraduate Diploma (PGDip)**

The Postgraduate Diploma (PGDip) is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 120 credit points at Level 7.

### **18.10.5 Diploma in Management Studies (DMS)**

The Diploma in Management Studies (DMS) is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 120 credit points at Level 7.

This is a post-experience, postgraduate diploma award designed to meet the needs of those who have at least two years' management experience and wish to achieve a range of general management knowledge, skills and competencies.

### **18.10.6 Graduate Certificate**

The Graduate Certificate is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 60 credit points, 40 of which at HE Level 6 and 20 at HE Level 4 or 5 or above.

### **18.10.7 Graduate Diploma**

The Graduate Diploma is awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 120 credit points, 80 of which at HE Level 6 and 40 at HE Level 4 or 5 or above.

### **18.10.8 Postgraduate Certificate in Education (PGCE)**

The Postgraduate Certificate in Education (PGCE) is an award for a graduate who has successfully completed the study of the theory and practice of teaching at HE Level 7

## **18.11 Definition of Integrated Masters Awards**

### **18.11.1 Integrated Masters Awards**

An Integrated Masters is awarded for the attainment of 480 credit points; 120 credits at level 4, 120 credits at level 5, 120 credits at level 6 and 120 credits at level 7

## **18.12 Definition of Taught Masters Awards**

### **18.12.1 Taught Masters Awards**

Taught Masters degrees are awarded for the attainment of a minimum of 180 credit points, of which a minimum of 160 credit points are at Level 7.

They are at a level which demands more advanced and intensive study than a first degree, and include a compulsory element of advanced independent work.

### **18.12.2 Titles of Taught Masters Degrees (MA or MSc)**

Courses leading to awards of MA or MSc shall be given a title which indicates clearly the subject(s) studied.

### **18.12.3 Master of Business Administration (MBA)**

The title of Master of Business Administration (MBA) is reserved for courses of study which focus on the general principles and function of management and the development of management skills.

Students entering MBA courses shall have appropriate practical experience.

### **18.12.4 Titles of MBA Degrees**

Courses leading to the MBA may be given a title which indicates clearly the management context studied.

### **18.12.5 Master of Education (MEd)**

The title of Master of Education (MEd) is reserved for courses of study focused on education and professional practice in teaching.

All students must have appropriate professional experience.

### **18.12.6 Master of Fine Art (MFA)**

The title of Master of Fine Art is comprised of 300 credit points, of which a minimum of 240 credit points are at level 7.

### **18.12.7 Master of Laws (LLM)**

The title of Master of Laws (LLM) is reserved for courses of study in which the focus is on the principles and/or application of Law.

### **18.12.8 Master of Engineering (MEng)**

The title of Master of Engineering (MEng) is reserved for courses of study in Engineering or its application.

The standard of the award is that expected of a student with a Bachelor Degree with Honours in Engineering or equivalent who has followed an additional course, normally of one year's full-time study or equivalent, which is at a level more demanding than that required for the award of BEng (Honours).

### **18.12.9 Master of Architecture (MArch)**

The title of Master of Architecture (MArch) is reserved for courses of study in Architecture incorporating Part 2 of the Royal Institute of British Architects (RIBA) professional qualification as prescribed by the Architects Registration Board (ARB). The award is comprised of 240 credit points at level 7.

## **18.13 Definition of Research Awards**

### **18.13.1 Masters by Research**

The standard of a Masters by Research is that expected of an honours graduate who has satisfactorily completed an approved period of research training, has investigated a topic using appropriate research methodology, and has presented a satisfactory thesis.

Where the course involves Level 7 credit, any award will conform to the standard requirements for a Taught Masters award.

### **18.13.2 Title of Masters by Research Awards**

The title Masters by Research (MRes) is used for all subject areas.

### **18.13.3 Application of Titles of Masters by Research Awards**

#### a) Master of Arts

The title Master of Arts (MA) is used in art, design, the arts and humanities and areas of social and business studies.

b) Master of Science (MSc)

The title Master of Science (MSc) is used where studies are substantially based on science or mathematics, or their applications.

#### **18.13.4 Masters by Research: Certificate of Award**

The specification of the award of Masters by Research is shown on the Certificate of Award.

#### **18.13.5 Masters by Research: Use of Designatory Letters**

Award holders may use the designatory letters with or without the mode of attaining the award.

#### **18.13.6 Master of Philosophy (MPhil)**

The standard of the Master of Philosophy (MPhil) is that expected of a good honours graduate who has satisfactorily completed an approved period of research training and has investigated and evaluated, or critically studied, an appropriate topic, demonstrating an understanding of research methods appropriate to the chosen field, and has presented a satisfactory thesis.

#### **18.13.7 Doctor of Philosophy (PhD)**

The standard of a Doctor of Philosophy (PhD) is that expected of a good honours graduate who has satisfactorily completed an approved course of research training. The student shall have investigated or critically studied an approved and appropriate topic resulting in a significant contribution to knowledge, and presented a satisfactory thesis.

#### **18.13.8 European Doctorate (PhD)**

Part of the thesis results from work undertaken in another European country.

#### **18.13.9 Doctor of Philosophy (PhD): Published Works**

The award of a Doctor of Philosophy (PhD) may also be made on the basis of published works. The work presented, supported by a synoptic review, is required to demonstrate a systematic approach showing independent, critical and original powers with a distinct contribution to knowledge.

### **18.13.10 Professional Research Doctorate (EdD, DEng, DBA, DCA, DProf. Sport, DProf)**

The standard of a Professional Research Doctorate is that expected of a good honours graduate who has satisfactorily completed an approved course of research training and contextual study.

The candidate will have investigated or critically studied an approved topic or topics which result in a significant contribution to practice and has presented a satisfactory portfolio of research including two or more substantial research outputs.

### **18.13.11 Doctor of Education (EdD)**

The title of Doctor of Education (EdD) is reserved for courses of research focused on education and professional practice in education.

Normally all candidates must have appropriate professional experience.

### **18.13.12 Doctor of Engineering (DEng)**

The title of Doctor of Engineering (DEng) is reserved for courses of research focused on engineering and related subjects and professional practice in engineering.

Normally all candidates must have appropriate professional experience.

### **18.13.13 Doctor of Business Administration (DBA)**

The title of Doctor of Business Administration (DBA) is reserved for courses of research focused on Business Administration and related subjects and professional practice

Normally all students must have appropriate and subject relevant professional experience.

### **18.13.14 Doctor of Creative Arts (DCA)**

The title of Doctor of Creative Arts (DCA) is reserved for programmes of research focussed on research in creative arts.

Normally, all candidates must have appropriate creative arts experience.

### 18.13.15 Professional Doctorate (DProf)

The title of Professional Doctorate is reserved for those areas not covered by a named award.

Normally, all candidates must have appropriate professional experience.

### 18.13.16 Doctor of Professional Practice in Sport (DProf. Sport)

The title of Doctor of Professional Practice in Sport (DProf. Sport) is reserved for programmes of research focused on professional practice in sport-related subjects including Sport Coaching, Sport and Exercise Science, Sport and Exercise Physiology, Sport and Exercise Biomechanics, Sport and Exercise Nutrition, Sport and Exercise Psychology, Sport Development, Sport Business, Sport Marketing, Physical Education, and Physical Activity & Health.

Candidates will normally have appropriate professional experience working in these domains.

### 18.13.17 Higher Doctorates

The standard of the award of Higher Doctorates is that expected of an applicant who is a holder of at least seven years' standing of a first degree, or a holder of at least four years' standing of a higher degree, who is a leading authority in the field of study concerned and has made an original and significant contribution to the advancement or application of knowledge in that field.

## 18.14 Table of Credit requirements and minimum credit outcomes

	<b>Title of Certificate or Award</b>	<b>Overall Credits</b>	<b>Minimum required at Highest Level</b>	<b>Other credit and level requirements</b>	<b>QAA FHEQ level</b>
1	Letter of Achievement		10 @ L4		4
2	Vocational Certificate	40	40 @ L4	Award must provide opportunity for continuous professional development	4
3	Certificate (Cert)	60	60 @ L4		4
4	Certificate of Higher Education (Cert HE)	120	120 @ L4		4

Section 18: Definition of University Awards

	<b>Title of Certificate or Award</b>	<b>Overall Credits</b>	<b>Minimum required at Highest Level</b>	<b>Other credit and level requirements</b>	<b>QAA FHEQ level</b>
5	Certificate in Education (CertEd)	120	120 @ L4	Appropriate periods of teaching practice	4
6	Vocational Diploma	40	40 @ L5	Award must provide opportunity for continuous professional development	5
7	Diploma (Dip)	180	60 @ L5	Remaining 120 @ L4 or higher	5
8	Diploma of Higher Education (DipHE)	240	120 @ L5	Remaining 120 @ L4 or higher	5
9	Professional Diploma	40	40 @ L6	Award must provide opportunity for continuous professional development	6
10	Advanced Diploma	60	60 @ L6	Award must provide opportunity for continuous professional development	6
11	Foundation Degree (FdA or FdSc)	240	120 @ L5	Remaining 120 @ L4 or higher Candidates must demonstrated achievement of work related learning and core skills.	5
12	Bachelor Degree (Ordinary Degree BA or BSc)	300	60 @ L6	Minimum of 120 @ L5 and remaining 120 at L4 or higher	6
13	Bachelor Degree with Honours (BA (Hons) or BSc (Hons))	360	120 @ L6	Minimum of 120 @ L5 and remaining 120 at L4 or higher	6
14	Professional Graduate Certificate in Education (PGCE)	120	60 @ L6	Remaining 60 @ L5 or higher and meets requirements for Qualified Teacher Status (QTS)	6
15	Postgraduate Certificate in Education (PGCE)	120	60 @ L7	Remaining 60 at L6 or higher and meets requirements for	7



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	<b>Title of Certificate or Award</b>	<b>Overall Credits</b>	<b>Minimum required at Highest Level</b>	<b>Other credit and level requirements</b>	<b>QAA FHEQ level</b>
				Qualified Teacher Status (QTS)	
16	Postgraduate Certificate in Education (PGCE) Schools Direct	60	60 @ L7	Meets requirements for Qualified Teacher Status	7
17	Certificate in Professional Studies	40	40 @ L5 or L6		5 or 6
18	Diploma in Professional Studies	120	120 @ L5 or L6		5 or 6
19	Advanced Professional Diploma	40	40 @ L7	Award must provide opportunity for continuous professional development	7
20	Postgraduate Certificate (PGCert)	60	60 @ L7		7
21	Certificate in Management (CM)	60	60 @ L7		7
22	Postgraduate Diploma (PGDip)	120	120 @ L7		7
23	Diploma in Management Studies (DMS)	120	120 @ L7		7
24	Graduate Certificate	60	40 @ L6 and remaining 20 @ L4 or L5 or above		6
25	Graduate Diploma	120	80 @ L6 and remaining 40 @ L4 or L5 or above		6

	<b>Title of Certificate or Award</b>	<b>Overall Credits</b>	<b>Minimum required at Highest Level</b>	<b>Other credit and level requirements</b>	<b>QAA FHEQ level</b>
26	Integrated Masters (first degree e.g. MEng, MOst)	480	120 @ L7	Remaining 360 meets requirements of an honours degree	7
27	Masters Degree (MA, MSc, MBA)	180	160 @ L7	Remaining 20 credits @ L6 or above. Award must include a compulsory element of advanced independent work.	7
28	Master of Architecture (MArch)	240	200 @ L7	Remaining 40 credits @L6. Award is reserved for study in architecture incorporating part 2 of the RIBA professional qualification in accordance with the Architects Registration Board (ARB).	7
29	Master of Fine Art	300	240 @ L7	Remaining 60 @ L6	7

## 18.15 Certificate of Award and University Transcript

### 18.15.1 Certificate of Award

The Certificate of Award conferred by the University records:

- the name of the University, together with, if appropriate, the name of any other institution sharing responsibility for the student's programme of study
- the student's full name as given on the final recommendations of the award
- the award and date of conferment
- the title of the course of study, if any, as approved by the University for the purposes of the Certificate of Award

### 18.15.2 Signatories of the Certificate of Award

The certificate shall bear the signature of the Vice Chancellor of the University and/or the Chair of the Board of Governors.

### 18.15.3 University Transcript

A University Transcript may be issued on request to a student who has successfully completed any modules approved by the University as suitable to form part of an approved programme of study leading to an award.

### 18.15.4 Contents of University Transcript

The University Transcript, or Certificate of Credit, records:

- the full name of the student
- the dates of the student's enrolment with the University
- the modules successfully completed, with details of their level and credit rating, grade achieved (where appropriate) and date of completion
- details of any periods of supervised work experience or placement, with grades where appropriate and dates.
- the name of the University, together with, if appropriate, the name of any other institution sharing responsibility for the student's programme of study

### 18.15.5 Signatory of the University Transcript

The transcript shall bear the signature of the Vice Chancellor or nominee.

#### a) The Course of Study

A student may only be a candidate for an award of the University if he or she has followed an approved course of study designed to lead to that award and has satisfied the Progression and Award Board for the course.

#### b) Distinction, Merit and Classification

The Progression and Award Board may recommend that an award be conferred with merit or distinction with an honours classification where scheme or course regulations make such provision and where the student has satisfied the requirements of the regulations for such an award.

#### c) Candidates Proceeding to a Further Award

Where scheme or course regulations make such provision, the Progression and Award Board may recommend that an award be conferred upon a student who has satisfied the

*Section 18: Definition of University Awards*

requirements for that award, whether or not the candidate is proceeding directly to a programme of study leading to a further award.



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# Academic Regulations

## Glossary

Section 19

[leedsbeckett.ac.uk](https://leedsbeckett.ac.uk)

## Section 19

### Glossary

Originating Department:	Quality Assurance Services
Enquiries to:	<a href="mailto:gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk">gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk</a>
Approving Body:	Academic Board
Last Approved:	3 July 2019
Next due for approval:	July 2020
Document Type	Regulation
Target Audience:	Relevant for all University staff and students and Collaborative Partners

## Glossary

<b>AB</b>	Academic Board
<b>ACCA</b>	Association of Chartered Certified Accountants
<b>AHRC</b>	Arts and Humanities Research Council
<b>ALF</b>	Access to Learning Fund
<b>APR</b>	Principles and Regulations
<b>AQSC</b>	Academic Quality and Standards Committee
<b>ATAS</b>	Academic Technology Approval Scheme
<b>BA (Hons)</b>	Bachelor of Arts (Honours)
<b>BASES</b>	British Association of Sport and Exercise Sciences
<b>BoG</b>	Board of Governors
<b>BPS</b>	British Psychological Society
<b>BSc (Hons)</b>	Bachelor of Science (Honours)
<b>CAGD</b>	Contemporary Art and Graphic Design (e-portfolio)
<b>CAT</b>	Course Approval Template
<b>CBI</b>	Confederation of British Industry
<b>CDC</b>	Collaborative Delivery Coordinator
<b>CERF</b>	Civil Engineering Research Facility
<b>CIM</b>	Chartered Institute of Marketing
<b>CIPR</b>	Chartered Institute of Public Relations
<b>CLT</b>	Centre for Learning and Teaching
<b>CMT</b>	Corporate Management Team
<b>CoR</b>	Confirmation of Registration
<b>CPD</b>	Continuing Professional Development
<b>CRM</b>	Customer Relationship Management
<b>CSE</b>	Customer Service Excellence
<b>CV</b>	Curriculum Vitae
<b>DBA</b>	Doctorate in Business Administration
<b>DEAP</b>	Developing Excellent Academic Practice
<b>DLHE</b>	Destination of Leavers in Higher Education
<b>DVCRE</b>	Deputy Vice Chancellor Research and Enterprise
<b>DVCSD</b>	Deputy Vice Chancellor Strategic Development
<b>DVCSE</b>	Deputy Vice Chancellor Student Experience
<b>EA</b>	Enterprise Academy
<b>EAA</b>	External Academic Advisors
<b>EdD</b>	Doctorate in Education
<b>EO</b>	Enterprise Office
<b>ERA</b>	Educational Recording Agency
<b>ESG</b>	Employability Sub-Group
<b>EU</b>	European Union
<b>FD</b>	Foundation Degree
<b>FDSO</b>	Federation of Disability Sports Organisations
<b>FE</b>	Further Education
<b>FHEQ</b>	Framework for Higher Education Qualifications
<b>FTSE</b>	Financial Times Stock Exchange
<b>GLA</b>	Governance and Legal Affairs

<b>GTA</b>	Graduate Teaching Assistant
<b>HE</b>	Higher Education
<b>HEA</b>	Higher Education Academy
<b>HEAT</b>	Higher Education Assurance Team
<b>HEFCE</b>	Higher Education Funding Council for England
<b>HEI</b>	Higher Education Institution
<b>HESA</b>	Higher Education Statistics Agency
<b>HR</b>	Human Resources
<b>HTS</b>	Highly Trusted Sponsor
<b>IBM</b>	International Business Machines
<b>IGSG</b>	Information Governance Steering Group
<b>iIP</b>	Investors in People
<b>IMTS</b>	Information, Media and Technology Services
<b>IO</b>	International Office
<b>IPR</b>	Intellectual Property Rights
<b>IR</b>	Institutional Recognition
<b>ISAS</b>	International Student Advisory Service
<b>ISB</b>	International Student Barometer
<b>IT/AV</b>	Information Technology/Audio Visual
<b>JBM</b>	Joint Board of Moderation
<b>KIS</b>	Key Information Sets
<b>KPI</b>	Key Performance Indicators
<b>KTP</b>	Knowledge Transfer Partnership
<b>LLEA</b>	Leeds Local Education Authority
<b>LLI</b>	Libraries and Learning Innovation
<b>LT</b>	Link Tutor
<b>LTEC</b>	Learning Teaching and Enhancement Committee
<b>MAT</b>	Module Approval Templates
<b>NAHEMI</b>	National Association for Higher Education in the Moving Image
<b>NARIC</b>	National Academic Recognition Information Centre
<b>NCUK</b>	The University Consortium
<b>NGO</b>	Non-Governmental Organisation
<b>NHS</b>	National Health Service
<b>NorMAN</b>	Out of Hours IT Support Service
<b>NSS</b>	National Student Survey
<b>NTFS</b>	National Teaching Fellow Scheme
<b>OFSTED</b>	Office for Standards in Education, Children's Services and Skills
<b>OIA</b>	Office of the Independent Adjudicator
<b>PAGE</b>	Politics and Applied Global Ethics
<b>PCPC</b>	Partnerships and Collaborative Provision Committee
<b>PCSC</b>	Partnerships and Collaborations Sub-Committee
<b>PDD</b>	Planning and Due Diligence
<b>PDR</b>	Performance and Development Review
<b>PES</b>	Professional Events Solution
<b>PG</b>	Postgraduate
<b>PGCAP</b>	Postgraduate Certificate in Academic Practice
<b>PGCHE</b>	Postgraduate Certificate in Higher Education



<b>PGRT</b>	Postgraduate Research Tutor
<b>PhD</b>	Doctor of Philosophy
<b>PI</b>	Published Information
<b>PLEU</b>	Practice Learning and Employability Unit
<b>PORESO</b>	Postgraduate Research Student Organisation
<b>PSRB</b>	Professional, Statutory or Regulatory Body
<b>PTES</b>	Postgraduate Taught Experience Survey
<b>QAA</b>	Quality Assurance Agency
<b>QAS</b>	Quality Assurance Services
<b>QE</b>	Quality Enhancement
<b>QR</b>	Quality Related
<b>RAS-CPD</b>	Research Awards Supervisory – Continuing Professional Development
<b>RDSC</b>	Research Degrees Sub-Committee
<b>REC</b>	Research and Enterprise Office
<b>REF</b>	Research Excellence Framework
<b>RFL</b>	Rugby Football League
<b>RPI</b>	Research Policy Institute
<b>RPL</b>	Recognition of Prior Learning
<b>RTP</b>	Research Training Programme
<b>SBC</b>	Sino British College
<b>SCONUL</b>	Society of College National and University Libraries
<b>SEMS</b>	Student Engagement Monitoring System
<b>SHC</b>	Summative Health Check
<b>SLO</b>	Student Liaison Officer
<b>SME</b>	Small and Medium Enterprises
<b>SPA</b>	Strategic Planning Approval
<b>SSS</b>	Student Satisfaction Survey
<b>SU</b>	Students' Union
<b>SUAS</b>	Students' Union Advice Service
<b>TOEFL</b>	Test of English as a Foreign Language
<b>TSB</b>	Technology Strategy Board
<b>UCAS</b>	Universities and Colleges Admissions Service
<b>UEESC</b>	University External Examiners Sub-Committee
<b>UEO</b>	University Enterprise Office
<b>UG</b>	Undergraduate
<b>UKPSF</b>	United Kingdom Professional Standards Framework
<b>UKVI</b>	United Kingdom Visa and Immigration Service
<b>URO</b>	University Research Office
<b>USC</b>	University of South Carolina
<b>VCG</b>	Vice Chancellor's Group
<b>VLE</b>	Virtual Learning Environment
<b>VRDF</b>	Vitae Researcher Development Framework
<b>WAEC</b>	West African Examinations Council
<b>WIS</b>	Wider Information Set
<b>WP</b>	Widening Participation

### **Module**

The standard ‘building block’ of all course delivery – identified in size by CATS credits. The most common module size across all courses is 20 CATS credits; other credit volumes can, however, be validated.

### **Course**

A full or part-time award-bearing structure of modules, with defined learning outcomes and secure location within the *Framework for Higher Education Qualifications*. Not all courses will lead to awards of the University (they may, for example, be Edexcel or professional-body courses). Courses may be single honours or combined degrees. Each course will have a unique Course Specification – except where awards are ‘nested’ (in the case of, for example, CertHE and DipHE – but not FDA/FDSc and ‘top up’ BA/BSc).

### **Framework:**

A structure of modules which lead, through appropriate designation of common and optional modules, to a number of defined award outcomes. Frameworks will contain designated Pathways.

Frameworks may operate at both undergraduate and postgraduate levels, and will have a common structure at levels 4 (or below) and 5 of undergraduate awards and in the early stages of taught postgraduate awards. They will lead to a common set of named awards, designated as pathways, which will qualify a generic award title (which should be available to all students who choose, or fail, to meet the criteria for a designated pathway). This will be iterated in the structure of generic title - *BSc Basketweaving* – with the qualifier in parentheses – *BSc Basketweaving (Macrame)*, *BSc Basketweaving (Rattan)* etc. Pathways will be designated by having a minimum of 60 credits (including the dissertation or project, where that exists) at level 6, or 7 as applicable, which is particular to that pathway (and the associated qualified award title).

Up to the level of 60 level-6 credits differentiation, new pathways may be proposed within a framework, subject to approval of the qualified award title by Academic Quality and Standards Committee approval and subsequent approval of the pathway structure by the relevant School Committee. Related qualified award titles associated with these pathways will not require separate validation, unless the degree of change of an existing pathway is greater than that approved within the University’s policy for modifications. All qualified award titles approved in this way will, however, be subject to review at the next review stage (no matter how soon after the validation of the pathway).

### **Pathway:**

A structure of modules within a framework which leads to a specific named award. Pathways will have defined learning outcomes and be securely located within the *Framework for Higher Education Qualifications*.

Pathways will be validated, en bloc, alongside their related frameworks. New pathways may be approved by an institutional course validation panel or University validation panel in accordance with section 13. Individual pathways will have a minimum of 60 credits at level 6, or 7 as applicable (including the dissertation or project, where that exists).



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# Academic Regulations Student Charter

## Section 20

[leedsbeckett.ac.uk](https://leedsbeckett.ac.uk)

## Section 20

### Student Charter

Originating Department:	Student Services
Enquiries to:	<a href="mailto:gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk">gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk</a>
Approving Body:	Academic Board
Last Approved:	23 August 2018
Next due for approval:	July 2020
Document Type	Regulation
Target Audience:	Relevant for all University staff and students
Also of Relevance to:	Collaborative Partners
Brief Summary of Purpose:	The Student Charter explains how our University and our Students' Union work together in partnership with our students to provide an inclusive, safe and engaging learning environment.



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# STUDENT CHARTER

## WORKING TOGETHER FOR SUCCESS

Leeds Beckett University and our Students' Union are committed to working in partnership with our students to ensure that our University is an inclusive, safe and engaging learning environment which is conducive to study for its students and work life for its staff.

Our Student Charter sets out how we aim to achieve this by working together to understand and fulfil our commitments to one another. Our Student Charter has been produced jointly with the Students' Union and we will review it, together, every year. Our University's Vision seeks to put students at the centre of all our activities and this Student Charter is a contribution towards that goal. The Leeds Beckett Student Charter is not a contractual document, but provides a guide to what members of the Leeds Beckett Community can expect of each other in terms of engagement and behaviour.

**We work to shape and sustain a supportive, safe, inclusive community for active learning and the building of skills for life.**

### WE WILL

- Work together within a progressive, independent, and active environment which promotes lifelong learning.
- Support a culture of personal and academic resilience.
- Collaborate to build partnerships for learning.
- Work together to sustain our bold, industrious spirit.

**We forge an environment which builds trust, accountability and transparency.**

### WE WILL

- Maintain mutually respectful codes of behaviour.
- Promote the availability of information and support for all.
- Ask each other for help when we need it.
- Be honest, clear and assertive with each other.
- Use the means available to give a compliment, raise a concern or make a complaint.
- Take advantage of opportunities for formal and informal learning.

**We foster inclusive academic, cultural, social, emotional and creative development for all.**

### WE WILL

- Share an exciting and challenging curriculum which is contemporary and relevant.
- Promote a culture of critical enquiry and rigorous scholarship.
- Support participation in extracurricular opportunities which enhance career and personal development
- Enable one another to plan, develop, and drive forward our individual educational and career goals.
- Acknowledge and celebrate our joint and separate successes.

**We are responsible, diligent, reliable and considerate in our academic and professional actions and behaviours.**

### WE WILL

- Act with academic integrity.
- Listen to, and respect, differing perspectives, including those from different cultures and backgrounds.
- Work together within a positive collaborative learning and working environment, wherever, and however, we engage.
- Take care with our personal and professional digital identity and recognise the impact it may have on us and others.

**We seek active engagement, feedback and participation in the issues that affect us.**

### WE WILL

- Work together to enhance our experience of our University.
- Collaborate to promote learning and support enhancement, through mutual reflection and feedback.
- Build partnerships to enable our University communities to engage with our external stakeholders.
- Support the development of courses which prepare our graduates to be ready for work, ready for life and ready to seize the opportunities that lie ahead.
- Use our knowledge of local and world issues to strengthen our global outlook and build a sustainable environment for a thriving future for all.

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## Quick Links:

[www.leedsbeckett.ac.uk/studentcharter](http://www.leedsbeckett.ac.uk/studentcharter)



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# Academic Regulations University Committee Structure

## Section 21

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## Section 21

### University Committee Structure

Originating Department:	Quality Assurance Services
Enquiries to:	<a href="mailto:gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk">gas@leedsbeckett.ac.uk</a>
Approving Body:	Academic Board
Last Approved:	3 July 2019
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Document Type	Regulation
Target Audience:	Relevant for all University staff and students

## Academic Board Committee Structure

